Regd. No. B. 1065 CITY EDITION Regd. No. B. 1065

JUPITER GENERAL
has various schemes of LIFE INSURANCE to suit all J9

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

JUPITER GENERAL
will gladly supply full particulars about life insurance for mere asking. J10

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VOL. XXVII NO. 10 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1939 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Sind Premier's Sensational Disclosure

"Plot To Kill Him Unless—"

Would Rather Die Than Join Muslim League

KARACHI, Jan. 12.

Tense scenes marked the conclusion of the No-Confidence motion in the Sind Assembly which saw the Allabux Ministry triumphant in a crucial trial of strength.

The sitting of the Assembly was extended by an hour to decide the issue.

IN A NINETY-MINUTE REPLY TO THE DEBATE, KHAN BAHADUR ALLAHBUX, THE PREMIER MADE A SENSATIONAL DISCLOSURE OF A PLOT TO KILL HIM UNLESS HE JOINED THE MUSLIM LEAGUE. THE PREMIER DECLARED IN THE COURSE OF THE DEBATE:

"I WOULD RATHER DIE THAN JOIN THE MUSLIM LEAGUE. IT IS GOOD THAT MUSLIM LEAGUE HAS FAILED IN SIND. I WISH IT WOULD FAIL EVERYWHERE."

Regarding the assessment proposals it was not constitutional for the Government to consult party for executive orders on taxation. He was sorry that the Congress had withdrawn support after being a party to instal him in power.

An analysis of the voting shows that besides the Congress, Sir Ghulam also remained neutral.—A.P.

'NO CONFIDENCE' MOTION GETS POOR SUPPORT

Pact Between Hindu Independents And Ministerialists On Assessment Question

KARACHI, Jan. 12.

After three days' debate the 'no-confidence' motion against Premier Allabux was defeated by 32 votes to 7, the Congress remaining neutral.

THE HINDU GROUP, THE EUROPEANS AND A LARGE NUMBER OF MUSLIMS VOTED AGAINST THE MOTION.

SIR GHULAM HUSSAIN AND THE MIR GROUP REMAINED NEUTRAL.

The Sind Assembly resumed for the third day discussion on the no-confidence motion against the Premier.

Khan Bahadur Gabole, Deputy Speaker, who was one of those who resigned from the Muslim League Party, opening the debate as an Independent member, said that it was a matter of shame that the Muslims should be fighting amongst themselves. He held no brief for the Ministry, but he wanted to know from the House what was the alternative before throwing out the Ministry.

Sir Ghulam Hussein, who resigned the leadership of the Opposition two days ago, urged the House to consider the question dispassionately and seriously, as it was fraught with far-reaching consequences. He had expressed the opinion that after his fall last year, a new heaven would not spring up. The plight of the Prime Minister in Sind was unenviable, as he was a tool in the hands of dictators. He wanted to know from the mover of the motion a practical alternative scheme for working reforms. He asked whether there was a single party, which could carry on Government.

WHEN SIR GHULAM REPENTS

Turning to the Congress benches, he said that they were as much responsible as the speaker for the masses of Sind. If they did not want to join the Muslim League, let them join the present Ministry and form a Coalition Ministry. If the Congress Party remained neutral, it was up to the rest of the House to join

(Continued on Page 12, Col. 6.)

GERMANY WARNS HOLLAND

New Theatre Of World Jewry's War Against Nazis

BERLIN, Jan. 12.

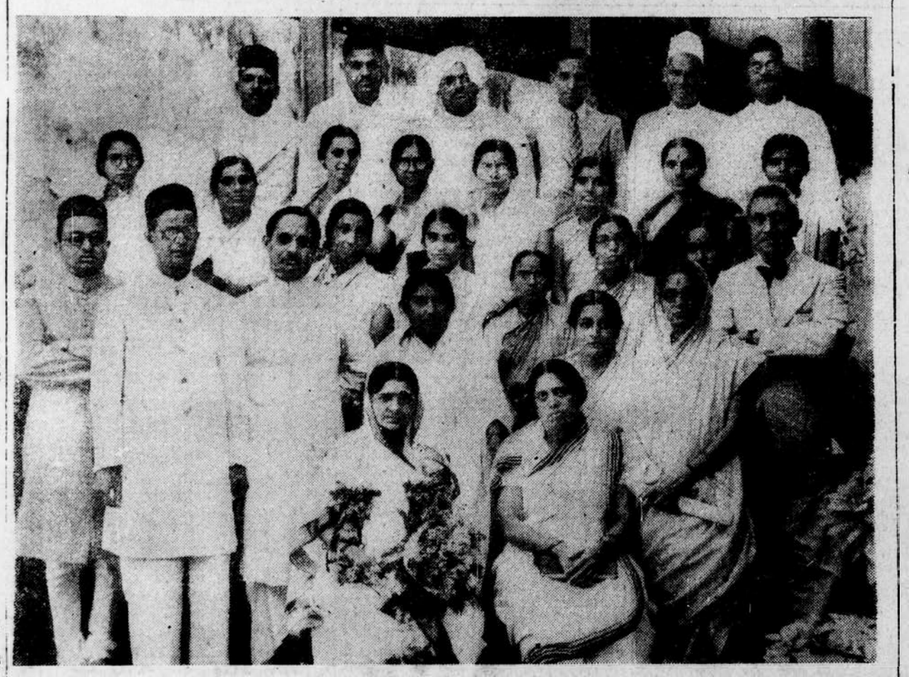
A stern warning to Holland that she is prejudicing her neutrality and her relations with Germany is issued in the "Diplomatische Korrespondenz."

This paper and the rest of the German Press attributes the Amsterdam shooting to Jews or Jewish influence and newspaper "Angriff" has a headline "another Jewish murder attempt".

Berlin Jews are asking themselves "is this going to be another Von Rath case".

The "Diplomatische Korrespondenz" says "world jewry seems to have chosen a new theatre of war for its fight against Nazi Germany. The new shots in Holland cannot be overlooked. Holland must consider whether her open heartedness to destructive Jewish influence can still be justified when it leads to endangering representatives of the German Government accredited to Holland.—Reuter.

ROME, Jan. 11.—The report of the death of Princess Mafalda is denied at the Royal Palace.—Reuter.



The 55th Anniversary of the Foundation Day of the Students' Literary and Scientific Society, Bombay, was observed on Wednesday morning. Mrs. Hansa Mehta presided.

Instrument Of Instructions To Congress Ministries

Facilities For Minorities

PROVISIONS IN GANDHIJI'S DRAFT

BARDOLI, Jan. 12.

The Associated Press understands that the scheme prepared by Mahatma Gandhi on the minorities question will be in the nature of an "Instrument of Instructions to the Congress Ministries" in the various Congress Provinces with regard to the attitude they should adopt towards the minorities, particularly Muslims.

Instrument Of Instructions

It looks probable now that the scheme may not be published, but may be circulated among Congress Ministries for their guidance in the day-to-day administration.

REITERATION OF POLICY

The scheme, it is gathered, is an enunciation of the Congress policy containing the cardinal principles of the numerous resolutions passed by the Congress, the All-India Congress Committee and the Working Committee from time to time. It is pointed out that the Congress as a political organisation, when not in power, had enunciated its policy towards the minorities from time to time. Now that the Congress has assumed the responsibility for Government in eight Provinces it has become necessary to reaffirm the fundamentals of this policy as laid down in the various resolutions and give effect to this policy in the day-to-day administration in the Provinces, where the Congress is now in power.

Furthermore with the assumption of office by the Congress, certain grievances of Muslims have come to the forefront and it is argued that the Congress should examine these carefully and see what justification there is for these complaints and if it is found some of these grievances have arisen owing to misapprehensions

(Continued on page 8 col. 3)

STOP PRESS

REPUBLICAN MOBILISATION

BARCELONA, Jan. 12.

The total mobilisation of all classes, 1915-21 inclusive has been ordered by the Republican Government.

Republicans claim further advances in all sectors on the Estremadura front and claim to have encircled Santos Mountains, an area which includes keytowns of Belmez and Pueblonuevo and surrounded the town of Perroya in the centre of the rich mining district.—Reuter.

WHAT ITALY EXPECTS FROM BRITAIN

ROME, Jan. 12.

It is understood in British circles that so far in their talks with the British statesmen Sgr. Mussolini and Count Ciano have not gone further than outline Italy's position in the world, without referring specifically to any demands or asking for British reaction. The maximum, which Italy now seems to expect from these contacts is wider sympathy and understanding on the part of Great Britain.—Reuter.

Sandhurst Committee Personnel

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 12.

No official committee since the ill-fated Simon Commission starts under such unfavourable circumstances as the Sandhurst Committee whose personnel has been announced to-day.

Out of its 13 members only three are elected representatives of the people. Two of them Messrs. Ramsarandas and Kalikar belong to the Council of State but if a censure motion tabled by Mr. Asaf Ali in the Assembly on the proposed Committee is carried, as is practically certain, it is very doubtful if even these two will continue to associate themselves with the Committee. Evidently, Pandit Kunzru who was also asked to join the Committee has not accepted the invitation. The only other member of the Committee Mr. Muzaffar Khan of the Punjab Assembly. All five members of the Committee from the Central Assembly are either officials or nominated members.

BREAK-DOWN OF TRADE TALKS

LONDON, Jan. 12.

The annual report of the Indian Section of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce comments on the break down of the negotiations between the Lancashire delegation and Indian unofficial advisers and the subsequent negotiations between the two Governments resulting in the continuance of the existing agreement until March.

The report says: "It is hoped this portends that a trade agreement will be announced in due course. If so it will be welcomed in Lancashire provided of course, it is considered reasonable from the Lancashire point of view. On the other hand if the present temporary basis for trade relations between two such important members of the British Commonwealth is to be rescinded and no new basis, introduced, it is indeed incomprehensible.—Reuter

American Bombers For China

Two Hundred 'Planes Costing £1,700,000 To Be Delivered In March

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.

The Chinese Government have entered into a tentative contract with the Ballanca Aircraft Corporation for 200 bombers, according to the "Herald Tribune."

COST AND CAPACITY

The total cost will be £1,700,000. Each plane mounts five guns and carries seven bombs.

The contract calls for delivery in March but it has not yet been officially approved.—Reuter.

Tatas' 'Plane Missing

BOMBAY, Thursday. (4-30 p.m.).

Considerable anxiety is being felt about the fate of the Tata Mail plane that left Hyderabad for Madras on Wednesday morning.

The 'plane which was carrying no passengers but only mails left Hyderabad at the scheduled time on Wednesday but nothing has been heard about it since then.

The 'plane was piloted by Mr. Engineer.

Two 'planes have been dispatched from Bombay to search for the missing 'plane, news about which is being keenly awaited.

The plane carried mails which left Southampton by the Imperial Airways service on Wednesday, the 4th January, 1939.

Bengal Congress Office Raided

CALCUTTA, January 12.

The Calcutta police raided today the office of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee in search of an Urdu pamphlet entitled "Chand Galth Ilzumu Ki Jawab" (reply to some false allegations) by Dr. Manzoor Ahmed, Secretary, Calcutta Mass Contact Sub-Committee of the B.P.C.C. After the search they seized 718 copies of the pamphlet from the place.

The pamphlet was declared forfeited to His Majesty by a "Gazette" notification yesterday as, in the opinion of the Government, it contained passages which bring into hatred and contempt the Government of the land and promote feelings of enmity between different communities.—A.P.

Mammoth Welcome For People's Ministers

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

DOHAD, Jan. 12.

Five thousand aboriginal Bhils representing 96 villages of Jhalod Taluka which borders on Central India States gave a mammoth welcome to-day to Premier Kher and Mr. Morarji Desai in a typical rural setting on the outskirts of Jhalod town which the Ministers reached by noon covering a distance of 50 miles from Godhra. Some of these villagers had traversed a distance of 20 miles on foot carrying their food with them. Along the jungle tract leading to Jhalod one could see parties of Bhil school children with Khadi caps trudging along in keen expectancy of seeing the "people's ministers".

On being questioned they told us that word had gone round the villages that "Gandhi Mahatmas men" were expected in Jhalod and that all Bhils were receiving them. Bhil women in rags with babes in arms had also marched in scorching heat from the neighbouring villages. A hand written welcome address on behalf of the Bhil Seva Mandal was presented to the ministers in a khadi bag on which was drawn a map of the Bhil tract.

Lalaji Jejaji Munia, a Bhil teacher speaking on behalf of his brethren said their joy was unbounded to receive people's representatives in a Bhil land which the Premier was visiting for the first time. Their grievances, he added, would be represented through their representative in legislature. He expressed the gratitude of Bhils for what Congress ministry had done for them.

The Premier in reply said though he had received hundreds of addresses in the past, he was never so happy as to-day in the midst of simple villagers from the Bhil tract. He had been deeply touched by their frankness and simplicity. Due to the work of persons like Thakkar Bapa, they had made rapid progress. It was necessary, they should liquidate illiteracy and render greater service to the motherland.

The Premier urged them to keep their villages clean. Before visiting Jhalod, the ministers were received at Limdi by the Thakore Saheb and his peasants to the accompaniment of weird pipe music and drums. At Jhalod, they were taken in a procession to the Bhil Seva Ashram where 300 students received them with shouts of "Vande Mataram".

Incident At Dohad Reception: Kher's Retort To Hooligans

(From Our Special Correspondent)

DOHAD, Jan. 12.

To-day, when the ministerial procession was passing through Dohad, Juna Bazar mostly inhabited by Muslims, about twenty of the later with sticks suddenly emerged from a bye-lane and stopped the processionists and during the confusion that followed about fifteen were injured hit by stones.

One stone coming in the direction of the Ministers' car was caught by the Premier. The mischief-makers disappeared when the police rushed to the scene.

Premier Kher, replying to the civic address said he wished to make it clear that stones were not going to deter the Minister from their duty, just as garlands were not going flatter them.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE." if repeated the same evening in the BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted First Class Wiremen duly qualified and with sufficient experience. Apply stating past experience, age, salary expected and enclosing copies of certificates to Box No. 11257 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted M.B.B.S. or L.C.P.S. to work as resident Houseman for a Maternity Hospital in Bombay. Terms according to Qualification and Experience with free Boarding and Lodging. Apply Box No. 11258, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for a High School in Bombay, a Sanskrit teacher to teach upto Matriculation Class. Apply Box No. 11255, "Bombay Chronicle."

A young, beautiful Indian Lady, highly educated and refined wanted as Secretary. Must have very good social status. Apply with photo to Box No. 11256, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Applications from candidates holding L.C.P. & S. degree, are invited for temporary appointment for a period of one year to carry out cyanogas operations and other plague preventive measures within the Municipal area of Karwar. Preference will be given to those who have undergone training in cyanogas work. Pay of the post will be Rs. 50 p.m. Selected candidate will be required to join the appointment at his own expense. Apply within 25th January 1939 to Rao Saheb G. S. Telang, President, Karwar Municipality, Karwar 10-1-1939. (10304)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Ambitious men obtain highly paid appointments in Commerce, Industry, Shipping Banking, Insurance, and the Public Services through postal tuition with Allied Schools. Many thousands of the Schools' former students now hold such positions and Allied schools have the finest Examination Record. Allied Schools is the leading institution in the British Empire for the building of Successful Business Careers. Write for free 100p. Book "The Direct Way to Success", stating age, education and business experience Allied Schools, 802, Cooks Building Hornby Road, Bombay. (10232)

Wanted—1000 pupils to practically learn Hypnotism, Mesmerism, Thought-Reading, Crystal Gazing Auto Suggestion etc. by Post. For particulars send one anna stamp Prof. Rudra, 1005, Surendra Banerjee Road, Calcutta. (10969)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent-Insertions	Rs. 4-6-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

KURLA MUNICIPAL BOROUGH.

HOUSE VALUATIONS FOR 1939-40.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, as required by Section 80 of the Bombay Municipal Boroughs Act of 1925, that the entries, as required by clauses (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of Section 78 of the aforesaid Act, have been completed as far as practicable, in the assessment-list for the several wards of the Municipal District, for the year 1939-40 and that the said assessment-list may be inspected and extract made therefrom, free of charge, at the Municipal office on week days excepting Sundays and Holidays, during office hours by every person claiming to be owner or occupier of the property included therein and by any agent of such person.

Notice also is hereby given, under section 81 (1) of the aforesaid Act, that the Municipality will proceed to revise the valuation and assessment entered in the aforesaid assessment-list after one month from the date hereof.

All objections to the valuation and assessment entered in the said list shall be made to the Administrator on or before the 15th of February, 1939 by application in writing stating the grounds on which the said valuation and assessment are disputed.

B. R. DENGWEKAR,
Chief Officer,
Kurla Municipal Borough.
Municipal Office,
Kurla, 10th January, 1939.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of Stationery and Drawing, and Surveying Materials during the year ending 29th February 1940.

Tenders should be enclosed in sealed envelopes superscribed "Tender for the Supply of Stationery, Drawing and Surveying Materials" and addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Head Municipal Office, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.) on MONDAY, the 23rd January, 1939, together with the deposit prescribed for each schedule and the samples. Full description as regards Weight, measurement and make of the samples submitted should be given if they do not correspond to those mentioned in the Schedules.

Tenders for each Schedule will, as far as possible, be considered as a whole, but the Municipal Commissioner reserves to himself the right to split up a Schedule if he thinks it necessary to do so.

Printed forms of tenders and conditions of contract can be had on payment of Re. 1 for a set of two copies from the office of the undersigned.

Tenders submitted without samples will not be considered.

(Sd.) D. V. NADKARNI,
Ag. Dy. Municipal Commissioner.
Municipal Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 11th January, 1939.

10311.

346. INVESTMENTS.

Wanted a respectable financier to invest 5000 in a very sound proposition any gentleman desirous of safe and decently remunerative investment to please write to Box No. 11253 "Bombay Chronicle."

351. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Make good your time and solve unemployment problem, working on Knitting and Banion Machines of Rs. 325, 4,700 respectively. We guarantee to accept production. Particulars with one anna stamp from Asiatic Knitting Commercial Corporation Ltd., 7, Esplanade, Calcutta. (11238)

Public Notices

CONJEEVERAM MUNICIPALITY

SALE OF OIL ENGINES

Alternating current generating sets coupled to M.A.N. vertical engines, all of 375 R.P.M. as per the following particulars with panel boards and switch gear complete, and auxiliary plant are offered for sale as the Power House will be closed down due to Mettur supply. The detailed description of the plant and the schedule of spares may be had on application to the undersigned on payment of Re. 1 per copy.

No. of Cylinders.	B.H.P.	K.V.A.	Voltage.	Book value.
5	315	267	6600	Rs. 40608
3	116	133	6600	32323
3	78	66.6	400	21696
Outgoing switchboard			cubicles 3	4500
Summation panel.			1	1500
Other auxiliaries.				3900

A. KRISHNASAMI MUDALIAR,
Commissioner.
(10300)

SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION OF 48 COVERED WAGONS by JAMNAGAR AND DWARKA RAILWAY

At 3 p.m. on the 15th. February, 1939, in the Office of Purchase Committee, Secretariat Building, Jamnagar.

The President Purchase Committee does not bind himself to accept the highest or any bid.

10301.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

Lectures on "MODERN JAPAN."

DR. N. N. GODBOLE, M.A., B.Sc., Ph. D. (Berlin), Professor of Industrial Chemistry, Hindu University, Benares, will deliver under the auspices of the University of Bombay, a course of 3 lectures on "MODERN INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION OF JAPAN" (with lantern slides) in the Lecture Room No. 2 of the Royal Institute of Science, Fort, Bombay, on the 16th, 17th and 18th January, 1939, commencing at 6 p.m. each day.

V. N. Chandavarkar, Esq., B.A. (Cantab), Bar-at-Law, Vice-Chancellor of the University, will preside over the first lecture on the 16th January.

The lectures are open to the public.

S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 7th January 1939.
10284.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the supply of firewood for cremation purposes at the Haines Road and Tank Bunder Cemeteries for one year, commencing from 1st March, 1939, will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on 20-1-1939 not later than 1-0 P.M. (B.T.)

Tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope which should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay. It should be endorsed, "Tenders for the supply of firewood."

Forms of tender will be issued to any one on payment of Rupee one only by the undersigned, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,

R. K. MHATRE,
Ag. Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Dept.
Bombay, 10-1-1939.

10303.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the right of skinning dead animals for one, three, five and ten years alternatively commencing from 1st April, 1939, will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on 20-1-1939 not later than 1-0 P.M. (B.T.).

The tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay. It should be endorsed, "Tender for the right of skinning dead animals."

Forms of tender, specifications etc. will be issued to anyone on payment of Rupee one only by the undersigned who will, on application, give any further information that will be required.

Names of all the contracting parties should be specified in the tender.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner,
R. K. MHATRE,
Ag. Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Deptt.
Bombay, 10-1-1939.

(10302)

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

SPECIAL CONVOCATION FOR CONFERRING DEGREES 15TH FEBRUARY, 1939.

The Special Convocation for conferring degrees will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 15th February, 1939. The 15th January, 1939, is the LAST DAY for the receipt of applications and fees for admission to degrees on the occasion. Forms of application may be obtained free of charge from the Registrar's Office or from the Heads of the affiliated Colleges.

S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 11th January, 1939.
10298.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED from the Daily newspapers printed and published in Bombay for the publication of Municipal advertisements, notifications, etc., except those issued by the Schools Committee's Office, during the year ending 29th February, 1940.

Tenders should be enclosed in sealed envelopes superscribed "Tender for publishing Advertisements, Notices, &c.," and should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Head Municipal Office, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.) on MONDAY, the 23rd January, 1939, together with a deposit of Rs. 100. A copy of the Auditors' certificate as regards the circulation of the paper should accompany the tender.

Tender forms containing the conditions of contract can be had on payment of Re. 1 per set of 2 copies from the office of the undersigned.

(Sd.) D. V. NADKARNI,
Ag. Dy. Municipal Commissioner.
Municipal Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 11th January, 1939.

10310.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LAND AT NEW PARBHADEVI ROAD, LOWER MAHIM

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne & Co., Attorneys for the Administrator General of Bombay and the Administrator of the Estate of Safiabai, daughter of Mohomedaly Abdulali and wife of Adamji Heptulla, MESSRS. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction TO-DAY (FRIDAY) the 13th January, 1939, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the following.

Piece of Vacant Land Pension tax (now redeemed) situate at New Parbhadevi Road, lower Mahim admeasuring about 2,050 sq. yds. bearing Municipal G Ward. Nos. 2903 (2) and 2903 (3) St. Nos. 368A and 368B and bounded on the East by new Parbhadevi Road, on the West by the property of Ladhabhai Lakhamsey, on the North by the property of Ambalal Pranjiwandas, and on the South by the property of Bai Radhabai.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. PAYNE & CO., Solicitors, Esplanade Road, or to the Undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

EASTERN AUCTION Co.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at 189, Hornby Road, Opp. Kitab Mahal, Fort, of complete Household furniture, Drawing room cabinet, Bronze Figures, Chubb safe, Remington typewriter, Singer Machine, Chesterfield sets, Columbia Gramophone, Kelvinator, etc.

4th WEEK

ENTERTAINMENT NUMBER ONE
WITH
SCREENLAND'S STAR NUMBER ONE
BOMBAY SENSATIONAL TALKIES' SCREENPLAY

BHABI

WITH
RENUKA DEVI
AND
P. JAIRAJ
MEERA — MAYADEVI
M. NAZIR — PITHAWALA
GYANCHANDRA — RAMA SHUKUL — V. H. DESAI
DAILY THREE SHOWS:
4-30—7-15—10 P. M.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays: Matinee at 1-45 p.m.

ROXY

WADIA'S
FLYING RANEE
—A SUPER PICTURES' PRODUCTION—
has arrived at the
LAMINGTON
with
HUSN BANU
YASHWANT DAVE
ANANT MARATHE.
Director.
ASPI
—DAILY AT—
4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
FRI—SAT—SUN—MATINEE AT 1-45 P.M.
MEET HER TO-DAY
ALSO
TOPICAL
of
GUTTA PURCHA
Going on picnic with FLYING RANEE children's Special.

EIGHTH ELOQUENT WEEK

India's GREAT MUSICAL From New Theatres:
THE STREET SINGER
Starring:—
SAIGAL & KANAN
STILL DRAWING CROWDS AT
MINERVA
DAILY: 4-45, 7-30 & 10-15 P.M.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2 p.m.

THE WORLD OF OURS IS MAD AFTER
GOLD! GOLD!!
What is in that thing that lures the World?
Bazigar
—Shree Ranjit's symbolistic screen hit explains
TO-MORROW AT
WEST-END

Urgent Need Of Indian Film Industry

DEPUTATION TO COMMERCE MEMBER DEMANDS ENHANCED IMPORT DUTY ON EXPOSED FILMS

BOMBAY.

The urgent need to enhance either the import duty on exposed films or increase the assessment value was emphasised to Sir Mahomed Zafrulla Khan, the Commerce Member, Government of India, by a deputation of the Indian Film Industry. The deputation was led by Sir Rahimtulah Chinoy, member of the Council of State and consisted of the members of the Executive Committee of the Indian Motion Picture Congress and Silver Jubilee of the Indian Film Industry.

The deputationists drew the attention of the Commerce Member to the handicaps under which the Indian Film Industry worked and indicated in what directions the Government of India could encourage and support the industry. The deputationists urged on the Commerce Member to persuade the Government of India to give effect to some of the recommendations of the Cinematograph Committee of 1927-28. They pointed out that some of the recommendations of this Committee still applied to the conditions prevailing in the industry to-day and urged that the recommendations regarding the establishment of a Central Body, to guide and advise the Indian Film Industry in the same way as the British Film Institute in England or the Federal Department of Visual Instruction in United States should be given immediate effect to To meet the difficulties of the Industry owing to lack of financial support, the deputationists suggested that Government should encourage the establishment of special banks on the lines of the Land Mortgage Banks.

DUTY ON FILMS.

It was urged that the present level of 10 per cent duty on import of raw films should not be raised. If there was any fall in revenue on the termination of the Ottawa Agreement on account of fixing import duty on raw films at 10 per cent., Government should meet this loss by raising the import duty on exposed films or increasing the assessment value of these exposed films. It was pointed out that in spite of the increase in the import duty and increase in the assessment value of exposed films during the last seven years, the revenue to the Government had risen from five and quarter lakhs of rupees to ten and quarter lakhs. Remittances to foreign countries by way of profits on exposed films imported into India amounted to more than fifty lakhs of rupees per annum.

In view of this the deputationists urged on the Commerce Member to enhance either the import duty on exposed films or increase their assessment value.—A. P.

STUDENTS PREPARE TO FIGHT FEDERATION

Demand Holiday On Independence Day

Mr. M. L. Shah, the General Secretary, the All-India Students' Federation, writes:—

In pursuance of the resolution passed by the fourth session of the All-India Students' Conference at Calcutta, the Working Committee of the All-India Students' Federation has decided to observe a General Strike in all the schools and colleges in the country, failing to get a holiday, on the 26th inst., the Independence day.

The provincial students' federations are requested to approach the proper authorities requesting them to declare the 26th inst. a public holiday, failing which a complete Hartal shall be observed. The day besides being 'Independence Day' shall be utilised as an Anti-Federation day

The whole country including the students have expressed their desire to fight the imposition of the federation at any cost. But now is the time to give a concrete shape to our said desire. Besides observing a Hartal, we should organise processions, meetings and other demonstrations on that day.

Next, as you are aware of the stand taken by President Bose with regard to the federation it is highly desirable that he should be re-elected as president of the Indian National Congress. 'Re-elect President Bose' shall be one of our slogans.

On the success of the said General Strike depends our next step in the Anti-Federation struggle. It is we, and not the Viceroy, the Princes and other Anti-Democratic forces, who shall decide whether federation will be inaugurated or not. We have once for all decided that it shall not be inaugurated. Only a constitution framed by the Indian people in a Constituent Assembly shall be acceptable to us.

(Continued from column 7.)

and Honavar (District North Kanara), and Karadi (District Surat).

TAPPERS FROM BENGAL.

At the centres at Powai and Kudan, it is proposed to tap palmyra trees. At all the other centres, date palm trees only are being tapped.

The services of three tappers from Bengal were obtained, and they have been posted at Bordi, Karadi and Yadvad.

The centre at Powai is to be conducted by Sir Mohammed Yusuf at his estate and the Association's responsibility will be to exercise supervision.

COIR-MAKING.

Inquiries are being made about the opening of a centre in the Ratnagiri District for tapping cocoanut and Zago (Surmad) trees.

The training in coir-making at Henavar commenced on the 15th November with about 25 persons attending the class. The hard-twists made out of yarns turned out by the Charkhas of the Travancore pattern under the supervision of an expert from Travancore, are reported to be very popular.

GOVERNMENT SCHEMES FOR VILLAGE INDUSTRIES

68 Applications For Scholarships Received

The following is the progress in the execution of various schemes for village industries sanctioned by the Government of Bombay for the year 1938-39:—

Applications were invited for scholarships and the total number of applications received was 68. 25 Candidates were selected for training, of whom 3 attended the course in the first term, and 22 are selected for the second term. Out of the twenty-five persons selected for training, 17 have already joined the School at Wardha. The number of students selected for training in oil-pressing was 10 and for training in paper-making 15.

BUTTON MAKING.

A centre for training in button-making has been opened at Honavar. The number of persons attending the class is 25, and the services of an instructor have been engaged from Guntur. The buttons turned out at the centre are reported to be very popular.

The centres for imparting training in the manufacture of gul from date palm trees have been opened at the following places:—Kudan (District Thana); Powai (Bombay Suburban District); Hosur (District Belgaum); Yadvad (District Dharwar); Dhareshwar

(Continued in Col 6)

ENAKSHI RAMRAO
IN
DANCE FESTIVAL
with
ROMILA SHROFF, SUMITRA DEVI, KAMALINI KHATAU, RUKMINI KHATAU, GOPAL PALLAI
MIRA DEVI—
in Fire Fly Dance!
SUKHENDU DUTT—
in Surya Nrittya!!
BENGALI GIRLS in DANCE DRAMA:
SHAKUNTALA
AT
CAPITOL
To-day, the 13th Jan. at 6-30 p. m.
RATES OF ADMISSION:
Rs. 10|-, 5|-, 3|-, 2|-, 1|-,
Plans open at the theatre.

HEAR THE MESSAGE OF MODERN INDIA
in GENERAL FILMS'
INDUSTRIAL INDIA
IN 8TH GLORIOUS WEEK
THE PICTURE WHICH NO PATRIOTIC INDIAN SHOULD MISS!
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
4-30, 7-15, 10 P.M.
Matinee: To-morrow & Sunday at 1-45 p.m.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Delhi—I Programme

V U D 338.6 metres (886 kc/s.).
8-0 a.m. Recitation from Quran. 8-15 Salam by Mr. W. A. Mareh-rawi. 8-20 Haider Husain: Salam. 8-25 Kallan Qawwal and Party. 9-10 Mushtaribai. 9-30 Sarangi Recital: Jaunpuri. 9-35 Sachin Das.
12-0 noon Zikr-i-Haq.
1-0 p.m. Records. 6-10 Hamida Shah. 6-25 Surbahar Recital by Ustad Malang Khan. Puria dhanasri. 6-35 Mushtaribai. 7-0 For Villagers Only. 8-0 Kallan Qawwal and Party. 8-15 Leaders. Humorous talk by R. A. Siddiqi. 8-30 Mushtaribai. 8-50 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 9-0 Sachin Das: Aj Mahadeo: Shankra. 9-50 Sarod Recital by M. Sen: Shankra. 10-0 Wise Men of East. Talk by J. B. Raju. 10-15 Classical Music. 10-35 Mushtaribai. 10-45 Kallan Qawwal and Party.

Delhi—II Programme

TRANSMISSION I.
31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s.)
8-0 to 8-40 a.m. & 12-0 noon to 2-0 p.m. As in Delhi I.
60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s.)
6-0 to 6-10 p.m. As in Delhi I. 6-10 Sachin Das. 6-35 Kallan Qawwal and Party. 7-0 Instrumental Trio: Puria dhanasri. 7-10 Hamida Shah. 7-20 Mushtaribai. 7-40 Sachin Dts. 8-0 to 8-40 As in Delhi I. 8-40 to 9-15 As in Lucknow. 9-15 to 9-45 As in Delhi I. 9-50 Lener String Quartet. 10-0 to 10-15 As in Delhi I. 10-15 Chamber Music.

Delhi—III Programme

19.8 metres (15,160 kc/s.).
8-0 to 10-0 a.m. & 12-0 noon to 2-0 p.m. As in Delhi I.
31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s.).
6-0 to 7-0 p.m. As in Delhi I. 7-0 to 8-0 As in Delhi II. 8-0 to 11-0 As in Delhi I.

Bombay—I Programme

V U B 244 metres (1,231 kc/s.).
8-0 a.m. Records.
12-0 noon Jaafar Qawwal.
12-15 p.m. Dhundiraj Paluskar: Violin Recital. 12-30 Ladio Ploglam (Guj. and Mar.). 12-45 Maratha Style. 12-55 Market Rates. 1-5 Music. 3-30 Geography by P. B. Advani, Director of Industries, Bombay. 3-50 Musical Interval. 3-55 Gujarati Literature. Drama: Baliwala and Kabraji, talk by Dorab R. Mehta. 4-15 Current Topics by Miss Kapila Khandwalla. 6-0 A I R Artist. 6-5 Jaitarang and Clarionet: A Nautch Dhun. 6-15 Jaffar Qawwal. 6-30 For the Bhumijan. 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 Ghundiraj Palusker: Violin Recital. 8-0 Film Review. By H. Chattopadhyaya. 8-15 Jaffar Qawwal. 8-30 Chandrabai Jamboliker: Light Music. 9-0 News (Hindustani). 9-15 Folksongs by A I R Artists. 9-30 News. 9-50 Film Review by Evelyn Wood. 10-5 A I R Rance Band. 10-30 Hilda Flanders: Entertainer. 10-40 Olga Athaide: Pianoforte Recital. 11-0 Epilogue.

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s.)
8-0 to 9-0 a.m. & 12-0 noon to 2-0 p.m. & 3-30 to 4-30 As in Bombay I.
61.43 metres (4,880 kc/s.).
6-0 to 6-30 p.m. As in Bombay I. 6-30 Classicists in Conference. 6-55 Pilu on the Sarod: A I R Instrumentlists. 7-0 Ratnakant: Alap and Hori (Dhamar). 7-15 Gat Tora on Tabla: Jhaptala. 7-20 Marathi Song. 7-30 to 10-5 As in Bombay I. 10-5 Bombay Radio Orchestra. 10-15 Geet. 10-25 Chandrabai Jamboliker. 11-0 Epilogue.

Calcutta—I Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)
P U C 370 metres (810 kc/s.).
12-30 p.m. Sandy Powell: Comedian. 12-45 A I R Light Orchestra. 1-17 A I R Light Orchestra (Contd.). 1-30 Islamic Programme. 1-45 Chaman Saigal: Islamic Songs. 2-5 Haji Mahsin. Islamic Playlet. 5-0 For Children. 6-0 For children. 6-40 Dance records. 7-30 Baidya-Bar. Tumorous comedy by Khitish Bannerjee. 8-50 Radhika Mohon Maitra. 9-5 Geeta Das: Thumri and Kavya sangit. 9-25 Radhika Mohon Maitra: Sarod Adana. 9-40 Arati Das. 10-0 Parul Sen: Kavya Sangit. 10-15 Jantri Sangha: Durbari Kanada.

Calcutta—II Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s.).
12-30 to 2-30 p.m. As in Calcutta I.
61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s.).
5-0 to 10-30 p.m. As in Calcutta I.

Madras—I Programme

V U M 211 metres (1,420 kc/s.).
4-0 p.m. Things of Interest. (Tamil) by 'Radio Mama'. 4-5 Playlet in Tamil by C. G. S. Thousand Lights. 4-20 Kummi by C. G. S.. Komaleswaranpet. PROLOGUE.
5-0 p.m. Hamsaveni Sisters: Vocal. 6-0 Palayur K. Venkatarama Iyer: Vocal. 6-30 Men Please Switch off. (for Women). 7-0 A I R Carnatic Orchestra. 7-15 It Does Matter. 7-30 Tiruppavai. 8-0 Varahur Muthusami Iyer: Violin. 9-15 Nuisance, Is it Public Duty? 9-30 P. V. Nagarajan: Flute.

Madras—II Programme

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s.).
5-0 to 6-0 p.m. As in Madras I. 6-0 Yenki Patalu by Nanduri Bala Surya Rao. 6-10 Duets. 6-20 Our Villages and Child Welfare. (Telugu) by Shrimati Maganti. 6-30 to 9-30 As in Madras I. 9-30 Quartette No. 3. 9-55 Galli-Curci: Soprano. 10-5 Noreen Rundlett: Pianoforte. 10-30 Epilogue.

Peshawar Programme

VUP 200 metres (1,500 kc/s.)
p.m. 5-0 Pashto programme. 6-0 Announcements in Hindustani. 6-10 Recitation from Quran. 6-25 Naz Begam. 6-45 Khyber Young-Folk's League. 6-55 Geet by Suraj Parkash. 7-0 Story for Children by Chacha Jan. 7-7 Sitar Solo by Fateh Ali Patialvi. 7-12 Bachchon ke film hi se sari taraqqiyan hain (Recorded). 7-15 Aql ke Andhe. 7-35 Children's Letters and their Replies. 7-43 Khyber Radio Orchestra: Quick March. 7-45 Sabrunnisa Begam. 8-5 Naz Begam: Punjabi Geet. 8-25 Piano, Tabla and Ghungru by Dilbar, Ummat etc. 8-35 Sabrunnisa Begam. 8-55 Naz Begam. 9-45 Sabrunnisa Begam. 10-5 Khyber Radio Orchestra: Geet. 10-10 Naz Begam.

Lahore Programme

VUL 276 metres (1,086 kc/s.)
p.m. 6-10 Recitation from Quran. 6-25 Ferozabai of Lahore: Naat. 6-30 For Countryside. 7-0 Desh Bandhu Sethi of Jullundur. 7-20 Sitar Recital. 7-25 Ferozabai of Lahore. 7-45 Film as an Art in (Hindustani) by Rafi Peer. 8-0 Desh Bandhu Sethi. 8-25 Airvoice Orchestra: Naghma. 8-30 Ferozabai of Lahore. 8-45 Music Lesson by Gayak. 9-0 Listener's Request. 9-45 Current Events: Europe by M. L. Chowla. 10-0 Who's Hooper?

B. B. C. Programme

p.m. 7-30 Island of Sark. 8-30 Snooker. 9-5 Haunting Harmonies. 9-20 Next Week's Programme. 9-30 News. 9-50 Detectives in Fiction; 6.

HAIFA, Jan. 11.—The first Royal Scots embarked for Southhampton after a year of service in Palestine. During the period 14 officers and men were killed and 43 wounded.
The Second Queen's Royals relieving Royal Scots have arrived.

Send Off Dinner To Port Haj Officer

T. C. MAYAN AT ISLAM CLUB

(From A Correspondent).
A send-off dinner was given by the members of the Islam Club on Wednesday last at 8/30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Islam Club of Mr. T. C. Mayan, Executive Officer, Port Haj Committee, Bombay, on the eve of his departure to the Hejaz for the purpose of performing the Haj.
About 60 guests, attended the dinner.
After dinner, the toast was proposed by the Secretary of the Club, Mr. Mohamedali Chalwalla.
Replying to the toast, Mr. Mayan said that all the improvements and comforts he was able to provide for pilgrims was due to the guidance of the Chairman and the Members of the Haj Committee. He thanked the Secretary and the Members of the Islam Club for the honour they had done him on the occasion.

Kamala Devi For Dharwar And Banhatti

MANGALORE, Jan. 11
Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, President of the Karnataka Provincial Youth League, will leave for Dharwar on January 14 to attend the annual session of the Youth League to be held under the presidency of Dr. Rammanohar Lohia, who has recently relinquished the charge of the Foreign Department of the All-India Congress Committee. Mrs Kamaladevi will preside over the Provincial Workers' Conference at Banhatti, Jamkhandi State, on January 15 and 16, whereafter she proceeds to Bombay.
Mrs Kamaladevi will return to Madras on January 22, with a view to forming a committee of the Progressive Films Association that is now engaged in showing films about China and Spain and started work under the presidentship of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. —United Press.

Rajratna Dinshaw R. F. Daboo, a well-known social worker of Navsari, has been elected President of the Navsari District Board.

The late Mr. Vithal Pursottam, a leading machinery merchant of Bombay, who died on Monday last.

AROUND THE COURTS

Bombay Thursday.

An old woman, named Sakinabai Hagani Jainuddin, was on her way back to her house from the bazar after having made some purchases. When she was near house in Doctor Street, she suddenly dropped down, and expired on the road.
That the death was due to heart-failure was the verdict of the Jury at the inquest to-day.

Two brokers at Shaik Memon Street had a quarrel last evening over the amount of brokerage. From words they came to blows.
Soanker Haranandan, is alleged to have whipped out a knife and stabbed Bechan Shri Bharan. The latter was removed to hospital. His condition is said to be precarious.
Soanker Haranandan was arrested and placed to-day before the Chief Presidency Magistrate and ordered to be remanded to custody.

That a big mirror is an acquisition to a household in more ways than one, was proved yesterday in a building at Dhobi Talao.
The looking-glass in question was responsible for the arrest of an alleged house-burglar, whose reflection in a cupboard mirror helped the house-owner in effecting the arrest.
The man, arrested "through his image," was produced to-day before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, on a charge of theft. He is Samiridin Mahomed Ali, aged 21.
The accused was taken to the Esplanade Police Station. The Police recovered a gold stud belonging to the complainant.
The Magistrate directed the accused to be remanded to custody.

"The death of Ahmed was due to stab wounds, inflicted by means of a knife by the suspect Abdul Rehman Ibrahim accordingly, he ought to be prosecuted on a charge of murder."
This was the verdict of the Bombay Coroner's jury at an inquest to-day.

Shankar Mahadeo Kergaonkar, stated to be a deportee was arrested on suspicion last night from their area by the Lamington Road Police. He was ordered to be released on bail at the Girgaum Court.
During the course of the last few days the Maharbourie Police arrested several persons in connection with the cycle thefts in the city.
Three more persons were arrested yesterday at Chor Bazar in connection, at their shop.
It was stated that from the shop innumerable cycle parts, forks, frames, mudguards, cycle, rims, bells, lamps, pumps etc., were recovered as suspect-property.
Pending enquiries, the suspects were ordered to be released on bail at the Girgaum Court.

Alleged Cheating

Further hearing of the case in which Mohanlal Goculdas Shah, a piece-goods merchant of Mangaldas Market, stands charged with cheating and under sections 6 and 7 of the Indian Merchandise Marks Act, at the instance of Mr. Vithaldas C. Shetia, partner of Messrs. Cawnpore Mills Depot, selling agents in Bombay for the Elgin Mills Ltd., was resumed to-day before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court. The case, it will be remembered, is a sequel to a complaint lodged before the Chief Presidency Magistrate to the effect that Japanese goods were palmed off in Bombay bearing the imprint and stamp of Elgin Mills. The complaint was referred to the C. I. D. resulting in the arrest of the accused. The present prosecution was then lodged.
There were several passages-at-arms between Mr. C. N. Kanuga, complainant's counsel, and Mr. B. T. Desai, who defended the accused, regarding the admissibility of certain exhibits.
Sergeant Gibbs, who had given evidence in the case previously was, recalled and allowed to be examined in chief. Certain accounts were produced by the witness.
A former employee of the accused was then examined. The case stands adjourned.

Alleged Theft

Vashram Ramji and Sunderji Tribhuwan were arrested in connection with alleged theft of property valued at Rs. 4,196-8-0. They were produced before Mr. Oscar Brown, who remanded them into police custody for four days pending investigation.

Gambling Convictions

Under the Prevention of Gaming Act, Abdul Hussain Tayaballi (28) and Saifuldin Abdul Hussain (36) were tried by Mr. Mankar Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon Court.
The first accused was fined Rs. 225 or in default to undergo seven weeks rigorous imprisonment and the second accused to pay a fine of Rs. 150 and in default to suffer 7 weeks rigorous imprisonment. If fine paid Rs. 50 was to be sent to the Commissioner of Police and the rest to the Government.

Tragic Death

A young Hindu, who was walking along Lower Parel Bridge towards Mahim yesterday afternoon, suddenly became ill, and began to vomit blood.
He was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital, but died before he reached the Hospital.
The Bombay Coroner's jury returned a verdict of death by "Natural Cause", to-day, at the inquest.

When Drivers Fall Out

A quarrel between two motor-drivers is alleged to have led one of them to stab the other at Gamdevi. On the evening of the 8th instant as one of the motor-drivers (complainant) got down from his car, it is stated Abdul Hafiz Ahmed Shariff and another, Gani, set upon him. It is stated while Hafiz held the complainant Gani stabbed him in the abdomen. The complainant's brother, who was accompanying him at the time, it is stated, was also stabbed by Gani. Gani is still absconding while Hafiz was arrested last night by the Gamdevi Police.
The complainant was detained in the J. J. Hospital for treatment, while his brother was treated and let go.
Pending the arrest of Gani, the accused was ordered to be released on bail in a sum of Rs. 100 at the Girgaum Court, this morning.

Prabhuram Ayurvedic College Exams. Postponed

Owing to the death of Her Highness Maharani Saheb of Dharampur, all the examinations of the Institution which were to be held in the third week of January, have been postponed as a token of respect for Her Highness's memory, till the first week of March.
The University offices remain closed for three consecutive days, from Monday to Wednesday.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—Sir Wasey Sterry arrived to-day and the Commission of Inquiry is starting work immediately.

CALCULATE THE MILEAGE RUN ON 150 GALLONS & WIN THIS NEW 1938 PLYMOUTH FREE!

No contest can be more simple or straightforward! The Plymouth jacked up in our showrooms has had its speedometer sealed at zero, and the 150 gallon fuel tank accurately filled and sealed in the presence of a special committee, consisting of representatives of Caltex, Chrysler Corporation, "The Times of India", and the Motor Car Agency. Actual tests have shown this car to give 18 to 25 MILES PER GALLON, according to the varying speeds it was driven at. When the engine stops, the 150 gallons having been completely exhausted, the speedometer will be examined by the special committee and the registered mileage published in this paper. In case no entrant gives the correct mileage, the prize will be awarded to the person giving the nearest mileage. In the event of a tie, the entrants tying will be asked to participate in a further shorter contest on similar lines.
This contest is open to everyone except the staff of The Motor Car Agency. You may make any number of entries, but each entry must be accompanied by one rupee.

12 Discount Awards
To the twelve entrants whose calculations are nearest to the winning entry, a generous cash discount will be allowed on any new Plymouth car purchased from us.

CUT OUT THIS ENTRY FORM—NOW!

Cut out this coupon and call with it at: THE MOTOR CAR AGENCY, SANDHURST BRIDGE, BOMBAY.
Upcountry residents may post their completed forms together with Re. 1 money order for each entry. All entries must reach us by 12 noon on 15th January, 1939. Late entries will not be considered.
I enclose Re. 1 to qualify in the "MPG" Plymouth Car Contest, and agree to accept the decision of the Committee as final. I calculate that the mileage recorded on the Plymouth's sealed speedometer, after using 150 gallons of petrol, will be:—
..... MILES
Name.....
Address.....
B.C.

COUNTERFOIL
to be returned to and kept carefully by the entrant.
RECEIVED FROM
.....
THE SUM OF Re. 1
Receiving Clerk's Signature
.....
ENTRANT'S ESTIMATE
.....MILES

for PROTECTION

from DIZZINESS

and to revitalize

Fits of dizziness are a definite warning that abnormal Blood Pressure is getting you surely in its grip. Correct this distressing condition *now*, before it is too late, by a *course* of 'Phyllosan'.

'Phyllosan' *revitalizes* the system, and by restoring the elasticity of the arteries reduces Blood Pressure, tones up the whole mental and nervous forces, and restores the vigour of youth to those who are feeling prematurely aged. By this process, too, 'Phyllosan' increases resistance to Disease.

WHAT 'PHYLLOSAN' IS! Containing no drugs, no gland nor animal extracts, 'Phyllosan' is basically a concentrated natural vegetable extract, which supplies a revitalizing and rejuvenating substance upon which every living thing depends. Scientists describe this basis of 'Phyllosan' as "the most wonderful substance in our world."

PROOF. All over the World, for more than 25 years 'Phyllosan' has given countless thousands of people the joy of renewed youth and vitality, freedom from the ills developing out of modern stress, and worry. Time and experience have proved the supreme value of 'Phyllosan' in the *rational* treatment of Abnormal Blood Pressure, Arterio Sclerosis, Nerve Trouble, Anæmia, Debility, and for increasing resistance to Disease. ***Especially valuable in post-malaria convalescence.***

STOPPED HIS GIDDINESS. "It gives me great pleasure to let you know I am still getting on all right. I am not nearly so short of breath and I am not giddy when I first get up. Before I took your wonderful little tablets I had to sit on the bed two hours before I could dress. I am 63, but don't feel that age since I took 'Phyllosan' tablets, and I can now go to the pictures and enjoy myself without feeling giddy. I shall always recommend your wonderful little tablets to anyone who suffers from blood pressure."

FREE BOOKLET. 'Phyllosan' Tablets are prepared according to the formula and under the direction of E. Buergi, M.D., Professor of Medicine at the University of Berne, whose prolonged research is of vital interest to every man and woman. Send for informative FREE Booklet.

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Please send FREE copy of "Revitalization and Rejuvenation" to
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Three Easy Ways to Beauty

The art of being lovely need be neither complicated nor expensive. And it's certainly not difficult. There's no need to go in for elaborate make-up if you have a naturally lovely skin for example. And a beautiful skin is easily acquired if you go the right way about it. In most cases the simplest beauty aids are the best. Here are three examples of proved preparations which are easily within the reach of most women.

TO BANISH SUPERFLUOUS HAIR.—Here is good news for women who are afflicted with a disfiguring growth of unwanted hair. You can now achieve a clear unblemished skin with a simple preparation which not only removes superfluous hair instantly, leaving no trace, but also kills the hair roots without irritating the skin. The preparation is called Pheminol, just ask for pure powdered Pheminol mix it to a paste with cold water and apply to the unwanted hair. As the paste dries the hair shrivels away.

SECRET OF LOVELY HAIR.—If your hair looks dull and lifeless make use of this simple beauty secret and you will soon restore its rich, gleaming lustre. Get a small quantity of ordinary Stallax granules. Dissolve a teaspoonful of these granules in a cupful of warm water and use it as you would an ordinary shampoo. You will be delighted at the way Stallax makes the hair glow with life and brings back its natural lights and loveliness.

NEW COMPLEXION FOR OLD.—This is not a fairy story but a simple statement of fact. You can exchange your blemished, withered complexion for a lovely fresh new skin in a few days. Actually this is what Nature intended and she provides your skin with a succession of new surfaces for the purpose. To assist this natural beauty process all you need is some pure Mercolized Wax. Apply a little to the face each night. The action of the Mercolized Wax is to absorb the old, lifeless skin leaving the lovely fresh skin beneath. Mercolized Wax contains no animal fat.

NOTE:—All the abovementioned preparations can be obtained from any chemist, store or bazaar.

FOR YOUR HEALTH'S SAKE
To keep the whole mouth clean, refreshed and healthy, rinse with Odol Mouth Wash—a few drops in half-a-tumbler of water. When infection is about Odol makes a most effective gargle.
GARGLE with
Odol
MOUTHWASH

Children
NEED THIS SIMPLE CARE
Healthy children are always full of fun. If your child is moody and bad-tempered there must be something wrong. California Syrup of Figs will quickly put matters right. Being a pure fruit laxative, it acts naturally and gently, and being a liquid each dose can be measured to suit your child's condition. Children love its real fig flavour.
CALIFORNIA
SYRUP OF FIGS
THE SAFE LAXATIVE FOR CHILDREN

Latest Gallops At Mahaluxmi

Dignitary Shows Notable Improvement: Love Call, Kingsbury And Four Aces Work Well

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

Horses have been in good work through the week and some smart gallops have been noted.

GAY TALKIE (White) was sent ten furlongs at a smart pace. Moved well.

DIGNITARY (Selby) held BOULDNOR (Rook) went over nine furlongs on the race track at a nice pace when the former shaped better. He has made notable improvement.

DARK FELLOW (Sibbritt) came over nine furlongs at a strong pace. Trains on slowly.

VIDALIN (Whiteside) had his head in front of NIGHT ALARM (R. Boy) at the end of a brisk nine furlongs.

PANNA PRINCE (Whiteside) and ADVANCE (Mendoza) finished well together in a brisk ten furlongs.

LOVE CALL (Orme) beat JINKEE ROAD (Brace) easily in a sharp run over ten furlongs. He must be winning a race before long.

Bell sent out MOTKY (Burn) and HAUT MONDE (R. Boy) over a nice pace ten furlongs when the former impressed.

JOCUND (Harding) accounted for NATBAY (Field) in a seven furlongs dash. Former should run well on Saturday.

ARCHMOON (Selby) was superior to BASTION (Rook) in a mile gallop run at a smart pace.

KINGSBURY (Burn) was always going too well for VAUNTRY (R. Boy) in a seven furlongs gallop.

HOW'S THAT (R. Boy) finished better than WHAT'S WHAT (Britt) over seven furlongs.

GOLDEN BEAM (R Boy) shaped smartly when holding WHEATSHEAF (Sibbritt) in a seven furlongs gallop. Latter wants time to come on.

QUIDNUNC (Sibbritt) had the assistance of ROYAL PALACE (Whiteside) and DUNMORE (Evans) in a strong pace mile gallop. First named was the best. He is one to follow.

NONE SO GAY (Burn) covered a mile in fine style. Fit.

MADEMOISELLE EILEEN (Marrable) strode out freely and well over a mile.

MENADO (Britt) pleased in a nice pace mile gallop.

BLUE TINSEL (Selby) and ZENITH (Rook) contested a mile gallop when the former pleased.

CAVALIER (Field) had ROCKAWAY (Whiteside) safely held in a seven furlongs dash.

ROSE OF PERSIA (R. Boy) and BONHEUR (Whiteside) moved well in a mile gallop.

WHEEL OF FORTUNE (Cook) gave a speedy display for six furlongs. Fast coming to hand.

SILVER STAR (Marrable) and SAGBAN PASHA (Britt) were sent a mile at a nice pace.

FOUR ACES (Sibbritt) showed out better than IRAQ JEWEL (R. Boy) in a smart seven furlongs run.

PRINCE HILAL (Evans) went on easy mile.

ZAIN UL MULUK (Alford) showed good speed for five furlongs.

JOHN WILKES (Britt) and DAHMAN FADHIL (Obaid) were in close order at the end of a fast six furlongs dash. Fit horses.

Note—:BIRTHDAY GIFT, ROSE APPLE, JIRNAS and CASH.

Inter-Provincial Tennis

BENGAL JUNIOR SPRINGS SURPRISE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

In the Inter-Provincial Lawn Tennis' Tournament which continued to-day at the Cricket Club of India, between Bengal and Madras, D. Bose, the junior champion of Bengal, caused a big surprise by defeating T. K. Ramanathan, coming directly from Baroda, where he was participating in the Baroda championship tournaments. The glaring defeat probably was due to the local conditions that found him out of court.

The star attraction of the day, was however, the match played between Madan Mohan of Bengal and Y. R. Savoor of Madras. There were hopes of great struggle when the first set was won by the Madras player. Madan Mohan started so well that there were soon four games to his credit. Immediately Savoor tried to find his form and soon collected 10 games to take a lead. In the 2nd start although Madan Mohan tried to retrieve the position, found it had to cope with the terrific service and tremendous drives of the Madras player and lost the match with only two more games to his credit.

In the doubles that followed between T. E. Tew and G. L. Mython representing Bombay, and B. K. D. Badgel assisted by W. D. Lewis, representing Rajputana, a keen contest was witnessed. The Bombayites scored after a tough fight in three sets of 7-5, 2-5 and 6-2.

Coming to the match between Hyderabad Punjab the former displayed great tact and dexterity in vanquishing the Punjab at 4-6 in the fourth set. A. Sayeed of Hyderabad showed a very sincere game all through. Alim Uddin too was not lacking in his defensive tactics, especially when he cornered on the lines of difficult placings. H. L. Soni and Iftikar Ahmad proved equally their metal and easily captured the game in the final set at 6-3.

In the Singles between Bob and G. D. Badgel, Bob, in spite of his finding no time to recover from the effects of a damaged wrist beat his opponent at 6-5 and 10-8.

Prem Pandhi easily beat Alum in successive two sets at 3-6 and 3-6.

In the Singles, Bhandari the Cambridge Blue, defeated B. K. Badgel of Rajputana.

To-day's Fixtures

Brabourne Stadium at 4 p.m.
Bengal v. Madras, 3 matches.
Bombay v. C. P., 2 matches.
United Provinces v. Sind, 2 matches.

S. AUSTRALIA BEATS QUEENSLAND

Fifth Successive Century For Bradman

BRISBANE, Jan. 11.

In the Sheffield Shield match between South Australia and Queensland, South Australia won by ten wickets.

Queensland 336 (D. Tallon 115 Cotton five for 49) and 223 (Brown 81).

South Australia 557 (Bradman 186, Whitington 125, K. Ridings 112 and 14 for no loss.

To-day was the fifth century in successive innings for Bradman.—Reuter Special.

Larry Gains To Fight Len Harvey In 15 Round Bout

LONDON, Jan. 11.

Larry Gains, coloured Canadian who has been fighting for England for several years has signed to fight Len Harvey in a fifteen round bout at Sharringay Arena in the middle of March.

The British Boxing Board of Control will be asked to recognise the fight as the British Empire Heavyweight Championship.—Reuter.

ALL-INDIA COW—CONFERENCE

The All India Cow-Conference will be held at Muttra in the third week of March. Hindu leaders from all over India will attend. Protagonists of the cow will assemble to arrive at far-reaching decisions over the momentous issue. Holy Braj is the best place for commencing the revival of the decadent Indian cow.

Seth Chiranji Lal Loyalka, a prominent nationalist millionaire of Bombay, will preside over the conference. A Reception Committee with Rai Bahadur B. Jamuna Prasad as Chairman and Jyotishi Radheshiam Dwivedi as Secretary has been formed.

Individuals and institutions are requested to send in their generous donations to the undersigned for this sacred cause. (donations will be gratefully acknowledged): Sjt. Brindaban Das, Hon. Treasurer, All India Cow-Conference, Muttra.

EDUCATION FOR ADULTS

Arundale Suggests Students Corps To Tackle Problem

MADRAS, Jan. 11

"The provision of facilities for elementary education has hardly yet reached the stage at which the universal demand in our towns and villages has been fully met, so that schemes for adult education, desirable as they are even where conditions are at their best, are a real desideratum in our present position" observed His Excellency the Governor of Madras in a message to South Indian Adult Education Conference, which commenced sitting this afternoon at the University Hall.

Sir Mirza Ismail, Dewan of Mysore in his message wishing success to the Conference said:—"Adult Education is today a national problem in India. It is intimately associated with the social and political advancement of the country and therefore demands and will, one may hope, receive the earnest attention of all our public workers."

Dr. George S. Arundale opening the conference said that knowledge was only a means of service to fellowmen and not an end in itself.

Dr. Arundale wished very much to have an organisation like Students National Citizenship Corps and to make it responsible for adult education throughout the province.

Mr. N. Rajagopalan, Deputy Mayor of Madras presided over today's session when speeches were made by some of the delegates attending the conference on the principles and problems of Adult Education.

The Conference will last for four days when various phases of adult education will be discussed.—A. P.

FAMINE CONDITIONS IN EAST KHANDESH

(From A Correspondent).

CHALISGAON, (By Mail).

Due to heavy rains in October last, East Khandesh is in the grip of a famine. According to reports of the peasants and some Congress Committees, the crops are less than one-fourth and the whole peasant population is agog. Almost all over the district Conferences after conferences are held. Resolutions demanding remission of land revenue and rent for the current year; reduction in land revenue in the next budget and improvement in the draft tenancy bill are passed. Sane Guruji is organising the movement for the above demands.

Thousands of peasants of Bhadgaon Petha villages are marching to the Mahalkari to put forth these demands and to ask him not to issue any Japtis. Until the ministers have given award, they are withholding payments.

Attempts are being made to persuade district Congress Committee officials to agree to holding the famine Conference under the auspices of the Congress and to actively participate in the campaign. 26th January is the Independence Day and the peasants will celebrate it, with a march and Conference.

Congress M.L.As are also visiting villages to collect correct information as regards the percentage of crops. In this connection Bhadgaon has launched a more systematic campaign. Hundreds of forms, signed by peasants and containing information regarding the year's outturn on their holding, its proceeds and expenditure, are being filled and forwarded to the Collector.

POPULAR SCIENCE LECTURES

A. E. A.'s New Course

Courses of illustrated lectures on Science are a feature of the intellectual life of many cities. A famous example is the annual series of Christmas lectures at the Royal Institute in London. The suggestion was made that a similar course should be started in Bombay. Accordingly the B. P. Adult Education Association has arranged a series of lectures by Dr. H. J. Taylor, Ph. D. (Cantab), Prof. Wilson College. There will be three lectures on "The Air Around Us" on successive evenings of January 23, 24 and 25 at 6-30 p.m. each day. Lectures will be amply illustrated by lantern slides and experimental demonstrations. A special fee of Re. 1 will be charged, and admission cards will be issued to those who enrol for the course. Enrolment can be made at the office of the Association, Cama Institute, Apollo Street, Fort. It is hoped that the public will take advantage of this opportunity.

Bombay Second Winter Meeting

Probables, Weights And Order Of Running For Saturday's Ten Events

The following are the Probables, Weights and order of running for the Third Day of the Bombay Winter Meeting, to be run at Mahalaxmi, on Saturday, January 14:—

First Race: 1-30 p. m.

THE PALI HILL PLATE. (Div. I)
Distance—6 Furlongs.
Winner Rs. 1,500; Second Rs. 450; Third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III W. A. Penalties—Winners in India after 29th July, 1938, once 4lbs. twice 7lbs. oftener 12lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4lbs.

Nashwan al Iraq 8-10; Hakim Pasha 8-10; Pleasure 8-9; Barki Beg 8-9; Fil al Iraq 8-6 Noori 8-6; Mujbil al Arab 8-6; Lion 8-6; Mudrik 8-6; Golden Star 8-6; Sparrow Hawk 8-0; Muwafak 8-0; Jabbar 8-0; Dalli al Iraq 8-0; Lovely One 8-0; Saif al Saud 8-0; Yassir al Karim 8-0; Musa'id al Khair 8-0; Sayid Beg 7-10; Golden Cap 7-9; Mudhir Cap 7-9; Gaurishanker 7-9; Small Diamond 7-9; Wadia 7-9; Jehangir 7-9.

★ ★

Second Race: 2 p. m.

THE PALLI HILL PLATE (Div. II.)
Distance—6 Furlongs.
Winner Rs. 1,500; Second Rs. 450; Third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W. A. Winners in India after 29th July, 1938, once 4lbs. twice 7lbs. oftener 12lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4lbs.

Mujbil Hamid 9-0; Al Mansoon II 8-10; Bayhas 8-10; Glitter 8-10; Dahman Fadhil 8-6; John Wilkes 8-2; Shireen 8-10; Arab Legend 8-9; Bon Jour 8-9; Tharwath 8-9; Mahrus al Iraq 8-9; Daata 8-9; Star of Kashmir 8-7; Zain ul Muluk 8-6; Abbas Pasha 8-6; Jalmood 8-6; Mas'ud Hachim 8-6; Jaw al Iraq 8-6; Hashim 8-2; Shums al Iraq 8-2; Napoleon 8-0; Falah al Sharq 8-0; Nazar 7-9; Amnavar 7-9.

★ ★

Third Race: 2-30 p. m.

THE MANJRI STAKES. Distance—1 Mile.
Winner Rs. 2,000; Second Rs. 700; Third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class "A".

Boat Drill 9-2; Ironside 8-9; Blue Tinsel 8-9; Bright Lad 8-7; Fanciful 8-2; Rose Apple 7-11; Osman Pasha 7-9; King's Wine 7-9; Vallena 7-7.

★ ★

Fourth Race: 3 p. m.

THE HADAPSUR PLATE. (Div. II.)
Distance—1 Mile
Winner Rs. 2,000 Second Rs. 600; Third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Mount Dil 9-8; Night Alarm 8-12; Dunmore 8-11; Dangerous II 8-11; Rockaway 8-11; Split Wine 8-11; Talkless 8-4; Lizzie Baillie 8-3; Menado 8-1; Reliable 7-13; All Adrift 7-13; Falkland 7-11; Goblin 7-11; Zenith 7-11.

★ ★

Fifth Race: 3-30 p. m.

THE CAIRO HANDICAP. (Div. II)
Distance—7 Furlongs.
Winner Rs. 2,000; Second Rs. 600; Third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Thousand Dollars 9-0; Aziza 8-8; Saif al Nusser 8-10; Taj Subhan 8-10; Bani Tamim 8-10; Kolhapur 8-8; Fahad Pasha 8-7; Sarkhat 8-7; Kaid Saud 8-6; Gold Mine 8-4; Lellat Khalaf 8-2; Manik Prasad 8-2; Al Kayid 8-1; Dhiyab 7-12; Ric Rita 7-12; Jirnas 7-12.

★ ★

Sixth Race: 4 p. m.

THE HADAPSUR PLATE. (Div. I.)
Distance—1 Mile.
Winner Rs. 2,000 Second Rs. 600; Third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Bunny Smith 9-2; Mademoiselle Eileen 9-0; Gordon 8-11; Mark You 8-11; Highland Truce 8-9; King Moab 8-9; None So Gay 8-7; Miss Grenville 8-7; Rose of Persia II 8-7; Gorgus 7-13; Passiflora II 7-10! Baby Boy 7-5.

Royal Rival 9-4; Prince Hilal 9-0; Karam Allah 8-11; Al Hamil 8-8; Legion 8-8; Mamluk al Iraq 8-5; Golden Ticket 8-4; Bahar Neel 8-4; Buknar 8-2; Four Aces 8-2; Tohalla 8-0; Fata Kashaf 8-0; Wheel of Fortune 7-12; Zozan 7-10; Nur Jehan 7-9; Fair Play 7-7; Burgess 7-4; Silver Star 7-4.

★ ★

Seventh Race: 4-30 p.m.

THE SWINDON PLATE. (Div. II.)
Distance—7 Furlongs.
Winner Rs. 3,000; Second Rs. 900; Third Rs. 450. A Handicap for Horses in Class III

Himat 9-0; Cavalier 8-10; Mythical Monk 8-11; How's That 8-9; Wheatsheaf 8-8; Monte Carlo 8-6; Royal Task 8-5; Apple Jelly 8-4; Grenadier 8-2; Remarque 8-1; Quidnunc 8-0; Jocund 7-13; Masque 7-13; Vauntry 7-7.

★ ★

Eighth Race: 5 p.m.

THE SWINDON PLATE. (Div. I.)
Distance—7 Furlongs.
Winner Rs. 3,000; Second Rs. 900; Third Rs. 450. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Tipperary 9-4; Kingsbury 9-0; Dancing Comet 8-13; Rosewood 8-13; King of France 8-12; Bastion 8-10; Golden Beam 8-9; Cartoon 8-7; What's What 8-5; Natbay 8-2; Pride of India 8-2; Gangasagar II 8-0; Le Baron 8-0; Accidental 7-13; Manifold 7-9.

★ ★

Ninth Race: 5-30 p.m.

THE MATHRADAS GOCULDAS PLATE. Distance—1¼ Miles.
Winner Rs. 10,000; Second Rs. 2,500; Third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in Classes I and II.

Mas d'Antibes 9-2; Le Duc 9-2; Motky 8-5; Rivalli 8-7; Synagogue 8-7; Dignitary 8-5; Panna Prince 8-5; Bouldnor 8-1; Talk 8-1; Dark Fellow 8-0; Cotys 8-0; Clicquot 8-0; Cash 7-9; Tall Story 7-9; Gay Talkie 7-7; Vidalin 7-4; Love Call 7-4.

★ ★

Tenth Race: 6 p.m.

THE CAIRO HANDICAP. (Div. I.)
Distance—7 Furlongs
Winner Rs. 4,000; Second Rs. 1,200; Third Rs. 600. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

FOOTBALL LEAGUE PRESIDENT DEAD.

RAWTENSTALL, (Lancashire), Jan. 12.

The death has occurred of the Septuagenarian, Mr. Charles Sutcliffe, President of the Football League.—Reuter.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM OCTOBER, 1938)
Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 50	17 40
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 00	20 45
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 15	18 50
Nagpur Express	13 50	21 35
Poona Fast (Pass.)	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 24	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from 1st October, 1938.
Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon (Sat)	21 15
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat	10 58	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers)	8 40

AIR MAIL TIMINGS

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:—

LONDON—BOMBAY (Juhu).
Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj and Ahmedabad.
Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday at 1 p.m.
Delivery: Monday (two deliveries) 8 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 3-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (Juhu)—LONDON
Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.
Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 7-30 a.m. Departure from Juhu 10-15 a.m.

BOMBAY (Juhu)—COLOMBO
Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.
Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 11-30 a.m. Departure from Juhu 1-30 p.m.

COLOMBO—BOMBAY (Juhu)
Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 9-45 a.m. Delivery, Sunday 12-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 1 p.m.

BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—SINGAPORE and AUSTRALIA.
Latest hour of posting:—Monday, Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

AUSTRALIA—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)
Delivery:—Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday, at 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—HONGKONG CHINA AND JAPAN
Latest hour of posting:—Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

HONGKONG—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)
Delivery:—Tuesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

BOMBAY—KATHIAWAR.
Planes call at Bhavnagar, Rajkot, Jamnagar and Porebunder.
Departures from Juhu: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 7-15 a.m.
Arrivals:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 6 p.m.

Selling Representatives:
Messrs. FULCHAND & SONS, 373, Sheikh Memon Street, Bombay.
(1) Messrs. HARBANS LAL & SONS, New Cloth Market, Bunder Road, Karachi.
(2) Messrs. HARBANS LAL & SONS, Inside Panchkuva Gate, Ahmedabad.
Stockists:—
1. BOMBAY SWADESHI CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Western India Building, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road.
2. THE CAWNPORE MILLS DEPOT, Churchgate Street, Bombay.

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THREE SHOWS DAILY
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

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HARD TO GET
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DAILY: 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
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A ROYAL DIVORCE
with FRANK CELLIER CAROL GOODNER
Directed by JACK RAYMOND
Produced by HERBERT WILCOX

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"SEA MELODY" a Musical Score played by Ted Fiorito & his Orch.
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"STRAIGHT, PLACE & SHOW"
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The FINEST CINEMA in Bombay
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TOM WALLS
IN
"CRACKERJACK"
THE MAN WITH A HUNDRED FACES. A STORY OF A MODERN "ROBINHOOD"
ROBBING THE RICH TO HELP THE POOR!
DEFINITELY THE BEST PICTURE TOM EVER MADE
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SPECIAL RATES:—
NINE ANNAS (Special Balcony)
FOUR ANNAS (1st, 2nd & 3rd)
10 A. M. SUNDAY
the 15th January 1939
"DIVORCE"
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BIG PRIZES!
FOR ESSAYS ON
DIVORCE
TO BE WRITTEN BY—
HIGH SCHOOL & COLLEGE—BOY AND GIRL—
STUDENTS!
FOR RULES AND DETAILS
Refer "FREE PRESS"
"CHRONICLE" or
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ADVTS. of 11th JAN. 1939
or ENQUIRE at—
KRISHNA
TALKIES: DUBASH THEATRE

Directed by: SOHRAB MODI
Starring:
THE LOVELY NASEEM
with JAGIRDAR, SHEELA, NAVIN, PREM, VIMLA VASISHTA SHANTA DUTT
SECOND WEEK
KRISHNA
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DAILY: 5-15, 7-45 & 10-15 P.M.
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LUISE RAINER · FERNAND GRAVET
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City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Vad 8, 1595
Muslim: Jiltad 21, 1337
Parsi: Amardad 10, 1308
Hightide: 5-12 18-34
Lowtide: — 12-01
Sunrise: 7h. 15m.
Sunset: 6h. 20m.

"Have-a-Heart" Fete, and Exhibition, Church Gate from 5 p.m. to mid-night

Saturday, January 14.

S S Strathnaver with mails sails at 1 p.m.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

The Ag. Municipal Secretary, writes: There will be no meeting of the Corporation on Friday, the 13th January, 1939. The next meeting of the Corporation will be held here on Monday, the 16th January, 1939, at 3 p.m. (B.T.)

COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS

The Commissioner will meet the elected members of the 'B' Ward, to-morrow (Saturday) at 7 a.m. (B.T.) at the following place and go round with them in the Ward:—
Place of meeting: Musjid Bridge.

IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE

There will be no meeting of the Improvements Committee on Tuesday, the 17th January, 1939.

MUSICAL ART SOCIETY

The 69th general meeting of the Musical Art Society will be held to-morrow (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Laxmibaug, Bhatwadi, Girgaon. A programme of vocal music by Gandhari Hangal alias Bai Gangubai of Hubli has been arranged after the meeting.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

Mary, Marchioness of Abergavenny, Lady Penrhyn and Mrs. Mitchell arrived at Government House on Thursday.

Sir Srinivasa Sarma, Sir James Taylor and Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Bhat lunched at Government House on Thursday.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY

The British and Foreign Bible Society (Bombay Auxiliary) will hold its 120th annual meeting at the Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. H. E. Sir Roger Lumley, Governor of Bombay, will preside.

At 6-35 p.m. Dr. T. Kagawa will address the meeting.

B. P. TRADE UNION CONGRESS

A meeting of the B. P. T. U. C. will be held to-day (Friday) at 7-30 p.m. at the Servants of India Society Hall to consider the following agenda:—
Selection of candidates from Trade Union Constituencies for the Municipal Elections.
Situation arising out of Gokak Strike.
All affiliated Unions are requested to send their representatives.

ARYA SAMAJ LECTURE

At the Chunabhatti Arya Samaj, Chuna Bhatti Kurla, Pandit Laxmanrao Oghale will deliver a public lecture on "Makar Sankrant" to-day (Friday) at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.).

HINDI PRATHMA EXAMINATION

Hindi Prathma examination of the Hindi Vidyapeeth, Bombay will be held on Sunday, 19th February, 1939. Application forms should be sent to Mr. Bhanukumar Jain, c/o Sanyojak Karyalaya Hindi Vidyapeeth, Hirabaug, C. P. Tank, Bombay, on or before January 22, 1939.

Wardha Kovid Classes are regularly working on Sunday mornings from 8 to 10-30, in the Marwadi Vidyalaya (1st Floor), Sandhurst Road, Bombay.

MEETING AT AZAD MAIDAN

Under the auspices of the Vedic Rashtrashasan Sangh, there will be a public meeting at Azad Maidan, to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.). The subject will be "British rule and present India".

ANDHERI TALUKA CONGRESS

Mr. Narmad Vaidya writes:—
Members desiring to contest the ensuing election to the Managing Committee of Andheri Taluka Congress Committee should send in their nominations on or before 12 a.m. on the 19th instant.

Nomination papers can be had from Narmad Vaidya, President, A. T. C. C., 95, Banatwala Bungalow, Murzban Road and must be addressed to the President.

THYAGARAJA UTSAVAM

In celebration of the above festival under the auspices of Sri Ranjanai Sabha, the following concerts are fixed for to-day (Friday) in the special pandal opposite Jeejibhoy Orphanage, Matunga.

8-30 p.m. Srimathi Rajalakshmi Ammal, (Vocal).

9-30 p.m. Mr. T. S. Sreenivasa Rao. (Gottu Vadhyam).

RECEPTION TO DR. T. KAGAWA

A conversazione will be held under the auspices of the Social Service League, Bombay, to-day (Friday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) in the Servants of India Society's Hall, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon, to meet Dr. T. Kagawa, the renowned social worker of Japan. Mr. Francis Low, Editor of the "Times of India" will preside.

FREE ADULT HINDI CLASSES

The Hindi Teacher, Maratha High School Evening Classes, writes:—
Free adult Hindi classes have been started and are regularly held on Sundays in the mornings between 8 and 10 a.m. in the premises of the Maratha High School opposite Two Temples, Opera House, Girgaon. Enquiries may be made with the Hindi teacher in the evening (6-30 to 7-30) classes held from **Monday to Friday at the same place.**

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Drake of England" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"My Son" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Blue Danube" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EROS—"If I were King" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Hard to Get". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Zamana" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Divorce" Daily at 5-15, 7-45 p.m. and 10-15 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Daku-ka-Ladka" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"The Great Waltz". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bramhachari" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Street Singer" Daily at 4-45, 8-30 and 10-15 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"A Royal Divorce". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Industrial India" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"The Adventures of Robin Hood" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Gopal Krishna" Time as usual.
PATHE—"Crackerjack". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Alexander's Ragtime Band" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bhabi" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
SUPER—"Mr. X" Daily at 4-15, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Dr. Vaman M.Sc." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.

DNYAN—PRASARAK MANDALI

A public lecture in Gujarati will be delivered under the auspices of the above Society, to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) at 'Sir Jivanji Mody Memorial Hall' in the New Building of the 'K. R. Cama Oriental Institute', Apollo Street, Fort, by Mr. R. H. Pandia, Bar-at-Law, on "The Parsis and Gujarati Literature."

SWAMI VIVEKANANDA BIRTHDAY CELEBRATIONS

In connection with the 77th birthday anniversary of Swami Vivekananda, a public meeting will be held at the Blavatsky Hall, French Bridge at 5-30 p.m. to-morrow (Saturday). Sir Jehangir C. Coyajee will preside and among the speakers will be Dr. Mario Carelli (University of Rome), Dr. N. A. Thoothi, Dr. Irach J. S. Taraporewala and Messrs. K. Natarajan and F. J. Ginwala. Selections of instrumental Bengali music will be given by Syt. G. Ghosh and party. The anniversary will be celebrated on Sunday (Jan. 15), at the Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, where a whole-day programme of celebration has been arranged.

WORKERS DEMAND HOLIDAY FOR SANKRANT

(From A Correspondent)

Under the auspices of the 'Lokmanya Seva Mandal', a meeting of the Mill workers was held on Wednesday last, in the compound of Mr. Hirji Gopal Vani's Chawls under the presidentship of Mr. Ramchandra Tukaram Masoorker, when speeches were delivered by Messrs. Kesarkar, Ghadi and others on the fundamental rights of the mill-workers and protesting against the mill-owners' action in denying them holiday on "Makar Sankrant" and the following resolution was passed unanimously.

"That this meeting of the mill-workers requests the Millowners' Association, Bombay, that it shall be pleased to declare a holiday every year on "Makar Sankrant" day."

HOTEL WORKERS' MEETING

Under the auspices of the Lal Bavta Hotel Kamgar Union, a meeting of the hotel workers will be held at Parsi Galli, Dhanji Street, to-day (Friday) at 9-30 p.m. and speeches will be delivered by Messrs. Gawade, J. S. Mahimkar, V. G. Nimbkar, Vyankatesh Kamat, Mehendale and others.

A procession of hotel workers will start from the office of the Union previous to that.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY

The 120th annual meeting of the above Society's Bombay Auxiliary will be held to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. at the Sir C. J. Hall, when the Governor of Bombay will preside and Dr. Toyohiko Kagawa and Rev. William Paton will address.

POSTAL NOTICE

Superscribed unregistered correspondence for United States of America per s.s. 'Pres. Adams' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 10-30 a.m. on Saturday, the 14th instant.

CIVIC ADDRESSES TO PREMIER KHER

NADIAD, Jan. 12.

The Municipalities of Nadiad, Anand Borsad, Kaira and Kapadvanj and the Kaira District Local Board have decided to present addresses of welcome to the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier during his forthcoming visit to the Kaira District.

The Hon. Premier will be accompanied during the visit by the Hon. Morarji Desai, Revenue Minister. As at present arranged he will reach Nadiad on Friday and leave for Kapadvanj immediately returning to Maholel after fulfilling his engagements at Kapadvanj. At Maholel he will address a public meeting and on Saturday morning leave for Kaira. During the same day he will visit Anand, Matar, Traj, Limbasi and Bhalada, addressing a public meeting at the last place.—United Press

DISTINGUISHED HAJIS ON "EL MADINA"

S. S. 'El Madina' of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company, Ltd. is sailing with pilgrims for Jeddah tomorrow (Saturday) at 6 p.m. Prominent among the pilgrims sailing by the above ship are the Hon. Mr. Abdul Razaak Abdul Sattar Sait of Calcutta, member of the Council of State, Mr. Yusuf Abdullah Fozan, representative of His Majesty, King Ibn Saudi of Hedjaz in India, Mr. Abdur Rehman Al-Ghosaibi, Khan Bahadur Fazil Karim, Shipping Master, Calcutta, Mr. Esa Yusuf and Mr. Ma Yusuf, the two Chinese Parlimentarians, who recently toured India and interviewed all the eminent Indian leaders. It is also understood that Mr. M. H. Guzdur, M.L.A., (Sind) and Chairman of the Karachi Haj Committee is joining the ship at Karachi.

S. S. 'El Madina' is sailing with a full complement taking up half from Bombay and half from Karachi.

Dharamsey Thackersey High School

SILVER JUBILEE PROGRAMME

To-day (Friday) at 5 p.m. Prof. Dhulekar will give a musical entertainment to the pupils of the school in the school Assembly Hall. To-morrow (Saturday) at 9 a.m. a cinema show by the B. S. N. Company will be given in the same place; and at 4 p.m. the Past Students' Day under the presidentship of Messrs. V. S. Dongre will be celebrated.

The Parents' Day will be celebrated on Sunday, the 15th instant at 8-30 a. m. in the school Assembly Hall, when Mr. S. N. Damle, Secretary, Bombay Municipal Corporation, will preside.

The chief event of the Jubilee will be held at the Vanita Vishram Hall on Sunday, the 15th instant at 5 p.m. when Sir H. P. Mody will preside and Lady Mody will distribute prizes.

'G' WARD CONGRESS

The Jt. Hon. Secretary, 'G' Ward D. C. C. writes:

A meeting of the Council of Management of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee was held on Monday last in the Congress Committee's office, when Mr. Bhailal H. Patel was unanimously elected as Treasurer of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee in place of late Mr. J. R. Deo. It was also decided by the Committee to hold various meetings in the Ward to support the Congress candidates in the ensuing Municipal elections.

The Committee has also received a resolution passed by the Bombay Grain Dealers' Association recommending the members of the said Association to solidly vote for the Congress candidates. It is very much appreciated and it is hoped that the other Associations would do likewise.

SANSKRIT SHIKSHAN MANDIR

Under the auspices of the Sanskrit Shiksban Mandir, a public lecture on 'Modern Gujarati Poetry' will be delivered by Prof. Bhanushanker Vyas today (Friday), at 6-15 p.m. in the Fellowship School Assembly Hall. The free, popular Sanskrit Classes will be held in the morning as usual.

NAIR HOSPITAL DENTAL COLLEGE

The annual social gathering of the students of the College will be held today (Friday) at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Eros Restaurant opposite Church Gate, B. B. and C. I. Railway Station. Mr. Sultan Chinoy, Mayor of Bombay, will be the guest of honour.

M. R. FREE DISPENSARY

The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road for the week ending 7th January, 1939, was 347; of these 217 were men and 130 women.

All leading Doctors and Hospitals now use EMU Tonic wine because it contains essentials elements for the building of nerve, blood and brain tissues— providing lasting invigoration for the whole body.

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CENTRE OF ALL ATTRACTIONS:
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HELD OVER! SECOND GLORIOUS WEEK!

Flaming Adventure Glorious Romance!
Adolph Zukor presents
RONALD COLMAN
in FRANK LLOYD'S
"IF I WERE KING"
A Paramount Picture with
Frances Dee · Basil Rathbone
Ellen Drew · C. V. Franco · Henry Wilcoxon
Produced and Directed by Frank Lloyd
Book your seats to avoid Disappointment! —— 'Phone 22519

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY ANNUAL

The B. B. and C. I. Railway Annual for 1939 is a sumptuously got-up and highly interesting publication, on the production of which the Publicity Office of the Railway deserves to be warmly complemented. Seven beautifully executed colour plates and quite a number of other attractive illustrations appear in the Annual. Three of the former are reproductions of paintings by old Indian artists and depict scenes such as Krishna, the Divine Cowherd of Hinduism, in a game of blind-man's buff, an Imperial Durbar in Delhi in the 17th century and "King Bhartrihari's meeting with his Wife."

The literary fare provided in the Annual is equally rich. The Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill writes a brief Foreword, which is followed by a highly entertaining account, by Mr. Stanley Jepson, of his leisurely journey by the Overland Route from India to England. Mr. Jepson tells us that he deliberately preferred this route to the routes by sea and air because of the greater historical, ethnological, scenic and other interest of the places and countries traversed by the route. Mr. Jepson gives a number of helpful hints to would-be travellers by this ancient route.

Mr. C. A. Kincaid, I.C.S., describes the quaint customs of some of the Maratha communities of Western India, while Mr. F. L. Brayne, I.C.S., writes on "Aspects of Rural Life" in the Punjab. The chequered histories of the royal house of the Gaekwads of Baroda and of the Holkars of Indore are dealt with by Marcella and George Radcliffe Genge. Indian jungle life forms the subject of another interesting article by Mr. F. W. Champion. The panorama of tourist India is described in a profusely illustrated article by Mr. A. M. Dohlen. The handicrafts of India, the scenic glory of Ajmer and Norway the Land of the Midnight Sun, are also pictorially dealt with. The literary and pictorial fare thus provided in the journal is well worth the rupee charged for it.

CAPITOL
NO CINEMA SHOWS TO-DAY!
From TO-MORROW:
PETER LORRE
gives you your Greatest Thrill in——
"MYSTERIOUS MR. MOTO"

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

Crime is showing a tendency to rise in the suburbs. At Andheri and places beyond several robberies have been registered and many of them have proved rather daring as they were committed at the point of the knife.

It is understood that in the Andheri area gangs of dacoits who are said to be Pathans force entrance into the house during the still of the night, either by breaking open the door or through the tiles and overpower the sleeping occupants, one man showing a knife, while the rest of the party bundle whatever they wish to take and leave by the main entrance and board a car which will be waiting for them nearby.

WATER PROBLEM.

Though the popularity of the Suburbs has increased rapidly, yet the problem of water supply does not seem to be solved.

Bandra for instance the most progressive area in the suburbs, suffers a water famine in nearly every one of its street.

This is their state even after increased water supply for it will be recalled since July 1938, the municipality is being supplied with water partly from the Tulsi lake and partly from Tansa. Prior to this Bandra got its water-supply entirely from Tansa.

This supply solely from Tansa was stopped as the Bombay Corporation, found it impossible to meet Bandra's supply solely from that lake with the result that supply from two different lakes, not only showed increase in water rate by half an anna per gallon but reduced the pressure.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1939

NATIONAL PLANNING FOR FILMS

The Indian film industry which has completed twenty-five years of its existence—an occasion which will be celebrated during the Easter holidays by holding an All-India Congress and exhibition—may truly be said to have come of age. It is to-day one of the premier industries of the country with total investments of over 17 crores. Consequently its claims to the support of Government and public, as well as its responsibilities as a medium of art and instruction, have now become bigger. It is natural, therefore, that a deputation representative of the film industry which waited on the Commerce Member in Bombay should have urged the Government to extend a generous measure of support to the vital interests of this industry. The deputationists, recalling the recommendations of the Cinematograph Committee of 1927-28, made a legitimate claim for the establishment of a central Body to guide and advise the Indian film industry on the same lines as the British Film Institute in England. An even more important suggestion related to the establishment of special banks on the lines of the land mortgage banks. Those who are familiar with the financial aspect of the Indian film industry know that one of the major difficulties in its way is the lack of capital. Many of the studios, sooner or later, get into the grip of individual short-sighted financiers who want quick and high profits so that the producers are forced to pander to the "popular" taste by turning out cheap and crude films. Economic insecurity kills any move for raising the cultural and artistic level of the cinema. At the same time without sufficient capital being available at reasonable rate of interest, the producer cannot launch into the field of educational films nor undertake production of "shorts" and news-reels. Thus it appears to us that the establishment of such a bank is even more important than further reduction of import duty on unexposed films. The duty was reduced by 5 per cent. in 1937 and it does not seem likely that the Government of India propose to increase it. The termination of the Ottawa Pact may create a problem by a fall in revenue under this head, but in that case the members of the deputation made a pertinent suggestion that the loss should be made up by increasing the import duty on exposed films or increasing their assessed value. It is certainly objectionable that three-fourth of the films shown in India should come from abroad and that almost half a crore should go every year from this poor country into the pockets of the foreign producers. Even an industrially advanced country like England has had to adopt a quota system and there is no reason why India, too, should not restrict the import of foreign films, specially when our national self-respect is deliberately sought to be injured every time a film depicting Indian life is produced abroad.

Medium Of Education

The importance of the cinema as the eighth biggest industry in India as well as its tremendous value for educational and cultural purposes in a country of such vast illiteracy as India demands its control and guidance on an all-India basis. But the Government of India seem to be content to leave the burden of its future development upon the Provincial Governments. Meanwhile it will not be wise to let matters drift. If the Central Government do not realize their responsibility, the Provincial Ministries should not let that deter them from tackling the problem on their own. In this connection we welcome a pamphlet on the "Place of Film In National Planning" by Mr. K. S. Hirlekar whose long association with the Motion Picture Society of India entitles him to speak on the subject with considerable authority. As the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi remarks in the Foreword, it is "a thought-provoking pamphlet" which "gives an idea to the reader as to the role the film has played in other countries of the world and what are the difficulties in the way of its playing a similar role effectively in India." After tracing the history of film production in India, its economic importance and its claim to Government support, Mr. Hirlekar remarks that "foreign films will not make much headway in the future but on the contrary they will decrease in numbers as the Indian films on the whole get more popular with the educated classes due to continued all-round progress in the line." This is true of full-length entertainment films but the position of "shorts" and newsreels—a most fertile medium of instruction and propaganda—is quite different. Not being a commercial proposition, hardly any such films are being produced in India. Impetus can be given to their production only by legislation making their exhibition compulsory and, in the initial stage, subsidizing them, directly or indirectly. The recommendations of the Visual Education Committee appointed by the Government of C. P. should prove useful in this connection.

Develop National Outlook

It is necessary, however, that a uniform all-India policy should be adopted for the development of Indian cinema, in all its varied aspects. The National Planning Committee has already been approached by Indian producers and the Committee has promised to give the matter their serious consideration. We welcome the suggestion that a sub-committee should go into the matter and work out in detail the role of Indian films, as a major industry and as a medium for the spread of education and culture. As such we need hardly add that the industry deserves the help, moral and practical, of every one, particularly the Indian press. It is true, as Mr. Hirlekar points out, that "no other individual industry has been paying the Press even half the amount the film industry spends for newspaper advertisement." But we do not agree that the film industry receives "scant attention" from the Press. Apart from the fact that the legitimate demands of the indigenous producers have been invariably supported by the Nationalist press, the Indian newspapers devote far more space (in non-advertising columns) to film matters than anywhere else in the world. Indeed, it is a pity that the producers do not make full use of this space by enhancing public interest in their films with intelligent publicity instead of "write-ups" that merely duplicate the advertisements. Nor, we regret to find, is legitimate criticism of films—which, in other countries, is welcomed and specially invited—encouraged. Genuine and constructive criticism is the one factor which can ensure progressively improved quality. There is still great room for improvement, technical and artistic, in Indian films and to this we invite the attention of our producers. We support them and the Motion Picture Society in their efforts to secure better, economic conditions for the Indian Studios, but we cannot help wishing they also spared some time to evolve a common plan for a better organization and more purposeful exploitation of their resources. Co-operation among the producers is necessary to raise the technical standard of their films, while there is an equally urgent need for organizations of employees to secure better working conditions in the studios. The Indian film industry must vindicate its claim for recognition as a national institution by acquiring a truly national outlook and looking ahead, beyond considerations of mere profits, dividends and duties.

Democracy Makes A Stand

The energy and expedition with which President Roosevelt is translating his determination to organize the military defences against Fascist invasion not merely against the United States but also against any member or members of the bloc of Latin American States are certainly more than admirable. As we remarked earlier in commenting on the Lima Conference and its significance, the U.S. gesture and action have already created a distinctly favourable situation in international affairs and strengthened, in an exceptional measure, the position of world democracy whether or not advantage is taken of it by the British Premier in his Rome talks with the Duce. The influence also is discernible in the message to the Congress of the U.S. President which has recently been broadcast and in the British policy advocated by statesmen like Winston Churchill and Anthony Eden; and it would hardly be presumptuous to believe that their American tour has achieved its object in so far as the will-to-resistance against the invasion of Fascism, which is to-day threatening the wholesale destruction of western civilization as well as all ideas of democracy, has been fortified. This is the kind of action that Thomas Mann advocates in a recent publication which is having the largest sale in the States as the most effective method of immobilizing the march of fascism; and its moral influence would be found to be incalculable. It is not mere armed strength that is involved in President Roosevelt's declaration and the practical measures he has already launched with such impressive speed. He is making a moral stand in behalf of world-democracy and as even Churchill has pointed out in the statement to which Pandit Jawaharlal made a pointed reference in his lecture at the C. J. Hall recently, it is not still too late, given such firm and powerful leadership, to save democracy and all its achievement from progressive deterioration and final destruction. Above all, the mobilization of scattered forces in defence of ideals that constitute the basis of civilized and peaceful human existence and clarification of the line of action that must be pursued to stem the rising tide of fascism and war are the immediate needs of the present hour when the skies in every country of the world are darkened with the terror and death that inevitably follow fascism.

Title To Govt. Securities

Need For Clarification

By "Security Holder"

I have carefully read the letters appearing in your paper and your valued article on "The Title to Government Securities." The matter being of considerable importance to investors, I hope Government will not fail to realise the grave consequences of the change in their attitude in this behalf.

Government have enacted the Securities Act and have issued the Guide Book to investors, with a view to help the investors and safeguard the interest of investors as well as that of the Government as custodians of the public or State money.

It is now about 95 years since Government Securities were issued to the investing public and because of the easy methods of exchange and convertibility into cash as well as assurances given in the Guide Book as to the title of the holder, these securities have become so popular that at times new floating are oversubscribed within five minutes irrespective of the total amount.

Why This Change?

During all these years, I have never heard of any suit filed by the Government against any holder of securities, but I am at a loss to understand as to what made the Government to change their attitude? Does it mean that during all these years there was no claim against Government due to defective title or forgery? And if there was any such claim will the Government inform the public how they dealt with such cases despite the provision of the Securities Act and the Guide Book?

At the same time it will be interesting to know what sums remain unclaimed against the loans which are already redeemed and there must be also a large amount as unclaimed interest on all securities which are paid off and those which are existing. Will the Government issue a statement as to what they do with those amounts?

The amount of Rs. 5,000 in the matter of the appeal "Secretary of State vs. the Bank of India" appears a small one and legal charges must have amounted to several times, the amount. Was this the first case of this type when Government attempted to recover the amount and instead of relying on the Securities Act

(Continued on Page 12, Col. 3).

STATES AND FEDERATION

Paramountcy In Practice

By Y. G. Krishnamurti

Ancient India, like ancient Greece, fixed the proposition between responsibility and privilege. The political thinkers resolved the conflict between Liex and Rex by placing Liex (Dharma), on a superior basis from which the ruler could draw his moral strength. The sovereignty of the people remained unchallenged throughout the historical times.

The rise of the British power synchronised with the dislocation in the well-articulated body-politic. The policy of the British based on economic exploitation rather than political uniformity brought about corresponding chaos in the political field.

Three periods stand out in bold relief in the development of the doctrine of Paramountcy, namely, the ring-fence policy, the subsidiary alliance, and the subordinate union. The policy of peaceful penetration resulted in the Company rising from a status of equality to Paramountcy. The Subsidiary Alliance, which was a system of defence without expenditure, accelerated the pace. The pretence of equality and alliance was finally thrown off when the Maratha power was reduced to dust and ashes.

Scrap Of Paper

In 1862, Lord Canning declared that the Crown of England was the unquestioned ruler and the Paramount Power, which was acknowledged by the chiefs with a crescendo of cheers. This reduced them to the unenviable position of dolls in a pantomime show. Like the Japanese flowers made of tissue-paper their sovereignty lacked both reality and fragrance.

As a result of this veiled intervention all their privileges, dignities and jurisdiction became dependent on the will of His Majesty. Verily the solemn treaties became scraps of paper!

The Government of India Notification dated 21st August, 1891, declared:—

"The principles of international law have no bearing upon the relations between the Government of India as representing the Queen Empress on the one hand and the Native States under the supremacy of Her Majesty on the others. The Paramount Supremacy of the former presupposes and implies the subordination of the latter."

This was specially true of created States like Mysore and Kashmir. Sovereignty is clearly denied to Mysore and Article 21 of 1831 Treaty asserts the Paramount Power's right to intervene generally for good Government and specifically to protect the rights and interests of the British. This assertion of the right of Paramountcy was universally applied in the case of Treaty States too.

Rights Of Paramount Power

It high-lighted some undoubted facts. Secession, neutrality and foreign affairs lay outside the powers of the Princes. As regards the defence of India and economic schemes the position of the States is subordinate. In judicial matters the Crown exercises jurisdiction in States over British European subjects and has potential rights over native British subjects. The final decision in law rests only with the Crown. The Parliament which does not normally legislate for the States can exercise legislative authority.

So, in myriad directions the Paramount Power has made appreciable inroads upon the alleged sovereignty of the Indian States.

The Paramount Power is the supreme power of the Crown defining or adapting itself according to the shifting necessities of the time and the progressive developments of the States. It is the Crown acting through the Secretary of State for India and the Governor-General-in Council, who are responsible for the Government of Great Britain.

A Magnificent Myth

The claim of the protagonists of the Princes that the relationship between the Crown and the States is one of mutual rights and obligations resembles Rama's cry for the moon. The trend of history points to the fact that whether the Paramount Power chooses to exercise specific rights or not, not merely as a residuary body but as the source of new rights and obligations as well, Paramountcy can only reside in the Crown.

The plea of the Princes that their relations are directly with the Crown and not through its representatives is another magnificent myth. When the Transfer was effected in 1857, Lord Palmerston stated in the Parliament that India should be placed under the direct authority of the Crown, by the responsible ministers of the Crown, sitting in Parliment and responsible to it, and to the British public for every act.

It is a blunder of the first magnitude to call allegiance to Sovereign as political relations with him. The political relations of the Indian States can only be through the Political Department and the Governor-General-in-Council, with the Crown as the political head of the United Kingdom.

Responsibility To Govt. Of India

The States are clearly subordinate to the Government of India, which is responsible for all the revenues, including tributes from the Indian States and for the obligations, fulfilment and enforcement of the treaties.

If the Federation becomes a political reality then the Princes cannot pretend that their relations are with the King-in-person. The Crown under the English constitution does not mean the King alone but indicates, as already referred, the King-in-Parliament. In point of fact the Government or India have claimed and exercised all the authority of the Paramount Power.

It is amusingly absurd if the Princely Order have greater faith in the British electorate and not in sympathetic Indians.

Time is a laughing philosopher. Mighty Empires which failed to move at a brisk tempo with the Time Spirit serve as index to its march. Hence, the destiny of the Indian States is wrapped up with the destiny of democratic India.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

ANOTHER RAILWAY DISASTER

The news about the latest disaster on the E. I. Railway is most distressing. This time it was the Dehra Dun Express which was involved in the accident, which though not of so big a magnitude as the one at Bihta is sufficiently serious to warrant the closest investigation. At the time of writing, the casualties amount to seven dead and forty-nine injured, but from past experience it is very likely that further reports will augment this number. It seems as if the E. I. Railway is creating a most unenviable and even gruesome record and it is very evident that something is very gravely wrong somewhere. Public confidence, which was already rudely shaken by the series of past accidents, will receive one more severe jolt. Indeed the whole question has become one of first-class national importance, involving as it does the safety of lakhs of travellers. It is very obvious that the departmental and even judicial inquiries, that have been conducted in the past, have failed to probe the root of the trouble. The Government of India must now bestir themselves and not rest content until they have succeeded in safeguarding the lives of the public travelling on the E. I. Railway, which seems to be in need of a prompt and thorough overhauling both in its management and machinery.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT

In his address on "Training in Civic Responsibility through Local Self-Government," delivered on Wednesday at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Local Self-Government, rightly pointed out that the capacity of the people for self-rule can best be developed by local self-governing bodies. But for this very reason the past Government in India denied to the people true local self-government and subjected it to too much official control. The present autonomous Provincial Governments, therefore, should make amends for the past neglect of local self-government and should take every possible step to make it a reality and spread it to every nook and corner of the country. It is mainly through local bodies that Congress Governments can best consolidate their own position in the harder struggle for national self-government.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT'S ACHIEVEMENTS

Congress Governments have been quite alive to this fact and have made notable improvements in the working of local bodies. The Bombay Government have, by legislative measures, abolished nominations to local bodies, and have considerably widened the franchise. They have also introduced joint electorates with reservation of seats for certain minorities, except that Muslims of any constituency are given the free option to choose between joint and separate electorates. Finally, a Panchayat Bill, carrying the benefits of local self-government to every village has passed through its first reading and is being considered by a Select Committee. Other Congress Governments, too, are making every effort to spread the benefits of local self-government. The benefits will be realised more fully and speedily if local bodies are worked by earnest Congressmen who realise that local self-government has got to be worked in a way that will help the cause of national self-government.

SINGHANEE HINDU HOSPITAL

The Singhanee Hindu Hospital, which was opened by Premier Kher on Tuesday, is a valuable acquisition to the city. The Hospital owes its inception to the munificence of the late Mr. Singhanee, who left his entire future in the hands of trustees to be utilised as the latter thought fit. This was a welcome departure from tradition for so religious-minded a person as Mr. Singhanee. We are glad to note that the same discrimination and farsightedness has been evinced by the trustees in giving effect to the testator's wishes. They were not content merely to add one more to the existing institutions in the city but have founded the new hospital on the lines of the Hospital of the London School of Tropical Medicine and the Carmichael Hospital of the Tropical School in Calcutta. This means that the new hospital will not merely serve as a centre of medical relief but will also be valuable in extending the bounds of medical knowledge. It is regrettable that the cause of medical research is more or less neglected in this country. The new institution provides good scope for this deficiency to be repaired and it is to be hoped that it will be utilised accordingly by our medicos.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Muddle at home makes the husband roam.

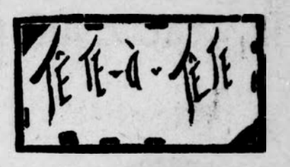
Of course the way to serve a dinner is to eat it.

Of course people wear eyeglasses for the looks of the thing.

Most of the things people tell you are of no earthly benefit.

Oh, liberty, what a lot of divorces are applied for in thy name!

A dog's bark may be worse than his bite, but give us the bark, please.



One must marvel at the ingenuity of Japanese manufacturers. During the Civil Disobedience movement they exported "Khaddar" Gandhi caps to India; for the Silver Jubilee of the late King George V they sold millions of Union Jacks in England.

And now they have sent a "Made In Japan" Gandhi to India.

Banzai, Doctor Toyohiko Kagawa!

* * * *

This "Gandhi" from Nippon paid a tribute to India "which gave Japan its great religion, Buddhism."

And yet evidently Doctor Kagawa is no believer in Buddhism. He is himself a Christian and came to India to attend a Christian Missionaries Conference.

* * * *

He detailed the "striking progress" made by Japan "within the last century due to the advent of Christianity."

Note for instance, the Christian war that Japan is waging in China!

* * * *

Commending Christianity and the Co-operative movement, Doctor Kagawa declared that "both these movements had helped to exterminate the Communist movement" in Japan.

Is that why the Government of Japan which had once banished the Christian Missionaries is now tolerating them?

Doctor Kagawa deserves recognition from the Fascist International for so faithfully "greasing" the Anti-Comintern axis.

* * * *

By the way, we are not at all surprised to read that the imitation Gandhi "refused to answer questions concerning politics and policy of the Japanese Government."

Good-bye, Doctor Kagawa!

* * * *

We highly deplore the "unsporting" spirit of the "Bereaved Mothers of Spain" and the Captains of the British ships in Barcelona in sending telegrams to remind Mr. Chamberlain of inconvenient realities in Rome.

Begad, Sir, it certainly is not cricket!

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Equally "unsporting" is the extension of "Dry" area to the Suburbs.

On behalf of the We'll-Drink-And-Drive-And-Devil-May-Care Brigade we lodge a strong protest.

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According to Mr. Kennedy, United States Ambassador in London, "A world war may start in spring."

We didn't know the Dictators had any aesthetic preferences for fine weather.

* * * *

We really think the Americans are being unnecessarily panicky. Mr. Chamberlain may yet again save the world from a war—by handing it over to Hitler and Mussolini.

* * * *

That organ of British capitalists, "The Financial Times" is publishing a special Italy supplement on the occasion of Mr. Chamberlain's meeting with Duce.

United front between the "City" and the "Eternal City."

* * * *

Sgr. Gayda's latest suggests more of the organ-grinder than the professional fire-eater.

* * * *

Herr Ernst Nekisch got penal servitude for life in Hitlerland.

The Nazi Code must be thanked that he dodged the Nordic axe.

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Should not the "Financial Times" supplement its "Supplement" by publishing a family-group of the Cliveden Set?

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TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS
(Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague.)

(1) While reporting to the American Government on German air force, Colonel Lindbergh will produce the medal that Hitler gave him as credentials.

(2) The Rotary Club and W.I.A.A. will jointly offer civil disobedience to resist the ban on electric horns.

(3) Sir Sikander Hayat does not mind the formation of a Coalition Ministry——provided he remains Premier of Punjab.

Chamberlain On His Mission To Italy

New Chapter Of Friendship & Confidence Opened

Italy Always Believes In Peace Founded On Justice, Says Duce

ROME, Jan. 11.

Mr. Chamberlain speaking at the banquet at Palazzo Venezia revealed that Britain and Italy had begun yesterday exchange of military information for which the Anglo-Italian Agreement provided.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN ADDED: "CONVINCED AS WE ARE THAT OUR INTERESTS IN THE MEDITERRANEAN, WHILE VITALLY IMPORTANT TO US BOTH, YET NEED IN NO WAY BE IN CONFLICT WITH ONE ANOTHER, WE BELIEVE THAT THE AGREEMENT HAS OPENED A NEW CHAPTER OF FRIENDSHIP AND CONFIDENCE BETWEEN US WHICH SHOULD BE FRUITFUL FOR THE FUTURE STABILITY OF EUROPE."

He hoped that the two nations would co-operate in the task of securing lasting peace in Europe and concluded by proposing a toast of the King of Italy and Emperor of Ethiopia and the prosperity of the Italian people.

There were wonderful scenes of enthusiasm outside Palazzo Venezia when Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Halifax arrived at the Square packed with a hundred thousand people who cheered heartily.

Mr. Chamberlain waved his silk hat and seemed very pleased. There were no troops and police in evidence as is usually the case.

At the banquet at Palazzo Venezia Signor Mussolini proposing the health of the British statesmen cordially welcomed the "most welcome guests representing a great friendly nation." Voicing the sympathy with which the Italian people followed the efforts of Mr. Chamberlain and the British Government.

Signor Mussolini continued, "Your spirit of comprehension and firmness with which you, Mr. Chamberlain, have personally collaborated towards a fair solution of those problems which weighed on the life of Europe last September, and the tenacity with which you pursued a programme of reconciliation and peace have been most sincerely appreciated by my country which has always believed in peace founded on justice, this being the final goal envisaged by the policy of fascist Italy.

"The Anglo-Italian Agreements, which have recently entered into force, have placed Anglo-Italian relations on a sound basis, and not only reconstituted the friendship between the two countries on a new phase of friendship and understanding of the new Mediterranean and African realities, but also opened the road to collaborations which is a necessary element to peace in Europe, and which, we hope, will be both lasting and fruitful. To that hope I add my sincerest feeling of friendship for you personally."

Chamberlain's Reply

Mr. Chamberlain in his reply at the banquet said that he was greatly touched by the cordial sentiments expressed by Signor Mussolini towards himself and his country.

Lord Halifax and himself were deeply moved by the warmth of the reception in the capital of the Italian Empire.

It was a real pleasure to both of them to revisit Italy and see the new Italy, powerful and progressive, which had arisen under the Duce's guidance and inspiration.

"It is as the representative of a great nation whose desire is to remain on close and friendly, even intimate relations with another great nation that I am here to-day."

Alluding to the "flattering" reference by Signor Mussolini to his part in finding a solution of the September crisis, Mr. Chamberlain reiterated that all were deeply indebted to Signor Mussolini for the help and co-operation which contributed so decisively to the peaceful result of the Munich Conference.

Mr. Chamberlain said that he had come to Rome in pursuit of the policy by which he stood, policy of friendship with all, enmity with none, and directed to a just and peaceful solution of international difficulties by the method of negotiation. He was happy to think that their two Governments were able to give concrete expression to this policy in the Anglo-Italian agreement.—Reuter.

SPECULATION ON SUBJECTS DISCUSSED

PARIS, Jan. 12.

"An ovation such as Herr Hitler himself did not receive" is how 'le Journal' describes the welcome given to the British Ministers at Rome.

Most of the commentators are concerned with speculating on the subjects discussed yesterday, and say that an attitude of waiting and reserve was manifested.—Reuter.

BRITISH MINISTERS AT ITALY'S WAR MEMORIAL

ROME, Jan. 12.

After Lord Halifax had paid a courtesy call on Count Ciano this morning, Mr. Chamberlain was cheered by crowds, when he appeared and proceeded to the Pantheon and paid his respects at the tombs of Italy's Kings and laid handsome wreaths.

Afterwards accompanied by Lord Halifax he visited the tomb of the Unknown Warrior at the Piazza Venezia. It was a magnificent colourful scene, with the troops drawn up in square facing the four flights of steps leading to the monument. The British Prime Minister was greeted by Prince Colonna, Governor of Rome, and high officers of the army and navy.

Immediately after the ceremony, Mr. Chamberlain drove to the Quirenal to interview King Victor Emmanuel. The British Ministers are lunching with the King at the palace.—Reuter.

HALIFAX MEETS CIANO

ROME, Jan. 12.

In addition to the programme already fixed for the British Ministers to-day Lord Halifax called on Count Ciano at 10 a.m., at Palazzo Chigi.

The weather was bright and the sun was shining between the clouds as the long day's programme began. It was announced beforehand that no important discussion would take place, the call being purely a courtesy visit, but the talk lasted an hour.

It is thought probable that Count Ciano developed his views on Italy's aspirations and as the contribution to peace which Britain might make by giving them her full comprehension and it is also thought likely that he drew attention to the success of Gen. Franco's offensive and Sgr. Mussolini's intention to consider favourably the American appeal to mediate in the question of Jewish refugees.—Reuter.

Chamberlain Lunches With Italian King

ROME, January 12.

Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Halifax were loudly applauded by large crowds as they drove to the Quirinal.

Among those present at the lunch whereat Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Halifax were guests of honour were Prince Piedmont, Sgr. Mussolini, Count Ciano, Lord Perth, Sgr. Grandi, Italian Ministers of State and high officials of the Royal household.—Reuter.

Newspapers Welcome British Ministers

GENOA, Jan. 11.

Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Halifax arrived at Noa at 9-5 a.m. (G. M. T.) by special train. Both smiled happily as they alighted from the train for their first official reception in Italy. British residents and visitors at the Riviera, who had flocked to Genoa then, were in full force on the platform and sang "For he is a jolly good fellow." Then the band of 43rd Infantry played 'God Save the King.'

Sir Noel Charles, First Counsellor of the Embassy, greeted the Ministers who were presented to the Genoa authorities, Fascist Federal Secretary, Mayor and representatives of armed forces. Mr. Chamberlain reviewed guards of honour.

ITALY'S WELCOME.

The arrival of Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Halifax on Italian territory is the sequel for an outburst of welcoming articles in all newspapers. Big headlines and photographs of the Ministers and long accounts of their departure from England cover the front pages.

"The Messagero" publishes a long account of the Chamberlain family and illustrated articles about the two Ministers are found in every newspaper. Some papers, while expressing a cordial welcome appear not entirely confident regarding the conversations and express the opinion that the problems to be faced are undoubtedly grave.—Reuter.

ROME VISIT—PROMINENCE IN BERLIN PRESS.

BERLIN, Jan. 12.

Mr. Chamberlain's visit to Rome is the most prominent news in the Berlin press to-night. Long and very cordially worded reports of Rome correspondents describe in detail the friendly welcome accorded to the British guests in Italy.—Reuter.

MORE SUPPORT TO MACKENZIE KING

Prospects Of Canada's General Elections

OTTAWA, Jan. 13.

The fourth and probably the last session of the present Parliament opens to-day with a speech from the Throne by Lord Tweedsmuir.

It is expected that defence estimate may be as high as 65 million dollars compared with 34 million last year, which then was a record and caused bitter debates. The Royal Commission on Dominion and Provincial relations has completed investigations and it is expected that its report will be discussed at length and will serve as the basis for remodelling the Canadian constitution.

The session will also be given an opportunity to discuss Canada's attitude to the Empire during the September international crisis.

PROSPECTS OF ELECTION.

The Conservatives have a new leader Mr. R. J. Manion, who succeeded Mr. Bennett, while the dissentions among Liberals due to the controversy between Mr. Mackenzie King and Mr. Hepburn have been overcome and it is announced that Mr. Hepburn and his followers will back Mr. Mackenzie King's Government in the general election.—Reuter.

HOLLAND SHOOTING INCIDENT

AMSTERDAM, January 12.

M. Patijn has promised full investigation into the subject of the shooting incidents at the request of German minister, Count Vonzech. Meanwhile special guards have been placed at the German Legation and Consulates.

HOW INCIDENTS HAPPENED

A semi-official statement says: "The Chancellor of the German Consulate-General at Amsterdam informed the authorities that the front window of his house was perforated, apparently by bullet. A similar case was discovered at the Hague on January 10 at the house adjoining the German Legation used by the Secretary to the Legation. Bullets apparently from a firearm of small calibre. At the Hague a small bullet was found to have entered a room high up. The bullet had only limited power. The incident occurred during the night, when no one was present. The incident at Amsterdam occurred at midday. Again no one was present. The police are making an enquiry, while the German Legation and Consulates are being specially watched."—Reuter.

Berlin Indignant At Amsterdam & Hague Incidents

BERLIN, Jan. 12.

There is great indignation here at the reports of incidents in Amsterdam and the Hague where, it is stated, shots were fired at the residence of an official of the German Consulate and the office of the Secretary of the German Legation respectively. Official representations have been made to the Dutch Government. News papers lay the blame on "Jewish agitation in the Netherlands."—Reuter Special.

NO COMPLAINT ABOUT TREATMENT.

LONDON, Jan. 12.

The Foreign Office states that information has been received that Mr. Jerram has visited the Goldings who have no complaint to make about their treatment while detained.—Reuter.

Republicans' Victory On Cordoba Front

Rebels' Strong Position Threatened

BARCELONA, Jan. 11.

The capture by the Republican forces of two important positions on the Cordoba front, namely, Picdesantaines and Coldecasturea is reported from Jaen.

It is claimed that this success intensifies the threat to Mounterrubio, where a large force of Rebel reinforcements in Estremadura is believed to have been concentrated, by providing a broader base for Republican attacks.

It is stated that many prisoners have been taken and also abundant war materials. The counter attack launched by the Rebel reinforcement in an attempt to relieve the situation at Penarroya is reported to have been repulsed. The Republicans are improving their positions.—Reuter.

REBEL ADVANCE CONTINUES

Republicans Abandon First Line Of Defence

LERIDA, Jan. 11.

Before the occupation of Montblanch, the right flank of General Franco's army straightened out in a line. The average distance of this line—stretching forty miles from Morelanueva on the Ebro to Solivela to the north of Montblanch—from the Mediterranean was sixteen miles.

It was threatened five of the biggest towns of the Tarragona province. The Rebel advance continued in all sectors. Indications are that the Republicans made a general retreat to their second line of defence running from Seodeurgel in the Pyrenees directly South through Pons, Cervera and Valls to Tarragona.

It is claimed that General Franco has now occupied 125 towns and villages in an area holding a quarter million inhabitants.—

The Spanish Trade Unionists, according to a Spanish press agency Barcelona despatch, have appealed to the British Trade Union Congress saying, "in this hour, decisive both for our cause and for world democracy, we trust that the British Trade Union movement will act quickly on our behalf."

The appeal adds that Rebels regard the offensive on Catalonia as the decisive battle but Republicans can conquer by unity, self-sacrifice and hard effort.

These successes were achieved by the right flank of General Franco's Catalan army which is operating over a 30-mile front. A formidable line flank holds the stretches from Moradeebro Bridgehead to Mountblanch.

Yet another force whose aim is also Tarragona is advancing along the highway from Gandesa, now three miles from Falset. Towns of Valls and Reus, which form part of Republicans last line of defence before Tarragona are threatened from two directions.—Reuter

"JOSE-LUIZ-DIEZ" ECHO

British Protest To Spanish Rebels

LONDON Jan. 12.

It is learned the British Government have sent a strong protest to Gen. Franco regarding the action of Nationalist warships, when Republican destroyer "Jose-Luis-Diez" slipped out of Gibraltar last month.

It is stated Nationalist vessels violated the British Territorial Waters and the note of protest reserves the right to claim compensation and damage.

The Govt. have also protested to Burgos against what they consider a deliberate attack on British ship "Marionga" on high seas on December 29 "Marionga" was machine-gunned from the air twenty miles off Cape Sanantonio "en route" from Oran to Barcelona. A bomb was also dropped near the ship. No damage was done and no one injured.—Reuter.

REBELS CAPTURE MONT BLANCH

SARAGOSSA, Jan. 12.

The Nationalists have captured Mont Blanch.—Reuter.

WHEAT AGREEMENT.

LONDON, Jan. 12.

Complete agreement was reached at to-day's meeting of the International Wheat Advisory Committee for convening an International Wheat Conference. The time and place are to be fixed.—Reuter.

EMIGRATION OF JEWS FROM GERMANY

Refugee Committee Head Discusses Question With Dr. Schacht

BERLIN, Jan. 12.

Mr. Rublee, head of the Refugee Committee, and his colleagues talked for an hour and half with Dr. Schacht, when several points arose in connection with the financial aspects of the proposed scheme for facilitating Jews to emigrate from Germany.

Dr. Schacht stated he would have to consult with Government. It is understood that there will be further talks.—Reuter.

Nazi-Fascist Economic Outlook

BERLIN, Jan. 12.

I am able to state that all problems have been settled in principle to mutual satisfaction, declared Dr. Funk, when he returned from Rome where he discussed economic questions.

Dr. Funk added: "I left Italy with the conviction that the friendship between the two countries had been beneficial to our economic relations".—Reuter.

HUNGARIAN FOREIGN MINISTER TO VISIT BERLIN.

BERLIN, Jan. 12.

Dr. Csaky the Hungarian Foreign Minister is arriving on Jan. 16 for two days discussions with Herr von Ribbentrop.—Reuter.

RUTHENIANS & HUNGARIANS CLASH AGAIN

PRAGUE, January 11.

A new incident is reported on the Ruthenian-Hungarian border near Bervinko's last night. According to Ruthenian accounts fire was opened from the Hungarian side and lasted an hour. The Hungarians used one heavy and two light machine-guns and threw handgrenades.—Reuter.

FRENCH HIGH COMMISSIONER'S BROADCAST TO SYRIA

BEIRUT, Jan. 11.

In the present state of international equilibrium the presence of France was the only effective guarantee of the independence of Syria, said the new High-Commissioner, Puaux, in a broadcast.

If France's power weakened the dearest dreams of the Syrian patriots would disappear. As mandatory France asked for nothing except loyal and wholehearted friendship of the Syrians. "May they doubt neither the strength nor the generosity of France."—Reuter

WORLD SUGAR CONFERENCE OPENS

LONDON Jan. 12.

A meeting of the International Sugar Council opened in London for the purpose of considering the statistical position following the agreement signed last July and the estimates of worlds requirements as set off against world quotas.

The position is complicated by a shortage amounting to 100,000 to 120,000 tons beet sugar in England and it is expected one of the chief questions to be considered at the conference will be the extra amount required for the sugar market in Great Britain.—Reuter.

List Of Charges Against Goldings Not Produced

ST. JEAN DE LUZE, Jan. 12.

The Spanish authorities are still unable to produce a list of charges formulated against Mr. Goldings, the British Pro-Consul at Sansabastain, who was arrested by the rebels in connection with mail bag mystery.

The latter has chosen a Spanish Advocate to deal with the case.—Reuter.

Prince Valdemar

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 12.

Prince Valdemar, great uncle of King George VI. is suffering from an attack of bronchitis and is feared to be dying.—Reuter.

SPEEDING UP U. S. ARMAMENTS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.

President Roosevelt in the course of his special message to the Congress says: A careful examination of the most imperative present needs leads me to recommend an appropriation in this session of the Congress with as great speed as possible of approximately 525 million dollars of which approximately 210 million will actually be spent from the Treasury before the end of the fiscal year ending 30/6/1940. A survey indicates that of this sum approximately 450 million dollars should be allocated for new needs of the army and 65 million for new needs of the Navy and 10 million dollars for training of Civilian air pilots.—Reuter.

QUEER LOGIC OF BR. TRADE COMMISSIONER

Bogey Of India's Financial Collapse By Home-Production

LONDON, Jan. 12.

THE COLLAPSE OF THE FINANCIAL AND ECONOMIC FABRIC OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, SHOULD THE PRESENT POLICY OF MORE DOMESTIC PRODUCTION BE EXTENDED UNTIL IMPORTS ARE EXTINGUISHED IS FORECAST BY SIR THOMAS AINSCOUGH, SENIOR TRADE COMMISSIONER IN INDIA AND CEYLON IN A REVIEW OF THE UNITED KINGDOM TRADE WITH INDIA IN 1937-38.

Homily On Home Production

The Report says, "While Indian public men, both politicians and industrialists favoured this extension of domestic production, no doubt was being expressed as to how such a policy be carried out simultaneously with the maintenance of considerable excess of export of agricultural produce on which the whole economic system of India is based.

BOGEY OF INDIA'S COLLAPSE

"The policy of maximum industrialism, if followed to lengths contemplated by the present Congress authorities and Provincial Governments, must inevitably lead firstly, to serious clash of interest with the agricultural element, which constitutes nearly 70 per cent of the population; secondly, to a crisis in India's finances as the Government of India rely upon customs receipts for some 40 per cent of the revenue and lastly, to a collapse of the financial and economic fabric of the Government of India, which is dependent upon the excess balance of exports in order to meet India's financial commitments in London and maintain the Exchange."

During the past ten years scores of new industrial enterprises have been inaugurated in India displacing the imports largely obtained from the United Kingdom and providing customs revenue for the Government of India.

WARNING TO BRITAIN

The report adds: "The contraction of the Indian market as an outlet for overseas manufactured goods on account of the rapidly mounting domestic production is an issue, which must be squarely faced by the United Kingdom manufacturers and exporters During the past two years India has lost pride of place as the greatest market of the world for United Kingdom goods and now ranks as third having been surpassed by South Africa and Australia." The report covers the period upto September.—Reuter.

FASCIST MENACE TO DEMOCRACIES

Future Of Spain Will Tell On Latin America

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.

A map showing nineteen air bases in Basque country, alleged to have been constructed by Italians and Germans was presented to journalists at a press conference by Dr. Fernando De Los Rios, the Spanish Ambassador in Washington.

Dr. De Los Rios said that Fascist intervention had prompted the desire for air fields and submarine bases, which, he alleged, Germany had established in Canary Isles. He urged the lifting of the arms embargo, saying that the only thing that the Republicans needed was arms and munitions and asserted that Totalitarian States wished Gen. Franco to be a puppet, through whom they could drive into Latin America.—Reuter.

AMERICAN BOMBERS FOR BRITAIN

BARBAKS (California), Jan. 12.

With the Squadron-leader James Adams at the controls, the first of the two hunderd Accressa, bombers ordered for Britain are flying on January 14 to New-York. Twelve more will be completed in February.—Reuter.

BURRINJUCK DAM IN DANGER

SYDNEY, Jan. 12.

A serious weakness has been discovered in the famous Burrinjuck Dam, the greatest in Australia and following expert examination, the New South Wales Government has decided that remedial work be undertaken immediately.—Reuter.

THERE WON'T BE ANY WAR

American Senator's View Of European Situation

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.

Whilst Congress awaited defence message, reverberations of the Ambassadors' testimony continue to be felt. Certain Congressmen have expressed scepticism with regard to their validity.

Senator Reynolds from his recent experience of Europe is reported to have stated that there would be no war and the United States was in no danger. Another Congressman said that he deplores exaggerated emphasis on the dictators' strength. "We are no child to be frightened by bogey men."—Reuter.

HUNGARY LODGES PROTEST

BUDAPEST, Jan. 12

The Hungarian Government have energetically protested to the Czechoslovakian Legation concerning the border incident (reported earlier).

According to the Hungarian version, Czech military detachments opened fire in the Hungarian village of Larkaszo and its environs and only desisted after a Hungarian officer had protested by telephone.—Reuter.

GREATER CONFIDENCE FOR PEACE.

ROME, Jan. 12.

Little can be gleaned about the 90 minutes' talk of the four statesmen, but the general impression is that the atmosphere is one of greater confidence for peace, following the preliminary conversations. No question of Italian demands or French attitude thereto has arisen.—Reuter

World Achievement.

St. Sophia

The mention of Constantinople brings to mind St. Sophia.

Justinian's greatest work, it was begun in 532 and dedicated five years after. Marking the highest development of Byzantine style in architecture, it has since been the model for almost all Greek churches, and even for hundreds of mosques.

The problem the architects (Anthemium of Tralles and Isidorus of Miletus) had to solve was this: How to carry a dome, 107 feet in diameter on four arches, the arches forming the central square or court of the church. Their original dome fell down less than 20 years after it was built, but the work was begun again, and the dome we see to-day was erected soon after. It was made higher still, and pierced at a low level with 40 windows, all giving an extraordinary lightness to the structure.

Of the four central arches below the dome, two are filled with lofty columns.

The church was built of brick, the internal walls being encased in thin slabs of precious marble. Above the marble the walls have frescoes on a gold ground. The columns on the ground floor are of porphyry, those on the upper storey of verd antique.

The church is 240 feet long, and the apex of the dome is 175 feet above the floor. It is has been said that the lighting is admirably distributed, and that the rich decoration of the marble slabs, the monolith columns, the elaborate carving of the capitals, the beautiful marble inlay of the spandrels, and the glimpses here and there are some of the mosaics give to this church an effect which is unparalleled by any other interior in the world.

Sydenham College Silver Jubilee

Supplier Of Commercial And Industrial Talent To All India, Says Governor

THE ANNUAL COLLEGE DAY SILVER JUBILEE CELEBRATIONS OF THE SYDENHAM COLLEGE OF COMMERCE AND ECONOMICS CAME OFF ON THURSDAY EVENING, SIR ROGER LUMLEY, GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY, PRESIDING.

LARGE GATHERING OF PAST AND PRESENT STUDENTS AND DISTINGUISHED CITIZENS WAS PRESENT.

700 Students

Referring to the rapid growth and development of the institution, Principal M. J. Antia stated that the college now boasted of 700 students. It was peculiarly appropriate, he added, that the college should have reached its present high watermark of progress in the current year which was also its Silver Jubilee year. He thought that it would grow from strength to strength in the near future.

Reviewing the history of the College, Mr. Antia stated:

"This College which was founded in October 1913 owes its existence partly to the great interest taken by the late Lord Sydenham in promoting higher commercial education in the Province and partly to the munificence of several public spirited citizens and the co-operation and practical help of leading trade associations like the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, the Bombay Millowners' Association, the Indian Merchants' Chamber, the Native Piecegoods Merchants' Association and the Ahmedabad Millowners' Association. The prominent donors were the late Sir Jugmohandas Vurjivandas, who gave a handsome donation of Rs. 2,25,000, the late Sir Chinubhai Madhavlal, first Baronet, who gave a donation of Rs. 1,00,000 and the Trustees of the N. M. Wadia Charities who gave securities yielding an annual income of Rs. 4,500.

TRANSFER OF COLLEGE.

"The transfer of the College from Whiteaway Laidlaw Buildings to its present premises appeared at one time to solve the question of accommodation once for all, and this is not to be wondered at, as in those days the recent remarkable increase in the demand for higher commercial education and the consequent large increase in the number of students could not be foreseen. In 1922 the number of students was only 200. Since then, however, the number has been continuously increasing. In 1932 this number had steadily risen to 300.

COLLEGE PLATOON.

It is gratifying to me to refer to the progress made by the College Platoon in the U. T. C. in the current year. The College Platoon was at its full strength during the year and acquitted itself creditably in the Company sports by carrying off most of the prizes as well as the Company Athletic Championship. Our Platoon also annexed the shooting shield for the year.

In the Inter-Group University Sports held in Bombay in December last this College had two representatives in Mr. D. H. Kapadia and Mr. V. Lobo, both of whom acquitted themselves creditably in some of the athletic events. In Mr. Lobo, who was admitted to the College only last term, we have a promising sportsman, of whom much can be expected in future years.

"I feel confident however that the College is destined to play a very important role in the future educational life of this province and that it will make a still larger contribution to the development of its commercial and industrial life by sending forth every year a large number of young men well equipped with business training and imbued with enthusiasm for service of their motherland, and I hope that in this work we shall be able to secure the fullest sympathy and co-operation of all business interests in the Province."

MORARJI'S OPTIMISM.

Mr. Gordhandas Morarji, on behalf of the Indian Merchants' Chamber stated that his chamber had watched with pride and honour the progress made by the college and he hoped that when the college would be housed near the building of the Indian Merchants' Chamber there would more intimate contacts between the Chamber and the college.

With regard to the problem of unemployment referred to by the Principal of the college Mr. Morarji stated that he was very optimistic about the problem as industrialisation was rapidly progressing in this country.

GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

After Lady Lumley distributed prizes for the students of the College, Sir Roger Lumley, Governor of Bombay, thanked his hosts on the occasion which he characterised as "an important mile-stone in the history of the College.

Continuing he said:

The great commercial bodies of the Presidency have been intimately associated with your College since its foundation, and I know how much you owe to them for their help and guidance. The value to a College such as this of close contact with those engaged in commercial pursuits cannot be over-emphasised, and I am confident that the relationship which has been maintained in the past will continue and will add to the prosperity both of the Presidency and of the College.

"Your College now enters on its second quarter century and under favourable auspices. You have my very best wishes for the future. Your Principal has referred to the predominance Madras has long enjoyed in the matter of Secondary Commercial Education. It is my hope that, as the first institution in India dealing with higher commercial education to attain University status, you may supply not only this Province, but the whole of India with men thoroughly qualified to assume responsible positions in industry and commerce.

BARODA PREPARES FOR SARDAR'S VISIT

(From Our Correspondent)

BARODA, Jan. 10.

Mr. Bhailalbhai Amin has gone to Bardoli to see Sardar Patel. He will discuss with the Sardar the questions of reforms and Responsible Government movement of Praja Mandal.

PURSE OF 1,001.

Sauli Taluka will present a purse of Rs. 1001 to Sardar Patel.

FARMER'S 'KUCH'

Farmers from Sauli, Dabhoi Karjan, Padra and Vaghodia Taluka will come on foot in procession ('Kuch') to Baroda from their respective villages to hear Sardar's speech.

Sardar Patel will arrive here on the 22nd instant. He will stay here for two days and attend the meeting of the Working Committee of Baroda Raj Praja Mandal.

LIQUOR PICKETING

The Navsari Praja Mandal has arranged liquor picketing on the Border Shops of Palsana Taluka.

DR. GILDER'S VISIT

Government Press note says that Baroda Government had no talk, on 12th December with Dr. Gilder when he came to Baroda on prohibition.

BARDOLI DECISIONS

(Continued from page 1)

or misunderstandings, it should reaffirm its policy once again.

Hence the Working Committee has been devoting much time and attention to this question and desires to give proper instructions to the Congress Ministers

Draft Scheme

The main points considered in the draft scheme, which has almost been approved by now, are the political rights of minorities, particularly Muslims in Local Bodies, Municipalities and in other fields of Parliamentary activity.

FACILITIES FOR MINORITIES.

The scheme also deals with the need to provide adequate representation, especially for Muslims in various services and emphasises the need for giving full facility for education for minorities, particularly Muslims. It is urged that the Congress Government should take steps to provide schools for Muslims for their proper education, wherever these facilities are lacking.

PROTECTION OF CULTURE.

The Congress policy of protecting the culture, language, religion etc. is further reiterated. With regard to the controversy regarding music before mosque and cow slaughter, the scheme, it is understood, emphasises the need for Congress Governments to respect customs and see in case of music before mosque that Muslim sentiment is in no way wounded and that in case of cow-slaughter Hindu sentiment is respected.

FLAG CONTROVERSY.

With regard to the Flag controversy it is stated the "Instrument of Instructions" given direction to the Congress Governments that *the Congress tri-colour flag should be hoisted on public buildings only if there is unanimity of opinion and not otherwise.*

"VANDE MATARAM."

Similarly with regard to singing of "Vande Mataram" it is pointed out that the Congress has already deleted portions from the song, which had been objected to by Muslims and the hope is expressed that Muslims will not now adopt an unreasonable attitude towards the other portions of the song, which are quite innocuous.

It is hoped the Working Committee will conclude its session to-morrow evening.

ELECTION IRREGULARITIES

The Congress Working Committee devoted its morning sitting to the consideration of an appeal from the Khandwa District Congress Committee regarding election irregularities. The Committee has deputed Mr Hari Krishna Mahtab to enquire into these irregularities.

The Committee also considered an appeal from the Andhra Congressman Mr. Sundaraih against the disqualification placed on him by the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee on the ground that he had been openly declaring himself as a believer in Marxist theories and violence as a means for the achievement of Indian Independence.

The Committee passed a resolution reaffirming that everyone who prescribed to Article One of the Congress Constitution could become a Congress Member subject to the 'proviso' that he did not advocate or preach violence. Following this resolution, Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramayya, the President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, has wired to the Nellore District Congress Committee to order a re-election and has permitted Mr. Sundharaih to contest the re-election.

The Committee heard Babu Rajendra Prasad for a short while on the situation created in Bihar by the agitation carried on by Kisan Sabha leaders.

When the Committee reassembles after lunch, Mahatma Gandhi will join the Committee and the discussion on the Communal question will be resumed.—A. P.

HYDERABAD DEPUTATION WAITS ON MAHATMA

BARDOLI, January 12.

A delegation of the Hyderabad State's people arrived here this morning.

The delegation met Mahatma Gandhi in the afternoon, and acquainted him with the latest situation in the Hyderabad movement.

It is understood that while the State authorities are willing to release the non-State prisoners, they are not prepared to extend the same consideration to State prisoners.—United Press.

Indianisation Of Army

Committee Appointed To Examine Progress Of Scheme

NEW DELHI, Jan. 12.

The Government of India have appointed a committee with the following terms of reference to examine the question of Indianisation of officer ranks of the Indian Army:

"To examine the progress of Indianisation of Officer Ranks of the Indian Army with a view to determining whether results achieved justify the acceleration and if it appears from the examination that they do not, to consider such alterations in the system of recruitment to the Indian Military Academy as may be expected to lead to improvement in the number of suitable candidates and to make recommendations."

PERSONNEL.

The Chairman of the Committee will be Lt.-General Sir R. C. Wilson, K.C.B., D.S.O., N.C., Adjutant General in India.

The following have accepted invitations to serve on the Committee: The Hon. Sir A. P. Patro, the Hon. V. V. Kalikar, the Hon. Nawabzada Khurshed Ali Khan, Capt. Sardar Sir Sher Mohomed Khan, Capt. Sardar Bahadur Dalpat Singh, M. L. A. (Central), Lt.-Col. M. A. Rahman, M. L. A. (Central), P. R. Dazen, M. L. A. (Central), Khan Bahadur Nawab Muzaffar Khan, C I E., Sir Joginder Singh, Dr. B. S. Monje, Mr. C. M. G. Ogilvie, D. S. O., and Commander of the First Abbotabad Infantry Brigade.

Owing to the pending session of both houses of the Legislature, it has been decided to convene the Committee later in the year. The date will be notified in due course.—United Press.

JAIPUR DURBAR'S 'NO' TO PRAJAMANDAL

JAIPUR, Jan. 12.

(From Our Correspondent).

The State in an official notification to-day declares refusal to recognise the Jaipur Prajamandal and states that the Maharaja would not consider, a form of administration responsible to the public was the one suited to the needs of his people.

NEW USES OF TIMBER

Charts For Beams Prepared

NEW DELHI, (By Mail.)

To increase the utilisation of timber in structures and to simplify the work of timber designing, the Forest Research Institute has prepared charts for the design of timber beams.

From these charts, the proper sizes of timber beams for any given condition of span and loading, and for any given species, can be readily obtained without any calculation, by simply following the lines on the charts with a pointer.

Before they were printed, the charts were shown to the officers of the Royal Engineers at Roorkee who reported favourably and have asked for permission to reproduce the charts in the Military Engineering Service Handbook.

The charts have recently been issued to Engineers and others, and judging by the numerous letters that have been received they are proving to be of value to those whose work comprises the designing of wooden beams Engineering Colleges also are finding them valuable for instructional purposes.

PROHIBITION IN BARODA STATE

Plan To Aid Campaign In Ahmedabad And Bardoli Dry Areas

(From Our Correspondent)

BARODA, (By Mail.)

It is decided that the Baroda Government should co-operate with the Bombay Government as shown below on 16-8-38.

AHMEDABAD DRY AREA.

1. The shops lying upto 17 miles from Ahmedabad city will be rationed on the basis of the average sales of the last three years plus 10 p. c.

2. Kathawada charas shop will be prohibited and no new shop will be opened within 10 miles of the dry area border.

BARDOLI PROHIBITION

1. Country liquor shops of the Navsari District which lie within two miles of the Bardoli border will be closed.

2. Country liquor shops of Baben and Sarona will be shifted from the present sites further among from the Bardoli border.

3. All country liquor shops situated within 5 miles of the Bardoli border will be rationed on the basis of the average sales of the last three years plus 10 per cent.

4. Toddy shops within 2 miles of Bardoli border will be closed. The number of tody shops and booths existing at present within 5 miles of the Bardoli taluka border will not be increased.

5. No new country liquor or toddy shops will be opened within a radius of ten miles of the border and no shop will be removed to the border.

JAMBUSAR AND WAGHA DRY AREAS

The shops which lie within 3 miles of the border of Jambusar and Wagha talukas will be rationed on the basis of the average sales of last three years plus 10 per cent.

Licensees will be blacklisted if it is proved that liquor or toddy is smuggled in the prohibited area from the Baroda State liquor or toddy shops.

This co-operating agreement will be carried from 1-4-39 and toddy shops from 1-8-39

If Baroda Government will put this in force then 32 shops will be closed by this and 51 shops will be rationed.

CUTCH RULER ADMITS CHANGE IN TIMES

No Lagging Behind, Says Maharao Of Cutch

His Highness the Maharao of Cutch, in the course of an interview stated that from what he had seen both in India and England he felt that the British Government was anxious to introduce the Federal Scheme.

The attitude of Cutch State in this connection depended upon the collective attitude of the Indian Princes in general. For his own part, His Highness was inclined to join the Federation if the special interests of Cutch in the matter of Maritime Customs and a few other matters were safeguarded.

NO PRESSURE ON PRINCES.

Replying to further questions, His Highness stated that the British Government was not bringing any pressure on the Princes to introduce Responsible Government in their States. As for the Cutch State, he was considering what reforms to be introduced and was holding necessary consultations in this matter.

CHANGING TIMES.

Asked whether the Rajkot episode was likely to bring about a new reorientation in the attitude of the Princes towards their subjects, the Maharao said that Rajkot has had no effect. The Princes however, all realized that times were changing and that they could not lag behind the changing times.

Abdul Karim Jan Mahomed who was arrested yesterday by the excise police on a charge of importing liquor from the suburbs to the city, was placed to-day before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, and ordered to be released on bail.

A SHORT STORY

Pleasant Summer

BY VIC YARDMAN

Trouble began at the Welcome U Dude ranch when Johnny Summer arrived. Johnny was a fiction writer, who had come West to study the country and its people and maybe do a local colour story or two.

That was all right; it probably would have worked out fine, but the unhappy fact was that we already had a writer. Her name was Martha Pleasant, and she had come to the Welcome U with exactly the same idea as had Johnny.

Now you'd think that two writers could get along. I mean, you take a couple of ditch diggers or stock brokers or carpenters or doctors—they'd get along all right. But not writers. Not at least, Johnny Summer and Martha Pleasant.

Rivalry sprung up at once. You see, there was one old codger on the ranch named Sprout Simons who had lived during the frontier days. He had drooping mustaches and a battered old hat and a six-shooter with nine notches cut in the handle. He talked with a drawl and at the drop of a hat. In fact, I've heard him talk when no hats dropped at all.

Peter Rae—he owns the Welcome U—kept Sprout on the payroll to provide what he called atmosphere. Now, Sprout may have exuded this so-called atmosphere in large and plentiful quantities. I don't know, nor care. But to us boys, Sprout was just a mangy, tiresome old windbag who told a flock of lies about chasing Indians and bad men and participating in cattle raids and narrow escapes.

But Peter must have known his business, because the dudes flocked around Sprout like he was passing out dol. 1000 bills.

The day Martha Pleasant arrived she heard about Sprout and looked him up. After a half-hour or so she came back to the house and her eyes were glowing. She acted like she'd discovered a placer deposit and staked out a million-dollar claim for herself.

It was the next day that Johnny Summer landed at the ranch. An hour after he got there Martha saw him talking with Sprout, and the way she acted you'd think Johnny had muscled in on a business deal involving millions.

Well, sir, you never did see anything like the way them two carried on. They hated each other the way a road-runner hates a rattler. They watched each other like hawks. If one of 'em so much as said "Good morning" to Sprout, the other'd come running up and demand to know what Sprout had given out by way of a story.

Then, when we'd all be sitting around talking, Johnny would come up and stand listening, and pretty soon he'd reach into his pocket, produce pencil and paper and jot down a note. Martha would flare up like a mother hen and accuse him of cheating.

"I promoted this idea," she'd say. "Any suggestions that result are mine."

"Well, well," Johnny would answer sarcastically, "are ideas something you buy these days like eggs?"

The summer wore on and things began to get unpleasant around the ranch. I mean other guests, at first amused, began to get fed up with the way these two kids were acting. That was bad for business, and Peter, not wishing to offend anyone, called me aside and allowed that because I was foreman it was up to me to do something toward remedying the situation and to be tactful about it.

Do something! Ha! What could I do? Well, the only thing I could think of was to talk to Sprout. Sprout, it seemed, was tickled to death with the whole business. He'd been egging those kids on and handing 'em stories about gunfights that the wildest of the wild west mags wouldn't publish.

Well, sir, that gave me another idea. I wrote to a friend of mine in New York, which is where both Johnny and Martha come from, and I had my friend do some investigating. The result of the investigation proved that neither Martha nor Johnny had ever sold a story.

This, I thought, was a hot one. Here they were fighting like cats and dogs, and neither of 'em had ever sold a story. Well, I thought, here's something. So I got hold of Sprout and I poured forth and Sprout agreed to do his bit.

So the next time we went on a camping trip we arranged for it to look like Martha was in danger, which reaction on Johnny was just like we expected. He come galloping to the rescue, and you could tell by the way them two looked at each other that they didn't hate one another at all.

And right then Sprout and me come out with our big idea. Perhaps, we suggested, if they collaborated on one of these stories they might be able to sell it. Two heads are better than one, and so forth.

Johnny and Martha looked at each other and it was plain that here was a solution to their problem. They could call off the feud without either of them losing face.

We watched with interest the result of that collaboration. Toward the end of the summer they finished up the story they were writing and shipped it air mail to a publisher with a letter saying that the two authors would share jointly in the proceeds. The publisher saw the humour of the thing and shipped the story back air mail.

Well, sir, things looked worse than ever. Johnny was on the point of blaming Martha, and Martha on the point of blaming Johnny. Likely fireworks would have resulted, but for the fact that the Rev. Samuel Poker and his wife arrived at the ranch about then for a short vacation, and sight of him gave Sprout an idea which he suggested to Johnny and Martha. They thought it over and once more saw a solution to their problem.

So Johnny Summer and Martha Pleasant were married there on the ranch, and all I can say is I hope they have a pleasant summer next year— somewhere else besides on the Welcome U.

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TRAM-CAR LORRY COLLISION

Driver, Conductor And Four Passengers Injured

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A lorry raced on the side of a tram car proceeding along Clare Road towards Nagpada junction and collided with it, at 5-30 this evening.

The impact was so severe that the front coach of the tram car, was derailed completely to the right, and the lorry itself was overturned.

The driver and conductor of the tram were seriously injured and removed to the hospital. Four other passengers who received minor injuries were treated and allowed to go.

The driver of the lorry and 4 persons sitting inside, escaped unhurt.

The driver has been arrested by the police for enquiries.

ANOTHER KISAN MARCH IN KOLHAPUR

MIRAJ, Jan. 12.

Leaders of the Kolhapur State ryots have resolved to organise a march of peasants on January 15 to voice their protest against the recent repressive measures adopted by the State authorities to suppress the popular agitation for reforms, in connection with which five leaders have been arrested so far.—United Press.

FEEL "LIVERISH"?

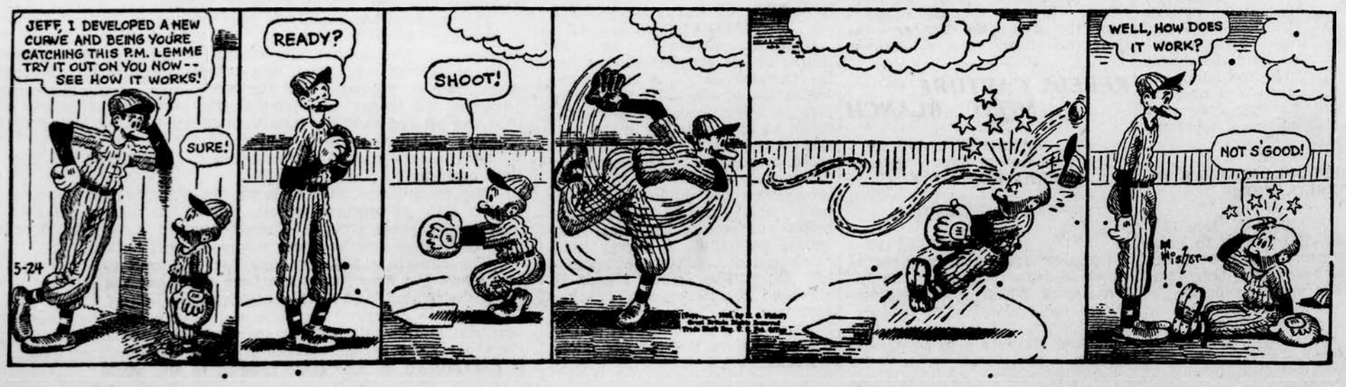
Take Nature's Own Tonic.

Liverish, irritable, depressed. Sallow-skinned, pimply, far too fat. Sluggish, tired, no energy for anything. Thousands of men and women throughout India feel like that to-day. Thousands more will never feel that way again, for Nature's own clear, sparkling waters are cleansing their systems, filling them with life and energy. They have heard of Fynnon Salt.

A small dose of Fynnon Salt in a glassful of water gives a still, cool tonic draught, equal to three glasses of natural mineral spring water—the water which wealthy folk travel miles to seek at famous Spas. Fynnon Salt contains the powerful elements of Sodium, Potassium and Lithium, for which these Spas are famous. They act instantly on clogging wastes, dissolve them and wash them right out of the system. They activate those vital organs, the liver, kidneys and bowels and stimulate the flow of pure, revitalising blood to every part of the body. Thus, a regular morning glassful of Fynnon Salt stirs up the sluggish liver, clears the complexion and recharges the body with natural energy and vital force. Pleasant to take. Sold only in green and red labelled bottles in green and red cartons. From all chemists, stores and bazaars. In case of difficulty, write to: J. L. Morison, Son & Jones (India) Ltd., P.O. Box 258, Bombay.

M 618

MUTT AND JEFF—Curves, If You Get What We Mean, Always Bother Jeff! By BUD FISHER


JEFF, I DEVELOPED A NEW CURVE AND BEING YOURE CATCHING THIS P.M. LEMME TRY IT OUT ON YOU NOW -- SEE HOW IT WORKS!
SURE!
READY?
SHOOT!
WELL, HOW DOES IT WORK?
NOT S'GOOD!
5-24

Govt. Must Have Power Over Monopolies

Manu Subedar's Resolutions For Central Assembly: Need Of Legislation Urged

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. Manu Subedar, M.L.A. (Central), has given notice of a resolution, which says:—

"This Assembly is of opinion that it is very desirable in public interests that Government should possess legal powers of interference whenever, in their opinion, conditions of monopoly, temporary or permanent, local or general, are created by the elimination of competition, and they are satisfied as to the necessity of intervention in public interests. This Assembly recommends that a Bill conferring such powers should be introduced at the earliest opportunity."

Explaining the object of this resolution, Mr. Subedar said that he had elicited in the course of interpellations, that Government had no legal powers to interfere, even when they are convinced that there was monopoly or price-rigging against the public. It was very desirable that there should be such powers in the hands of Government when, on a representation from the public or otherwise, they were satisfied that the prices and the rates fixed were excessive.

The very existence of such powers would reduce the occasions when they would be used, but the present state of anarchy, when rates could be raised against the public, as in the case of kerosene and petrol, shipping and insurance, cement or any other article of general use, must be ended.

NEED FOR LEGISLATION.

Government possess such powers in the case of public utility companies like electric supply under the Indian Electricity Act, but it was disappointing that, when asked whether they would arm themselves with the powers, which the Board of Trade in the United Kingdom possesses, to interfere whenever there is any combination in restraint of trade, the Commerce Member disavowed any intention on the part of Government to arm themselves with such powers.

Mr. Subedar said: "Business conditions in India are getting more complex and I think it is the duty of the State, whatever its personnel may be, to protect the public against exploitation by price-rigging

All-India Weather

(From Our Correspondent)
POONA, Jan. 12.

The following are the maximum-minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station	Temperature Max	Min.	Rainfall Past 24 Hours	Total Since 1st Nov.	Difference to Normal
Agra	77	49	—	—	—0.6
Amraoti	82	61	—	—	—1.3
Akola	87	51	—	—	—1.3
Ahmedabad	85	57	—	—	—0.2
Ajmer	74	47	—	—	—0.5
Ahmednaagr	84	52	—	—	—1.1
Ambala	71	44	—	—	—1.7
Benares	80	53	—	0.1	—0.6
BOMBAY	86	66	—	1.1	+0.6
Bangalore	78	64	0.5	0.7	—2.0
Baroda	87	49	—	—	—
Belgaum	84	62	—	1.1	—1.0
Bijapur	86	65	—	0.1	—1.3
Bhavnagar	82	49	—	—	—0.3
Calcutta	80	56	—	0.1	—0.8
Cawnpore	83	54	—	—	—0.9
Calicut	90	74	—	1.5	—5.2
Colombo	75	69	1.5	13.0	—6.0
Cochin	90	75	—	6.7	—1.8
Delhi	71	44	—	—	—0.8
Dehra I. Khan	74	37	—	—	—0.5
Hyderabad (Dn.)	87	64	—	—	—1.3
Hyderabad (Sd.)	78	50	—	—	—0.2
Indore	80	45	—	—	—0.7
Jhansi	81	54	—	—	—0.6
Jubbulpore	84	47	—	—	—1.2
Jaipur	76	44	—	—	—0.5
Karwar	94	69	—	1.8	—0.4
Karachi	78	58	—	0.2	—0.1
Khandwa	86	50	—	—	—1.0
Lucknow	80	54	—	—	—0.7
Lahore	67	38	—	—	—0.7
Multan	71	37	—	—	—0.3
Mysore	79	66	—	1.0	—2.0
Madras	84	76	T	3.2	—17.5
Marmagoa	91	71	—	1.0	—
Malegaon	85	50	—	0.1	—1.8
Mangalore	91	76	—	2.1	—1.6
Nagpur	86	51	—	—	—1.5
Patna	79	56	—	—	—0.5
Peshawar	71	36	—	1.0	—0.2
Poona	87	49	—	0.3	—0.9
Rangoon	—	—	—	—	—
Ratnagiri	93	69	—	2.9	+1.9
Rajkot	81	50	—	—	—0.3
Srinagar	38	27	—	1.8	—1.2
Simla	44	35	—	0.9	—1.4
Surat	93	55	—	—	—0.3
Trichinopoly	83	72	0.2	3.3	—5.2

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

Shallow Depression West Of Ceylon

POONA, Jan. 12.

The shallow depression, West of Ceylon, is becoming unimportant. It caused nearly general rain in southeast Madras, local falls in Mysore and a few light showers in Malabar, Madras Deccan, north Madras coast, Orissa, and south Bengal. The western disturbance is passing away eastwards after causing a few light showers in the extreme north.

The chief amounts of rainfall were:—Coimbatore one inch; Vellore three quarters of an inch; Bangalore, Pamban, Salem and Kodaikanal half an inch; Palamcottah, Trichinopoly, Nellore and Ootacamund quarter of an inch.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 12-1-39.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .003 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 69.4 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 60.6 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 85.9 degrees 2.6 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 65.8 degrees 1.0 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 58 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NNE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 162 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 19 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 12-1-39

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 74.8 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.17 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.99 inches.

For correction of ship's instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

SUGAR INDUSTRY AND EUROPEAN FIRMS

Rejoinder To Sir H. A. Haroon

Messrs. Gursarndas Kapur & Sons have issued the following statement to the Press:—

"Sir H. A. Haroon has done no credit either to himself or to the Indian business community by pleading the cause of European and other foreign firms engaged in sugar selling. His note sounds very discordant especially when the rest of the country is heading towards rapid Indianisation in each and every activity of public importance.

Right up from the field to the tea table of the consumer, ninety per cent of the sugar now produced and distributed in India is controlled and managed by Indian labour, capital, brain and Indian business firms. It is quite wrong to say at this stage when almost the whole of the sugar industry is in the hands of the Indians that a great harm will be done to the industry by passing a few discriminatory measures against a handful of European firms engaged in sugar selling. It pains a deal when one sees patriotic men of Sir H. A Harroon type supporting the cause of rapid Indianisation of the Army on one day, and standing in the interest of the foreign capitalists on the other hand.

It is a no way less important to save the poor Indians from the foreign capitalists than to defend them against the armies of invaders. The U. P. and the Bihar Governments will earn a great credit for themselves and will have the whole-hearted support of the Indian business community in their endeavour to make the internal sugar trade wholly and solely an Indian monopoly.

Of the late it has been observed by the different sugar merchants associations that the sugar trade is increasingly becoming Europeanised. It is with a view to fight this new menace that Associations are approaching the respective Governments of U. P. and Bihar. The discriminatory rules when passed will help a great deal in removing the unemployment among the educated youths of the country. We will earnestly request the Governments concerned not to be misled by the statements of the type issued by Sir Haroon."

OUR READERS' VIEWS

G. I. P. Ry. Suburban Train Service

To The Editor of the "Chronicle"

Sir,—The question of overcrowding of G. I.P. Suburban trains aggravated on account of drastic curtailments effected on and from 1st December last has been agitating the minds of daily passengers all these years and the statement issued by the Secretary G. I.P. Railway Local Advisory Committee, explaining certain facts is welcome at least in the sense that the public has now before it other side of the question.

Going through the statement, however, what does one find in it? The railway authorities do not yet realise that their Train Service is utterly inadequate and that the patronising public is continuously inconvenienced from day to day. On the whole the statement is a specimen of an official whitewashing of an inconvenient question, and it is a matter of surprise that the Advisory Committee should come forward with the brush and bucket on behalf of the Railway Administration. Let us try to scrutinise some of the facts.

It is suggested that "on the whole the amended train-service appeared to be fairly satisfactory" and that "Majority of passengers appreciate that there are occasions when it is unavoidable that the actual seating capacity of trains is exceeded." These statements are patently divorced from the truth. The Advisory Committee's satisfaction of the amended train service is unfair because they obviously belong to the category of men, who usually travel through higher classes. But if they boast of representing the position in regard to the III class passengers, I shall say without exaggeration and fear of contradiction that they are mis-stating the fact. It is a matter of common experience of every III class passenger that many trains were running over-crowded, that the recent reductions have added fuel to fire and that unless the train service is adequately augmented and properly arranged the Railway Authorities cannot reasonably claim that they are doing every thing in their power to secure convenience and comfort for the ordinary passengers. The Matunga affair was not a solitary instance. Nowadays trains are compelled to be stopped on number of occasions and if these spontaneous actions on the part of passengers are not to be taken as signs and symptoms of the unrest and discontent prevailing amongst the public at large, I must say the Railway Authorities have yet to learn their primary responsibilities. If the Advisory Committee is sincere about studying the real situation, let it issue a referendum to the pass-holders and the cat will be out of the bag beyond any challenge.

It is also stated that the Administration has to run a loss of 20 lakhs of Rupees per year on account of this service. The real reason lies in the fact, that instead of investigating the causes of this huge loss, the authorities have rushed through to cut down the Service that was already inadequate. Why is this loss caused? Does the B.B. & C.I. Railway not run a better service? When they can do it, why should the G.I.P. Authorities find it impossible? Has the Advisory Committee thrashed out this question? If not they are obviously playing in the hands of the Authorities and abusing their office by hoodwinking the public at large.

Whatever little I know of the working of this Railway through my personal experience as a Railwayman, let me say that (i) the Administration is top-heavy, (ii) a lot of waste is allowed and that (iii) the Railway is mismanaged. For instance: the Head of the Bombay Transportation Division is paid Rs. 1,950 p.m. plus various kinds of allowances, with an army of about 9 officers getting between Rs. 900 to 1,200 p.m. to manage his division. The public will be surprised to hear that the expenditure on account of officers have gone 50 per cent. more during post-war period. The "Chola power" affair over which the Railway has spent lakhs of rupees from the public money and which is going to be now scrapped on the plea that it proved to be a white elephant, is another example of the wasting capacity of these Railway Nabobs. Scores of instances of this type can be added. What wonder if heavy losses accrue? Why should the public suffer for mistakes of the bosses?

The Railway Service is a public utility concern and as such enjoys many a concession. In return it is reasonable to expect from them a more comfortable and convenient service. But what is the state of affairs all these years? They have never responded to the public demand. Such steps as pulling the communication cord by passengers occasionally are but of very little use in bringing out the desired result. Personally, I had occasions to pull the chain not less than dozen times, but beyond temporary relief it did not serve as an exemplary punishment to the Railway. I would in this instance wish to remind both the public and the Railway Administration, that the times have immensely changed The Railway bosses should wisely put a stop to the continuance of any sort of maladministration and the public should promptly force them to do so by a consolidated and well organized effort. If the public is keen, they should at once compel "Passengers Relief Association" to take the lead and I trust that this is the only step to bring the Railway Authorities to their senses.—Yours, etc

G. H. KALE.

Gaudiya Mission

To The Editor of the "Chronicle"

Sir,—My attention has been drawn to a communique published by 'Sadananda' in the "Bombay Sentinel," on December 14, 1938. I have since received a typed letter, on the 26th instant, in which the name Sadananda is in typescript, dated 12th Dec 1938, which contains the same matter with certain additions.

Sadananda's communication, which speaks for itself, would deserve no notice in itself except for its bearing on the Gaudiya Mission, which he has sought to lower in the public estimation by his palpably untrue and defamatory effusions.

As there is no definite charge which he has dared to put in writing except only vague calumnies, it is neither necessary nor possible to answer such allegations which require to be totally ignored with the contempt they deserve.

The Gaudiya Mission is, however, glad to be rid of a supposed representative who never succeeded in accepting its principles and its conduct although he professed by lips to understand them. He has always stuck to unspiritual conduct which is opposed to the principles and discipline enunciated by the Sastras and the late Founder-President of the Gaudiya Mission whom he professes to obey as his Guru.

Lord Chaitanya teaches us that there can be no perforlance more hypocritical than the profession of religious opinions which one does not fully act up to in practice. To profess faith in the transcendence of divine service and to practise worldiness in the name of divine service need not be appreciated by any pody, least of all by those who are at all conversant with the spiritual traditions of Mother India, whom this German Vaisnava, an apostle of ethical conduct, professes so vehemently to love and venerate for the sole purpose of maligning the only institution which seeks to follow the teaching of the Sastras in world and deed.

I may add in this connection that Sadananda had already left and joined the Gaudiya Mission, if he ever seriously joined it at all, more than half a dozen times for reasons best known to himself, and that this instability of purpose dates back to as early as 1934 while his Gurudeva was still the visible Head of the Mission.—Yours, etc.,

N. K. SANYAL,
Secretary, "Gaudiya Mission".

ACQUISITION OF LAND IN NADIA

The Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary published on Tuesday, says:—

Whereas it appears to the Government of Bombay that the land specified in the schedule hereto is needed for a public purpose, viz. for provision of an area for the housing of Nadias. It is hereby notified under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (I of 1894), that the said land is needed for the purpose specified above.

All persons interested in the said land are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with any surveyors or other persons employed upon the said land for the purpose of the said acquisition. Any contracts for the disposal of the said land by sale, lease, mortgage, assignment, exchange or otherwise, or any outlay or improvements made therein, without the sanction of the Collector, after the date of this notification will, under section 24 ('seventhly') of the said Act, be disregarded by the officer assessing compensation for such parts of the said land as may be finally acquired.

The Government of Bombay is further pleased to direct under sub-section (4) of section 17 of the said Act that, as the acquisition of the said land is urgently necessary, the provisions of section 5-A of the said Act shall not apply in respect of the said land.

SCHEDULE.

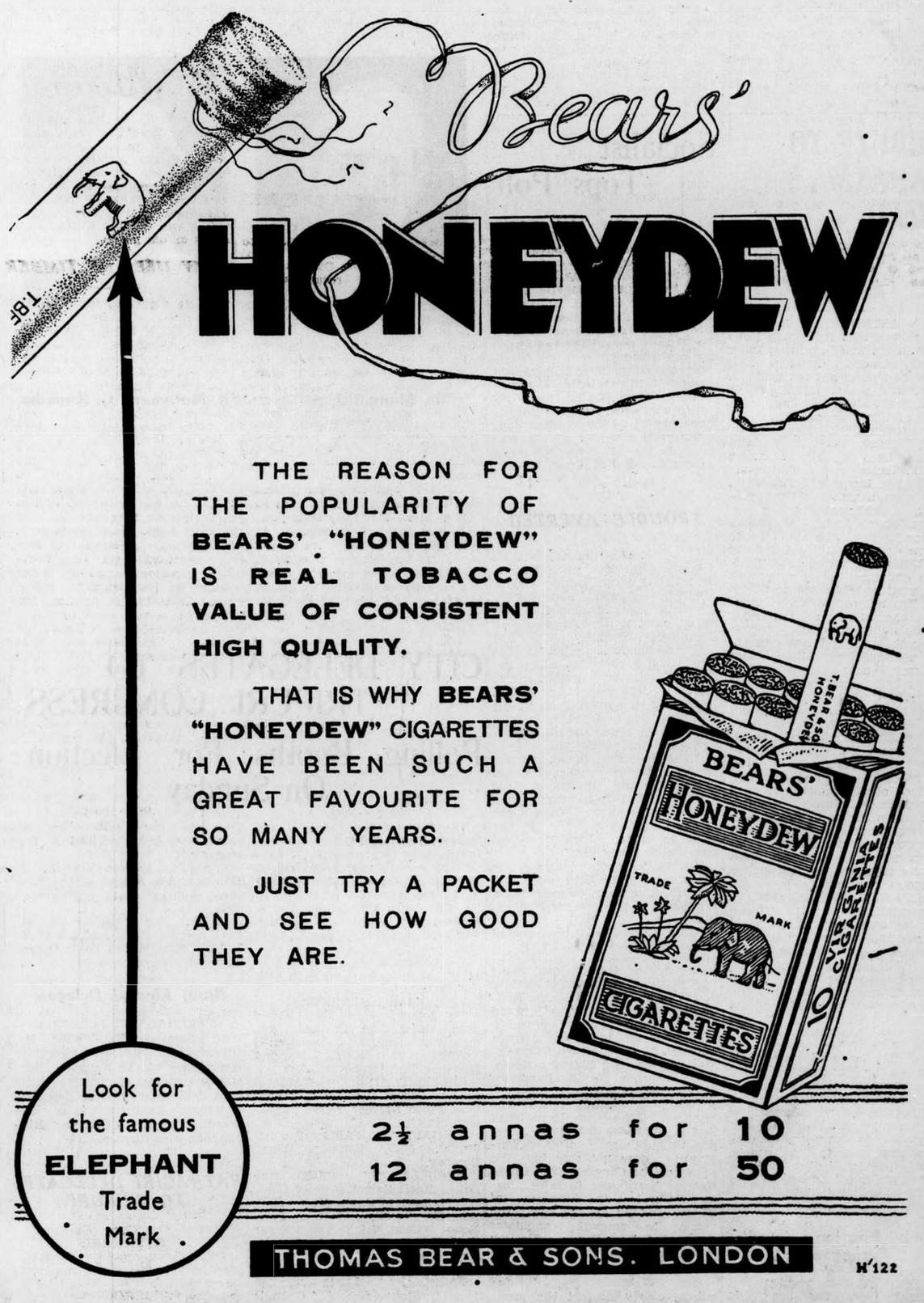
District Kaira, taluka Anand, village Sarsa; Survey No. Village site land on which the houses of Nadias are at present; approximate area of the land required, 2,421 square yards 1 square foot, i.e., 20 gunthas. The boundaries of the plot are as under:—North—Survey No 1272-A; South—House of Bhangi Pasla Galia and then road from Sarsa to Bedwa; East—Localities of Chamars and Bhangis; and West—Survey No. 1272—B.; Lime kilns and road to Rasnol.

"MOVING HOSPITALS" RECEIVES SUPPORT

Scheme To Be Tried In Dozen Districts Immediately

(From Our Correspondent)
ALLAHABAD, (By Mail.)

The U. P. Government's scheme for moving hospitals has received support. Three capitalists offered one motor-bus each to the Government. The U. P. Government's plan is to provide 48 districts with one moving hospital each. But immediately the scheme will be tried nearly in dozen districts. One motor-bus is already flying about rural areas. The Government will purchase two more buses shortly. One motor firm has promised to give one bus free if one bus was purchased from them.


Bears'
HONEYDEW
THE REASON FOR THE POPULARITY OF BEARS' "HONEYDEW" IS REAL TOBACCO VALUE OF CONSISTENT HIGH QUALITY.
THAT IS WHY BEARS' "HONEYDEW" CIGARETTES HAVE BEEN SUCH A GREAT FAVOURITE FOR SO MANY YEARS.
JUST TRY A PACKET AND SEE HOW GOOD THEY ARE.
BEARS' HONEYDEW TRADE MARK CIGARETTES
10 VIR GINIAS
Look for the famous ELEPHANT Trade Mark
2½ annas for 10
12 annas for 50
THOMAS BEAR & SONS. LONDON
H'122

Give Statutory Recognition To S. N. D. T. Women's Varsity

C. N. VAKIL ON ANOMALY OF RECOGNITION OF MERELY DEGREES

A RESOLUTION EXPRESSING THANKS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY FOR RECOGNISING THE DEGREES OF THE SHREEMATI NATHIBAI DAMODHER THACKERSEY INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY, CONGRATULATING THE UNIVERSITY ON SUCH RECOGNITION AND REQUESTING THE GOVERNMENT TO GIVE STATUTORY RECOGNITION TO THE UNIVERSITY, WERE PASSED AT A PUBLIC MEETING HELD AT THE COOWASJI JEHANGIR HALL, ON THURSDAY EVENING.

MRS. TARABEN MANEKLAL PREMCHAND PRESIDED

Lady Premlilaben Vithaldas Thackersey was present at the meeting.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi in the course of her introductory remarks gave an account of the origin of the University and the great progress it had achieved since then. The University had fought for a long time for recognition of its degrees and it was a matter of gratification that it had obtained recognition.

Mrs. Munshi made appreciative reference to Sir Vithaldas Thackersey, who, inspired by foreign travel, had founded this institute to promote education among women.

Mrs. Maneklal Premchand in moving the resolution said that after 23 years of its career the Government had recognised the degrees of the University. Girls educated in the Universitwy could now obtain employment and be of some help to their families.

PIONEERS.

Both Sir Vithaldas and lady Thackersey deserved high praise for romoting the culture of India by imparting education through the mother tongue.

Mrs. Maneklal also paid a compliment to the vision and foresight of Prof. Karve, in founding the University.

Prof C. N. Vakil, while associating himself with the resolution pointed out that there was an apparent inconsistency between the first and the second part of the resolution. While the Government had passed orders that students of the S. N. D. T. Women's University were to be regarded on a footing of equality with students of other Universities for the purpose of employment in Government and semi-government institutions, they had not given statutory recognition to the University as such. He thought that such "backdoor recognition" was inconsistent with the present condition of the country.

He urged that Statutory recognition should soon be conferred on the University. That would act as an incentive to further progress. It would also have the effect of creating public confidence and would enable the public to avail themselves of the facilities offered by the University.

PLEA FOR GRANT.

Such Statutory recognition should naturally be accompanied by some kind of a grant. He was aware that the grant could not be very big but in so far as it would act as the precursor of other donations, it would have greater value than the nominal sum warranted.

He also stated that once the Statutory recognition was given there would be no difficulty in further raising the standard of the University.

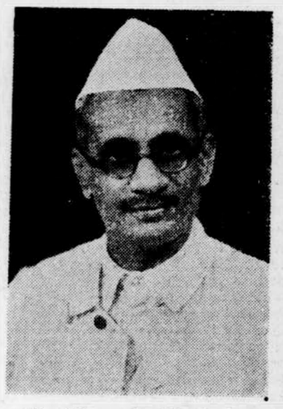
The resolution was further supported by Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale, Mrs. Saroj N. Mehta and Prof. V. N. Naik and was passed unanimously.

Mrs. Jaishree Raiji proposed a vote of thanks.

Congress Candidates For Municipal Corporation

CONTESTANTS FROM WARD VI

The following are Congress Candidates from Ward No. VI (Bhuleshwar and Market) for the ensuing elections to the Bombay Municipal Corporation:



Dr. Vora, L. M. & S.

Dr. Vora is a member of the B.P.C.C.; President of Mandvi District Congress Committee; worked for the collection for the Tilak Swaraj Fund; Secretary and Member of various Educational Institutions and social benevolent Societies; taking great interest in spreading Hygienic and preventive knowledge for general public; Member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation since 1922; was the Secretary of the National Municipal party in the Bombay Corporation started by late Vithalbhai Patel; served on Standing Committee for six years; and Chairman of the Schools Committee in 1931-32; served Schools Committee for seven years; left the Corporation in civil disobedience movement; served the Corporation for eleven years.

Sjt. Maneklal M. Vakharia

Sjt. Maneklal Vakharia is a familiar figure in the Congress circles. Always ready to respond to the call of the Congress, Mr. Vakharia is a true soldier and has rendered useful services to the Congress in his own ward and in the city. He is a happy selection inasmuch as he will be ever a faithful servant of the Congress. Mr. Vakharia had had his share in the Civil Disobedience of 1930 and 1932 and was imprisoned both times.

Sjt. Ratilal T. Thakkar

Mr. Ratilal T. Thakkar, an old veteran has been a very enthusiastic supporter of the Congress cause. A silent and unostentatious worker as he is, he was a tower of strength to the Congress in 1930, when he contributed to the success of the Civil Disobedience Movement in several ways. Worli Prisoners will remember him as one who was responsible for the supply of food. In 1932 he was instrumental in securing for the Cotton Market and the Cotton Brokers' association and offered himself for imprisonment. Besides the services to the Congress, he has served the national cause in innumerable ways. He is an ardent supporter of all progressive movements and wields considerable influence in the business world. Mr. Ratilal Thakkar promises to be very useful to the Civic body.

Sjt. Ganpatishanker N. Desai

Mr. Ganpati N. Desaf, a familiar figure at every Congress function in the city in his capacity as one of the Gen. Secretaries of the B.P.C.C. is associated with politics ever since the Home Rule days. His services to the Congress cause as the Secretary of the B.P.C.C. hardly needs any mention. He is a sitting member of the Corporation and as such can claim experience. An unostentatious worker that he is, he is an asset to any Institution. Mr. Desai, is bound to appeal to his constituency as one of the fittest candidates put up.

Mr. Manilal J. Seth

Mr. Manilal Seth, a true soldier of the Congress needs no introduction to his constituency. He is associated with Congress work since 1921 and took an active part in picketing Liquor Shops in "C" ward in 1922, Mr. Seth was sentenced for Salt Satyagraha in 1930 and also in 1932 for long term. He has been a member of the B.P.C.C. representing "C" ward and wields considerable influence in Cotton and other Markets. He has recently come with fresh laurels in Rajkot fight.

Sjt. Motichand G. Kapadia

Mr. Motichand Girdhar Kapadia is a well-known attorney of the city who has diverted his energies to the Congress activities since 1930. In 1932 he was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment in the Civil Disobedience movement. Mr. Kapadia is a Scholar of merits. He worked on the Committee for inquiry into the police outrage on the Bombay public during 1931 C.D. movement. Mr. Kapadia can be trusted to bring his experience to bear upon the civic affairs, as he with the weight of age can claim a deal of experience and sobriety.

Sjt. Umdatta Nemani

Mr. Umadatta Nemani is a towering personality in the Cotton Market. The Charities of the Nemani family are well-known. Mr. Umadatta has been associated with many an institutions in our city, social and political. He has always readily supported the Congress cause. He will surely contribute to the building up of a healthy Municipality with his knowledge of finances.

WAS IT A CASE OF SABOTAGE.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 13.

The first news of the derailment was brought by the driver of the ill-fated train, who was unhurt. He walked two miles through difficult hilly country in pitch darkness to reach Chickaki Railway station.

He is reported to have stated that he found a number of rails removed, and the Railway authorities believe it to be a case of sabotage.—A. P.

VICTIM OF SUPERSTITION?

Alleged Murder By Brother-in-law

(From Our Correspondent)

RANAVAR, (By Mail).

The news that a brother-in-law has murdered his Bhabi has created considerable sensation here.

It is alleged that a 'rabadi' (herdsman) of a neighbouring village felt suspicion that his Bhabi had played witchcraft upon him, and so he is alleged to have murdered her with a number of axe-blows.

The accused has been brought to Ranavar and produced before the Court where it is said he has made his confession, and said that as he was haunted by an evil-spirit he had no consciousness of what he was doing.

The woman's dead body was brought to Ranavar Hospital where a number of axe-wounds were noted.

LIFT BAN ON COMMUNISTS

KARACHI, Jan. 12.

That the Communist Party in India should no longer be banned by the Government of India as it amounts to an act of curtailment of the civil liberties and rights of free citizenship, is urged by Mr. Amin Khoso, M.L.A. (Congress) in his resolution in the Sind Assembly, in which he requests the Sind Government to press the Government of India to lift the ban.

Viceroy To Visit Sikkim

NEW DELHI, Jan. 13.

H. E. the Viceroy and Lady Linlithgow will visit Sikkim in the spring of 1939 on the invitation of H. H. the Maharaja of Sikkim, says a Communique.—A. P.

A resolution urging liberal remissions in the collection of revenue in the famine-afflicted areas of the State was adopted by the Working Committee of the Jaipur Praja Mandal.

TRIBUTE TO MAHATMA'S CREED

Chinese Professor's Solution For Sino-Japanese Tangle

SANTINIKETAN, Jan. 12.

The hope that India would one day lead the world and that India and China working hand in hand, would be able to put the world in order, under the inspiration of the Mahatma Gandhi and his creed of non-violence and the cosmopolitan spirit inculcated by institutions like the Viswabharathi was expressed by Dr. P. C. Hsu, Ph. D., Professor of Philosophy and Ethics, Shanghai University, who is on a visit to Santiniketan, at a public meeting here.

Miss Muriel Lester, Gandhiji's London hostess, who also spoke on the occasion paid a tribute to the World University of Santiniketan and the ideal of pure love for humanity inculcated by it.

Dr. Hsu referred to the Jap-China conflict and after describing the untold hardships which the combatants and non-combatants were suffering alike, said that unfortunate as this conflict was, it had rendered a signal service to China—it had unified the Chinese people as never before.

He declared that international hate which was at the root of modern wars was due to two factors—lack of understanding and lack of co-operation between the nations. In every country there was a section of people who sincerely abhored bloodshed and desired peace. But whereas those who represented evil forces were organised, these who represented the good forces were not so.

SINO-JAPANESE TANGLE.

The solution of the Sino-Japanese tangle lay in co-operation and understanding between the liberal forces of the two countries. The speaker knew from personal experience that there was no ill feeling towards the Chinese people on the part of the Japanese people; neither did the Chinese people harbour any ill-feeling toward the people of Japan. But the evil doers by their control of the press had succeeded in keeping out the real truth from them. What was needed was that the liberal forces in every country should unite and carry on an unceasing propaganda to bring truth to the people. He believed that India had a great contribution to make in this direction.—United Press.

Hindu Election Board's Propaganda

(From A Correspondent)

Charges of favouritism to Muslims at the sacrifice of the rights of the Hindus were made against the Congress at a meeting of voters at Madav Baug on Wednesday last evening. Goswami Krishnajivanji Maharaj presided. Prominent among those present were Dr. M. C. Javle, Seth Chiranjilal Loyalka, Rai Bahadur Kedia, Dr. Savarkar, Pandit Ramapati Shastri, Mr. Somani and others.

Explaining the objects of the meeting the president said that Hindu interests especially those of Sanatanists were not safe in the hands of the Congress. The Hindu election board was therefore formed to protect the interests of Hindus and he appealed to the voters to support candidates nominated by Hindu Election Board in the coming Municipal elections.

Seth Gajdhar Somani and others also addressed the meeting.

Socialist Tops Poll

Elections Of Delegates To Tripuri Congress

BARODA, Jan. 12.

Mr. Jivanlal Champaneria, socialist worker of Gujarat, has topped the polls in the election of delegates to the Tripuri Congress from the Baroda-Borsad-Petland-Cambay constituency.

Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya, Secretary of the Gujerat Congress Socialist Party, who has been returned unopposed from the Dohad-Freelandgunj-Godhra urban constituency is standing as a candidate for the All-India Congress Committee.—United Press.

TROUBLE AVERTED

JABBULPORE, Jan. 12.

A serious incident, which threatened to develop into a serious situation, occurred here yesterday, when some Muslims it is alleged, beat a Hindu Sadhu in Puranibajaji Mohalla.

The Sadhu it is reported, was blowing on a couch, to which the Muslims in the neighbourhood objected. But when the Sadhu refused to stop blowing on it, the Muslims are stated to have snatched the couch and his belongings away and beat him.

When the news spread, a number of Hindus gathered and demanded the return of the Sadhu's belongings which had been taken away. When the Muslims refused, both parties came to blows. Brickbats and lathis were freely used.

Meanwhile, police rushed to the scene and restored order. A number of persons, on both sides, are reported to have received injuries.

Police pickets have been posted in the disturbed areas.—A. P.

CITY DELEGATES TO TRIPURI CONGRESS

Polling Booths For Election On Sunday

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee announce:—

That as already announced the poll for the delegates' election in all the Ward Constituencies in the City, with the exception of Mandvi "B" Ward Constituency will take place on Sunday, the 15th instant.

The polling hours are from 8 to 11 in the morning and 3 to 6 in the evening.

POLLING STATIONS.

The following are the places where the Polling Stations for different Wards will be located:—

FORT "A" WARD:—Mangrol Mansion, Bora Bazar St. Fort.

BHULESHWAR "C" WARD:—Liberty School Compound, behind Gold-Filled Leather Works, Princess Street.

GIRGAUM "D" WARD:—People's Jinnah Hall, Congress House, Bombay.

BYCULLA "E" WARD:—Rao Saheb Raoji Sojpal & Sons' Compound, next to Savta Mali Hall, opp. Byculla Rly. Station, Parel Road. (And Not Telugu Manvar Hall, Temple Compound, Kamatipura Bazar Road as previously announced).

PAREL "F" WARD:—R. M. Bhatt High School, Gokhale Society Lane, near Parel Tram Terminus (For members whose names have been included in the general "F" Ward Roll).

Napoo Hall, Matunga, G. L. P. (For members whose names have been included in the "Matunga" Roll).

DADAR "G" WARD:—Shivaji Park open maidan (And not C. K. P. Hall, Ram Maruti Lane, Dadar, as previously announced.)

Bajaj Elected Delegate

WARDHAGANJ, January 12.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj and Mr. Ghatwal, President and Secretary respectively of the Nagpur Provincial Congress Committee have been declared elected as delegates to Tripuri Congress from the Wardha-cum-Arvi Chanda Hinganghat constituency.—A.P.

RATNAGIRI DELEGATES TO TRIPURI

(From Our Correspondent.)

RATNAGIRI,

The following twenty Congressmen have been returned unopposed as delegates to Tripuri Congress:—

Messrs. Tatyasaheb Kulkarni, S. S. Mahajan, A. V. Modak, M. K. Khanolkar, V. V. Shirodkar, M. Y. Bhandarkar, S. P. Patwardhan, B. R. Rane, M.L.A., S. B. Uchle, P. V. Karmalkar, A. K. Padhye, Mrs. Kusum S. Vanjare, Messrs. S. K. Tawde, J. Mathashah Mahadwak, J. B. Shetye, G. V. Patwardhan, S. N. Tendolkar, N. L. Shendye, S. D. Agharkar and B. S. Mehta.

STRIKE AGAISNT KHOT

The Kunbi and Mahar tenants of village in Taluka Ratnagiri have gone on strike as a protest against alleged oppressive treatment given to them by their Khot and landlord, who is also a Police Patel of the same village—Mr. Haribhau Berde. They have withdrawn all the men and women servants working with the Khot, and a State of deadlock continues in the village. The tenants are carrying on a non-violent struggle for obtaining relief from the Khot's alleged oppression.

CONGRESS SEVA DAL

Mr. G. M. Modak of Poona deputed by the Central Seva Dal Committee at Poona to start Seva Dals in districts, has come to Ratnagiri and has started the Seva Dal.

Gaya Delegates To Tripuri

PATNA, Jan. 12.

The Hon. Babu Anugrana Narain Sinha, Kumar Badri Narain singh, Pandit Jadunandan Sharma, Babu Jaiprakash Narain, Mr. Abudi Aziz, Mr. Siddeshwar Prasad and Babu Sukhari Ram, M. L. A., have been elected, uncontested, delegates to the Congress session from the Gaya constituency.

ANGIER'S is the answer

Angier's Emulsion exercises soothing, lubricating, anti-fermentative effects throughout the entire digestive tract. That is why it is so valuable in affections of the stomach and intestines.

Angier's soothes and cleanses the mucous membrane, allays irritation, fermentation, catarrh, ulceration. It restores tone to all the digestive functions, and it promotes normal healthy action of the bowels. Moreover, the addition of the hypophosphites makes Angier's a valuable nerve tonic, hence its efficacy in the nervous troubles associated with mucous colitis and other intestinal disorders.

Angier's Emulsion is invaluable in the treatment of gastric and intestinal catarrh or ulceration, chronic indigestion, nervous dyspepsia, chronic constipation, and generally in all catarrhal, fermentative, ulcerative or tubercular affections of the stomach and intestines. Angier's is the most palatable of all emulsions and agrees perfectly with delicate, sensitive stomachs.

"Angier's is the remedy"

A Doctor writes: "I advocate strongly the use of Angier's in all cases of flatulent dyspepsia, intestinal indigestion, and in that terrible complaint—mucous colitis. I have seen, both by myself and as a consultant, several very successful cases of this description in which Angier's was *the* remedy."

(Sgd.)———, M.D., M.B., etc.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

KOLHAPUR BANS LOCAL DAILY

Publication Of 'Vidyavilas' Suspended By Magistrate: 3 Arrests At Chinchli

(From Our Correspondent)
KOLHAPUR Jan. 12.

Kolhapur learned with regret this morning that the Local daily "Vidyavilas" which had recently become very popular under the editorship of Mr. Baburao Gokhale was forced to cease publication from to-day by an order from the District Magistrate, which was served upon the proprietor at about 10-30 last night.

The Magistrate in his order is reported to have asked "Vidyavilas" proprietor to close down the press and stop publication of the paper till he makes a new declaration, when he shall have to furnish whatever heavy security will be demanded from him.

The Durbar is reported to have decided to suppress State Peoples' agitation during the next few days armed police and cavelry detachments are sent to Shirol, Jayasingpur and other places, from which thousands of Kisans and other State subjects are going to take out a monster Kisan march on Sunday next.

THREE ARRESTED

Three were arrested from Raibag Mahal-Messrs Bhujapa Sheti, Ganpati Patil and Babu Krishna Balabhai at Chinchli on the 10th instant. They were brought here to-day to be placed before the Magistrate.

HARIJAN UPLIFT IN BARODA

BARODA Jan. 12.

"If we want to achieve any progress it is our duty, indeed our self-interest, to raise to a higher level the millions of our fellow subjects whose lot in life is not so fortunate as ours".

Thus observed Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, Dewan of Baroda, inaugurating the Baroda District Harijan Conference held here last evening.

Continuing the Dewan narrated the keen interest that was being taken by H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwad for the betterment of the condition of the Harijans and for the abolition of the evil of untouchability. "In this field", the Dewan added, "His Highness is the earliest of practical workers and his interest has only increased as years have advanced."—United Press.

RELIEF TO PETLAD BHADRAN TALUKA

(From Our Correspondent)
BARODA, Jan. 10.

The Government of Baroda has granted a uniform relief to all Khedut Khatedars of 104 villages of Petlad Bhadran Taluka in Baroda District which have been affected by scarcity of rains. This has entailed remission of Rs. 153,393 and suspension to the extent of Rs. 2,69,875 of land revenue.

Government have also passed orders for the postponement of execution of decrees of civil courts, Revenue courts and Co-operative societies till December 1939 and have also exempted farmers from the levy of fine for unauthorised cultivation of Government waste land, and payment of water cess for use of water from Government and Panchayat wells, and reservoirs for purposes of irrigation till July 1939.

Further relief has also been offered in the form of suspension of the recovery of past arrears of land revenue amounting to Rs. 98,849, Tagavi dues of Rs. 1,08,605 and compulsory education fine of Rs. 2686.

Premier And Morarji Desai Entertained

(From Our Correspondent.)
BARODA, Jan. 11

Hon. Mr. Kher and Morarji Desai were entertained to tea by Prajamandal workers this morning at Baroda Station.

Reforms In Bhopalgarh

JODHPUR, Jan. 12

It is understood that constitutional reforms involving a limited form of responsible Government would be introduced in Bhopalgarh, one of the minor States in Central India and Marwar.

The reform proposals are a sequel to the visit of Mr. Ranchordas Gattani, President of the "Marwar Lok Parishad" to the State and the interviews he had with the Maharaja recently.—United Press.

A resolution protesting against the inflammatory references to Religion in general made by Mr. J. Krishnamurti, the leader of Theosophists, was adopted by a meeting of the Aryasamajists of Gowalmandi, Lahore.

SARDAR PATEL TO MEET GAIKWAD

Interview Arranged At Baroda For 20th Instant

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, January 12.

News has been received here from Baroda that Sardar Patel will meet H.H. the Gaikwar at Baroda on 20th instant.

Sardar Patel will be State guest when he reaches Baroda on the 20th. H.H. Gaikwar will proceed from Bombay to Baroda on the 17th instant. Mr. Amin discussed with Sardar Patel the question of taxes on chemicals, which are used in Alembic Chemical Works.

CUTCHEES CONDEMN MAHARAO'S. THREAT

(From Our Correspondent.)
BHUJ, January 12.

Vigorous propaganda has been started by the Cutchi Prajakiya Parishad to expose the hollowness of the Maharao's announcement. Public meetings were held at Mandvi and Bhuj yesterday, where speeches revealed public resentment at the Maharao's threat of repression and the peoples' determination to carry on the fight for Responsible Government. Muslims vied with Hindus, old with young, poor with rich to show their complete preparedness and determination to suffer in non-violent struggle, which they feel will start earlier than expected.

At both the meetings a resolution expressing complete dissatisfaction of Maharao's announcement congratulating Parishad's Deputy Seth Soorji Vallabhdas for his bold stand for Responsible Government and the determination to fight for it was passed unanimously.

Dr. Jadavji Meets Shoorji Vallabhdas

(From A Correspondent.)
BHUJ, January 12.

Dr. Jadavji, Maharao's chief advisor, called on Seth Soorji Vallabhdas to-day and had some private talks. It is surmised the talks turned on repressive measures anticipated in Tuesday's proclamation by the Maharao, in the event the Parishad intensifying the activities and subsequent Parishad propaganda against the announcement and Responsible Government. It is understood Dr. Jadavji has arranged an interview of the Maharao with Seth Soorji Vallabhdas who is the Parishad's Deputy.

WHO ADVISED MAHARAO OF CUTCH?

(From A Correspondent.)
BHUJ, January 12.

Resentment prevails all over Cutch at the part played by Dr. Jadavji Hansraj, Chief Medical Officer of the State, who, it is stated, is wholly responsible for drafting the Maharao's pronouncement on Tuesday. Yesterday morning walls of the city bore inscriptions like "Dr. Jadavji is Cadell of Cutch". "Dr. Jadavji don't be Virawala", etc. Enquiries disclosed that the doctor, leaving aside his medical duties, is dabbling in political affairs of the State and is stated to have become the only political adviser of His Highness. People want that the doctor should go immediately back to his profession. The doctor is himself a Cutchee.

"AXE" ON JODHPUR CIVIL LIST

JODHPUR, Jan. 12.

The "United Press' understands that His Highness the Maharaja of Jodhpur has decided to introduce a cut of about thirty per cent in the Civil List expenditure, which will amount to about Rs. 4,00,000.

It is stated this step has been necessitated in view of the severe famine prevailing in the major parts of Marwar.—United Press.

Khadi Makes Headway In Pandharpur

(From Our Correspondent)
PANDHARPUR, Jan. 8.

The Khadi Bhandar is now flourishing the sale of khadi during the year 1938 is Rs. 10,349-14-6 which is more than the sale of the year 1937 by Rs. 3,263-10-0. The sale of khadi during 1937 was Rs. 7,086-4-6. These figures clearly indicate the increasing demand for khadi. This increased sale of khadi is due to the hard work of the Manager. Now, in Khadi Bhandar, there are various designs of coloured khadi, cheap khadi shirtings and dhotis have just arrived. Mr. Desai, the present Vyavasthapak is trying his utmost in the work of khadi.

DELEGATE TO TRIPURI CONGRESS

Mr. Babanrao Badve is elected as a delegate to the Tripuri Congress. Two candidates viz. Badve and Advocate Joshi had applied in City Congress Committee But Advocate Joshi withdrew. Naturally the election was uncontested.

Five Arrested In Junagad

Hartal Continues In City And Other Towns

(From A Correspondent.)
JUNAGAD Jan. 12.

The State has arrested five more leading leaders of Praja Mandal Messrs. Naghori Sheth and Ratilal from Vanthali, Dr. Mahashankar from Balagam and Messrs Vithaldas and Jiva Patel from Visavadar.

Hartal continues throughout city and other towns of the state

Mr Habib Shavji Virani has been appointed first Dictator.

PROTEST AGAINST JUNAGAD ARRESTS

(From A Correspondent.)
JUNAGAD, Jan. 12.

A meeting was held as a protest against the arrests of leaders. A resolution condemning the action of the State was unanimously passed. Hartal will be continued. Daily meeting programmes have been arranged. There is a rumour that four members of the State Reforms Committee will submit their resignation as a protest against the repressive policy of the State.

The Bar Association held a protest meeting and passed a resolution condemning the attitude of the authorities.

RAJKOT DEADLOCK

Over Reforms Committee Personnel

(From Our Correspondent).
RAJKOT, Jan. 12.

A very serious deadlock has arisen over the appointment of seven members of the Reforms Committee from amongst the subjects. It is reported the State wants two Mahomedans and one Bhayat in these names, thus capturing a majority in the Committee of ten.

Telephonic communications were held with Bardoli. Mr. Samaldass Gandhi is expected to interview the Thakore Saheb.

Bilkha Darbar Rawatwala has gone to Jamnagar personally to take delivery of the loan of rupees four lakhs.

UNDER BARODA'S NEW REFORMS

(From A Correspondent)
GANDEVI, (By Mail).

Under the new reforms launched by H. H. the Maharaja Saheb of Baroda, the presidentship of the Gandevi Municipality, till now held by the Naib Suba Saheb of Navsari, has been thrown open for public election for the first time in the annals of its history.

Mr. Nanubhai N. Vaidya, the Vice-President and the most popular city father for the last 14 years, was yesterday returned unopposed as the first elected President amidst loud cheers and acclamations.

Baroda Praja Mandal Members Arrested

(From Our Correspondent)
HARIJ Jan. 12.

Messrs Hargovind Pandya, Purushottam Patel, Chhotabhai Patel, members of Baroda prajamandal received an information from Radhanpur agriculturists that they were being harassed and, therefore they went there to study the actual condition in order to report the matter to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

As soon as they went there, they were at once arrested.—

BIKANER'S TALKS WITH NIZAM

(From Our Correspondent).
HYDERABAD (Dn.), Jan. 11.

The Maharaja of Bikaner who arrived in Hyderabad on January 8 to receive the Honorary Degree of Doctorate of Law from the Osmania University, after three days busy programme left this evening. His Highness who is the Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes interviewed H. E. H. the Nizam this afternoon and had a prolonged conversation.

Porbandar News

(From Our Own Correspondent)
PORBANDAR.

H. H. the Maharaja has returned from his tour of the Mahals and it is now understood that he is busy considering the complaints and demands of the peasants. It is likely that some concessions will be made shortly.

FIELD DAY FOR SHAMDASANI

Empty Benches In Bombay Municipal Corporation

Thursday was one of the dullest days in the annals of the Municipal Corporation. Councillors' seats were vacant by their absence. There was hardly a quorum to get on with the work and the Mayor had to make the best of the job.

The handful of councillors present were not in a mood to attend to the speeches criticising the budget for 1939-40 and those who were anxious to make speeches had to console themselves by speaking before empty benches or before councillors, who were more attentive on their own affairs, viz., the forthcoming elections rather than the budget speeches, and, therefore were talking in the House.

FIELD DAY FOR SHAMDASANI

Mr. P. D. Shamdasani occupied the major portion of the time of the House without attaining anything tangible. He had worded his propositions in legal praseology and in such length that they occupied half to quarter-page of the Municipal agenda. The Mayor had, therefore, to suggest to Mr. Shamdasani to take his propositions as read but he stuck to the convention and privilege of the corporators with the result that he was allowed not only to read his lengthy resolutions but also to make speeches thereon.

After he moved or rather read his first proposition, which wanted 150 councillors instead of 117, Mr. Jethmul Narandas came to the rescue of the House by moving that "the House do proceed to the next business on the agenda". This being seconded by Mr. M. I. Rowji, was carried amidst laughter.

Mr. Shamdasani, however, next moved another proposition, which was equally lengthy. This time Dr. M. F. Bisni came to his rescue by seconding it. Mr. Shamdasani wanted that only residents of any particular Ward should be allowed to stand as municipal candidates from the ward of their residence

This resolution too was thrown out.

By the third resolution he wanted to amend the Municipal Act so as to disqualify Municipal councillors to be on the Legislative Assembly or Council as the Municipal work suffered by their absence. Mr. Shamdasani made a lengthy speech in support of his proposition and the Mayor asked him to finish in five minutes. Mr. Shamdasani said that he wanted to speak for at length and the Mayor adjourned the House to take up budget debate.

BUDGET DEBATE

Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai in his criticisms of the budget suggested the setting apart of large portions of ground for recreation of the residents, when clearing slum areas. He also urged the Schools Committee to reduce their expenditure.

Mr. Usman Sobani pointed out that a number of hawkers were on the streets of Bombay without licenses and that they should be tackled by the Municipal Executive so that Municipal revenue may increase. He also suggested the reduction of telephone charges as the Telephone Company was a public utility company.

After some more councillors had addressed, the House adjourned till to-day.

RATNAGIRI MUSLIM ASSOCIATION

Propagation Of Literacy Stressed

RATNAGIRI, (By Mail).

The inauguration ceremony of the Young Muslim Association, Ratnagiri, took place under the Presidentship of Haji Usman Sheth Memon, a local merchant. About 300 Muslims from Ratnagiri and suburban villages were present. A few Hindu gentlemen were also present on the invitation.

Speeches were made at the meeting extolling the laudable object with which the Association was started, viz. the propagation of literacy among Muslims, which was a crying need of the present time. Messrs. Dhanji, Abbas Hisamuddin Dalvi, Shabbir Khan, Naglekar, and other emphasised the need of the spread of literacy among their community.

KONKAN VAISHYA PARISHAD

A gathering of Konkan Vaishyas was convened on behalf of the Konkan Vaishya Parishad, in the Xmas holidays. About 400 people attended. Mr. D. G. Kamerkar, Assistant Judge, presided at the meeting.

DISTINGUISHED ARRIVALS BY "STRATHEDEN"

The P. and O. Co.'s Australian Mail Liner s.s. "Stratheden" arrived from London at the Mole Station at 4 p.m. on Thursday afternoon.

The vessel carried a large number of 'through' passengers for Australia and an equally large contingent for Bombay.

Prominent among the visitors to the City are the Marchioness of Abergavenny, who is on a tour of India, Sir Bannister and Lady Fletcher, Dr. T. P. Hyatt, the Hon. S. P. Sinha, son of the late Lord Sinha, and Dr. S. K. Chatterji.

Dr. T. P. Hyatt, a prominent dentist of New York is spending a fortnight in Bombay on his way to Australia.

Interviewed by our representative, he said that in Preventive Dentistry, New Zealand had made unique progress. It was the only country in the world which had numerous organisations even better than America. He emphasised that Preventive Dentistry pays more attention to children, particularly those children who are two year-old and over.

TRIBUTE TO INDIA.

Discussing Dental problems the doctor observed that a tiny crevice or hole in the tooth is infected with as many as 8,400,000,000 bacteria which cause rapid decay.

The doctor was of the opinion that of all the people in the world Indians possess the best sets of teeth, which is due to climatic and dietetic factors. People living in the Himalayan regions have very good teeth because of the climate and their diet.

In Europe Dr. Hyatt stated, the English particularly have very bad teeth due to their carniverous habits.

The doctor was a Professor of Preventive Dentistry in the New York University and won two Gold Medals.

"I come to India because I am an admirer of India and Indian philosophy. I am a believer in Karma" were the concluding remarks the doctor made.

LONDON ARCHITECT.

Another distinguished passenger who arrived by the same boat is Sir Bannister Fletcher, Author of 'History of Architecture' in comparative methods,' a text book which is used throughout the world and is in its 10th edition.

He is on a tour of India to study Indian architecture. He is interested in both the Hindu and Sarasenic architecture of India.

He told our representative that Hindu architecture is distinct from any other architecture in the world and is exclusive to India, whereas Sarasenic architecture is to be found in Spain, Sicily and other countries in Europe, which were under Moorish occupation. Sir Bannister is a lecturer in the University of London and during his two weeks' stay in India will visit Agra, Jaipur, Calcutta, Udaipur, Fatehpur-Sikri and Delhi.

Among the other passengers that disembarked at Bombay were Mrs. K. V. Advani and infant, Mrs. S. A. Advani, Mr. H. Attari, Mr. A. R. Chaglia, Dr. G. N. Dholabhai, Mr. P. S. Gupta, Mr. A. K. Kothawalla, Mr. S. Krishnamurti, Mrs. V. Ramaswami, Mr. K. P. V. Raghavan, Mr. S. M. Shah, Mr. B. A. Singh, Mr. L. J. B. Singh and Mr. H. M. Thakker.

VISION OF DR. KAGAWA

Tributes To Japanese Social Worker Now In City

Mr. B. N. Motivala, General Secretary of the Social Service League, delivered a public lecture on "Dr. T. Kagawa—His Life and Work," in the Hall of the League on Thursday evening, Mr. Joseph Callan, General Secretary, Y. M. C. A., presiding.

The speaker at the outset gave a sketch of the early life of Dr. Kagawa, the famous Japanese Social Worker, who rose from poverty and obscurity to high eminence. Dr. Kagawa was born as an illigitimate child in 1888 and was reared in an atmosphere swayed by selfishness and sensuousness. Under financial stress and misery the boy was lead to the point of committing suicide when he had, it is said, a vision of Christ's crucification. He soon began to show learning to Christianity. Young Kagawa, forced to leave his house, went through a life of tribulations and miseries. In his college days he made a full study of social problems in Japan and elsewhere and conceived of nobility of social work among the downtrodden.

IN THE SLUMS.

At the age of 21 he decided to live in slums infested with murderous, robbers, lepers. He visited the sick, sheltered the homeless, fed the hungry and conquered the hearts of the bulkies and the bandits with love and non-violence.

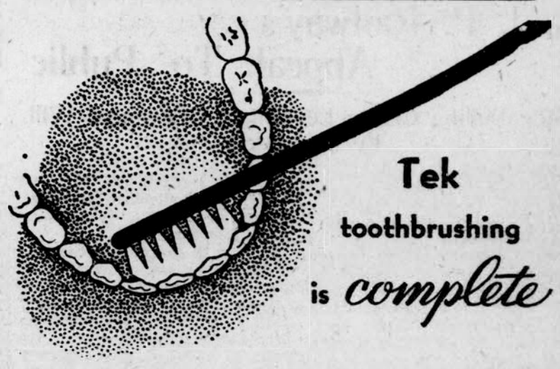
After his return from America in 1916, he formed a labour union with a view to better the lot of the workers and also awaken their inner forces. This brought upon him the hostility of the Government who confined him to solitary imprisonment. As a Labour leader he advocated the inherent right of labour to work and to organise and fought for various social amenities such as old age pension, sickness insurance and maternity benefits.

A VISIONARY.

Dr. Kagawa, the lecturer continued, was entirely against the present socio-economic structure based upon profit-motive and acquaintive tendencies. He had a vision of an ideal society motivated by the force of love, where livelihood was guaranteed to all.

He was also a prolific and versatile writer and a poet of international repute. He has left an abiding impress of his personality in every walk of public life.

A born genius, ascetic in his habits, a scientific mystic, an idealist, he plunged himself fully in the life at the lowest ebb, dominated with an enduring passion to serve the poor fearlessly and to bring about, through love, faith and sacrifice, the kingdom of God into this troubled world.



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MRS. F. CHARLES, LONDON England:—"Your balm has given me great relief for many very bad headaches and other pains, I feel I don't want to be without it."

MR. P. FEDORA, TUNIS:—"Little's Oriental Balm for Rheumatism, Neuralgia has done me good."

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MESSRS APOTEKET NORDST JARNAN, STOCKHOLM:—"Regarding your splendid preparation Little's Oriental Balm... we have one customer who has lived in India and who absolutely must have this balm

MR. A. WARNER, CANADA:—"Your Oriental Balm was used with very great success for Neuritis in my shoulders."

MR. A. JOHNS, MELBOURNE:—"Suffering a good deal from headaches, the Balm is invaluable to me."

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G. I. P. Railway's Appeal To Public

"Stop Pulling Chain: Legitimate Grievances Will Be Redressed"

The following statement has been issued by the Secretary to the General Manager, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay:—

"With reference to the action taken by certain passengers on the night of the 11th January 1939, when the communication cord of 351 Down Kalyan Local was repeatedly pulled at Byculla, as reported in the Press, the following facts are published for the information of G.I.P. suburban passengers.

The inadequacy of the accommodation on this train was first brought to the notice of the Administration on the 5th January, 1939, by direct action being taken by passengers of pulling the communication cord in the train on that night. Immediate action was taken to hold a census of the number of passengers travelling by this train on three successive nights from the 7th to 9th January 1939. As this census confirmed the fact that this train is popular and the accommodation was liable to be inadequate, arrangements have been made to increase the number of coaches on 351 Down with effect from January 12, 1939.

No written representations regarding overcrowding in this train have been received up to date either from individual passengers or from any Association or Chamber of Commerce.

It is to be noted that the rake of 351 Down was increased by four coaches on the night of January 11th at Sandhurst Road, leaving ample accommodation for all passengers travelling in the train. In spite of this prompt measure of relief the passengers continued obstructive tactics at Byculla, and on the arrival of another suburban train, boarded that train and prevented its departure also

As such direct action is causing considerable inconvenience to the general travelling public, the G.I.P. Railway administration once more appeals to the public who are resorting to the practice of pulling communication cords, to stop this method of ventilating their grievances and, instead, give the Railway an opportunity of examining their grievances through representation to the Chief Traffic Manager.

Special arrangements have been made for dealing with all complaints on the suburban service, both verbal and written, with a view to legitimate grievances being put right in the shortest possible time."

SANSKRIT SHIKSHAN MANDIR

With a view to popularising the study of Sanskrit and enlightening the general public about Indian Culture the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan proposes to start Sanskrit Shikshana Mandir, where regular morning classes will be held for teaching Sanskrit through Hindi and Gujarati. The classes will be open to all persons of any age who desire to study Sanskrit. There will be three (or more) classes, viz., (i) Shreni I (Elementary) for beginners, (ii) Shreni II for those who already possess some knowledge of the language, and (iii) Shreni III for advanced students. The classes will be held from the Second week of January 1939, every morning from 8-30 a.m. to 9-30 a.m. in the Assembly Hall of the Fellowship School, Gowalia Tank Road, Bombay 7. Pandit Motiram Kalyanji Shastri will be in charge of these classes.

Classes for the study of Sanskrit are also provided in the evening at the Fort Sanskrit Pathashala, 45 Mody Street, Fort.

On Sundays a class on Shrimad Bhagvadgita will be held at the Fellowship School from 8-30 a.m. to 9-30 a.m.

On Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays in the evenings from 6-15 p.m. to 7-15 p.m., lectures in Hindi & Gujarati on various aspects of Indian Culture will be given. The lectures will be on (i) History of Aryan Culture, (ii) Vedic Religion and Literature, (iii) Shaiva and Vaishnava Dharma and the Puranas, (iv) Ancient History of India, (v) Jaina Religion and Philosophy, (vi) Indian Archaeology, Epigraphy and Palaeography, (vii) Systems of Indian Philosophy, (viii) Ancient and Modern Languages of India, (ix) Bhagvaddharma, etc.

FREE TO PUBLIC.

All these classes and lectures will be absolutely free and open to the public. In order that a list of persons interested in either of these be maintained, those intending to take benefit of these classes or lectures are requested to send their names to Principal Shankerprasad U. Shukla, Fellowship School, Gowalia Tank Road, Bombay 7.

LECTURES FOR JANUARY.

A programme of Loka-Bhogya Lectures for January to be given at the Fellowship School Assembly Hall, from 6-15 to 7-15 p.m. is given below:—

Jan. 13 (Fri.) Prof. Bhanushanker Vyas: Modern Gujarati Poetry (1) Jan. 16, Shri Durgashanker Shastri Bhagvad Dharma (1); Jan. 18, Sjt. Ambalal Jani Ancient Foets (1); Jan. 20, Pandit J. Vidyalankar Glimpses into Indian History—Bharatiya Itihas (Hindi) (1); Jan. 23, Muni Jinavijayaji: Jaina Religion; Jan. 25, Sjt. Ramashraya Roy: Tulsi Ramayana Hindi (1); Jan. 27, Prof. Bhanushanker Vyas: Modern Gujarati Poetry (2); Jan. 30, Shri Durgashanker Shastri Bhagvad Dharma (2).

CATARRH

GERMS BREED in 12 Head Cavities

New Quick-Vapourising Medication Reaches Every Hidden Germ

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WHY EXCLUDE COMMUNISTS FROM CONGRESS?

Kamaladevi Pleads For Political Tolerance

In the course of a statement Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya says:

It is with amazement but far more with pain that one learns that the nomination paper of Mr. Sundarayya, a Congressman of Andhra was rejected on the ground that he holds Communistic views and is a Communist

This incident necessarily raises the "question; are those who hold communistic views debarred from the Congress? If so why?

WHAT IS COMMUNISM.

In the first place Communism is an economic theory. It is a particular type of structure of society. It is a technique of economic and social living, a new order under which property will become state-owned and all concerns and institutions run by the state. This may seem a piece of madness to some or impracticable non-sense to others. But after all it is the inherent right of man to evolve new ideologies, new ways of ordering life. There are all sorts of social theories prevailing to-day in the world and it is open to groups of people who believe in any of them to come together and even experiment on these lines.

Even in the divine land of the deified Nippon such colonies exist. Such people propagate their views and try to convert other sections of people to their view.

INDIA'S TRADITION.

And after all what is there so preposterous or revoluting to our sense in the theory of state-ownership, which really means the collective ownership by the people? Has not Gandhiji himself approved of collective ownership and avowed his belief in it? Did not community and village life once prosper in this very land, make it great and the envy of all? Most religious movements have been of this character.

COMMUNISM AND CONGRESS.

Now the only question that remains is: Is Communist thought incompatible with the Congress creed of non-violence. It is no argument to say that the third International or the Communist Party of any country never swore by this creed. Communism is no more the monopoly of the Third International than non-violence is of Gandhism. Nobody has said the last word on how a Communist society is to be established. There will always be new methods, new means new ways of doing so and if India chooses to launch upon this enterprise it is up to her to use her own methods of non-violence as she has hitherto done in her fight against imperialism. Violence is no more a creed of the Communists than meat-eating is of the Christians, though there are not a few who carry both these erroneous impression.

CONGRESS FOR ALL.

The Congress must accept within its fold as "bona fide" members all those who sign its creed and accept its objective, unless they deliberately go against its discipline. The Congress is a broad-based nationalist organisation which embraces within its fold people holding a variety of economic and social ideologies but all bound together by the one political objective of complete independence for India.

TITLE TO GOVT. SECURITIES

(Continued from page 6)

and the Guide Book, put forward the plan of implied indemnity provided in common law?

If the Government henceforward intend to take protection under common law, will they withdraw the Guide Book and amend the Securities Act? Or do they intend to leave investors in doubt about their title and attendant risk arising out of the decision of the Privy Council?

Investors' Right

When Government change their policy after 95 years, the investors have a right to demand an explanation. It is a known fact that during the last Great War it was difficult to float loans even at 6 per cent. and those investors who put implicit faith are now to be penalised, because securities can be floated to-day at 3 per cent.

No doubt, there is something seriously wrong and it is the duty of Government to inspire confidence in Government Securities and they must take investors, Banks, brokers and others into confidence by issuing a fuller and detailed statement explaining the causes and matters which may be behind the change in their policy, and whether the decision of the Privy Council needs any alteration in the Securities Act and the Guide Book. At the same time will the Government show a way to find out if the security which one intends to purchase has a defective title or a forged endorsement?

When all endorsers subsequent to a forged endorsement are said to be responsible, does it not mean that the Government who paid interest on such loans are also responsible for all these payments over which subsequent buyers have no control?

All these matters need clarification and the Government as a party to the contract of Security or Promissory Note and custodian of the public money owe a duty and if they fail in this, the investors will have to draw their own conclusions.

This charming photograph of the Duke and Duchess of Windsor taken by their special permission to mark the opening of 1939 is the first to be taken at their home on the Riviera, Chateau la Croe Cap d'Antibes, Cannes.

NO COALITION IN PUNJAB

Dr. Gopichand Contradicts Press Reports

LAHORE, Jan. 12.

Interviewed by the Associated Press about the prospects of the formation of a Coalition Ministry in the Punjab, Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, leader of the Congress Party in the Punjab Assembly, said: "I am told that news about the increase in the number of members of the Congress Assembly Party and the formation of a Coalition Ministry has been published in the newspapers both in the Punjab and outside. The Congress Party has not thought of forming a Coalition Ministry, nor is our number increased to 90".

Dr. Gopichand added that the opposition strength in the Assembly was 55, including 39 Congressmen.—A. P.

WALK-OUT IN PUNJAB ASSEMBLY

Sequel To Debate On Adjournment Motion

LAHORE, January 12.

The entire Opposition bloc composed of the Congress and Dr. Narang's Hindu Party staged a walk-out from the Assembly tonight when an adjournment motion on the posting of police on the Lahore Agrarian School was being discussed.

After the Premier had replied to the debate the Deputy Speaker, who presided applied closure to the debate, disregarding the objection raised by the Opposition on the ground that the debate had not taken place for full two hours, the period fixed for it.

Dewan Chamanlal and Dr. Narang said that the Chair was doing a great injustice to the Opposition by not giving it a chance to reply to the Premier's speech. Dewan Chamanlal further said that the Deputy Speaker was taking his instruction from the Treasury Benches, which led to loud uproar in the House.

The Premier demanded that Dewan Chamanlal should withdraw his aspersions on the Chair, which the latter refused to do.

Raising cries of "shame", the Opposition walked out as closure was carried and the adjournment motion rejected.—United Press.

ATTEMPT TO TO BREAK UP CITY ELECTION MEETING

Under the auspices of the Girgaum Congress Election Propaganda Committee, a meeting was held at Kandewadi, in Kalyan Moti Chawls, on Thursday night, Mr. Ganpat Shanker Desai presiding.

In the course of his speech Mr. Desai said, that he had every confidence that the Congress would be victorious in the forthcoming elections, as it had been in the Legislatures.

The Congress was no respecter of persons, and from the highest to the lowest everyone was bound by party discipline.

They were asking the voters to carry the Congress banner into civic life also, and the interest of every citizen would be safeguarded.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master, spoke in some detail about the service of the Congress to the causes of Harijans, of Labour and all Sections of Society, including peasants and workers.

Referring to the resolution in the Municipality on the Rent Bill Mr. Master said, that though it was used as a level to create dissension among the Congress ranks, it was the minority position of the Congress in the Corporation that was responsible for more effectual attitude not being taken. If the Corporation was captured by the Congress, no beneficial measure to the common people would be overlooked.

Mr. S. K. Patil said that he would confine his remarks to Congress party organisation. It was the culminating tragedy of India that there was nothing like party discipline, and forbearance, patience and other virtues were becoming weaknesses.

The Congress had a programme, a record of service, and a manifesto to which it was in honour bound.

The Congress did not coerce voters, it did not go a-begging for them. The people were the sole judges of its ability and integrity and its history was an open book to every one in the country.

The president introduced the candidates. Messrs. S. K. Patil, Nagindas Master, Dr. Deshmukh and Mr. Godbole.

The meeting was conducted in a disturbed atmosphere, as a few disgruntled persons, started heckling and shouting now and again but the audience were in no mood to abandon the meeting.

At the conclusion of the meeting there was scuffle and confusion, which was brought under control, by ejecting the rowdy elements from the premises of the Chawl.

After retiring from the building itself, a number of persons had gathered, shouting and hissing, on the road near the main door. When Sgt. Penn of the Maharbowrie came on the scene on receipt of a 'phone call, the crowd melted away

Sind Ministry Emerges Successful

(Continued from Page 1)

gether and form a stable Ministry. There was still time for them, if they could combine, but he saw no hope at present. Had he known of the present fate that had overtaken Sind, he would never have fought for separation. Owing to the race for jobs, both Hindus and Muslims were divided. He would even advise dissolution of the Assembly and going to the country if the majority wished so. (A Congress member: We are prepared). If the Congress were well-wishers in Sind, they must do some constructive work. In the alternative, if the Hindu Party formed a Coalition with the Muslim League, he would vote for it. He requested the House to put their heads together; otherwise the Province was faced with chaos and deadlock. His hopes of Muslims had been shattered and he did not hope for unity among them. If an alternative to the Ministry was shown, he would vote for it. They must be practical men. Destruction should go hand in hand with destruction.

CHALLENGE TO OPPOSITION

Minister Pir Elahi Bux declared that the Opposition members were maligning the Ministry because they did not join the Muslim League and did not accept the League's policy. League members were carrying on an agitation throughout Province against the Ministry, telling the masses that two Muslim Ministers were not real Muslims. This was absurd. The Ministers had been accused of spending lavishly on their tours. The Ministers had undertaken tours with a view to get into touch with the masses and study the real conditions prevailing. The Minister had personally received innumerable deputations and had redressed some of the people's grievances on the spot. He challenged the Opposition to prove their allegations of favouritism and maladministration. The Ministers had never sought support from the services. The Oppositionists were interested in the Ministry's downfall for their own personal interests, little caring for the betterment of the Province.

SOLUTION OF ASSESSMENT QUESTION

KARACHI, January 12.

A solution of the Land Assessment question, which has been primarily the cause of the present Ministerial impasse, was arrived at, at the joint meeting of the Hindu Independent Party and the Muslim Ministerial Party at the residence of Khan Bahadur Allabux, the Premier this morning. All the three Ministers were present.

It was resolved that the Land Assessment question, after being discussed in the open Assembly, should be brought before the Hindu Independent and the Muslim Ministerial Parties, but before the Budget Session of the Assembly commences.

Thereafter whatever the decision the two parties arrive at on the question of Land Assessment, the Sind Ministry must accept them.

It is understood that the Premier and the remaining two Ministers, who were present approved of the solution.—United Press.

Bombay Presidency's Trade During December

BOMBAY, January 11.

Statement showing the total value of imports, exports and re-exports of merchandise and imports and exports of gold, silver and currency notes (foreign trade private) of the Bombay Presidency during the month of December, 1938, as compared with the same period of the previous year.

	December 1937.	December 1938.
Imports of merchandise ..	6,40,61,852	5,35,38,854
Exports of Indian merchandise ..	1,66,04,225	3,16,94,868
Exports of Foreign merchandise	53,76,233	39,55,357
Imports of gold	7,25,111	3,62,482
Imports of silver	4,09,367	2,35,566
Imports of currency notes	9,800	500
Exports of gold	1,65,73,132	38,385
Exports of silver	17,62,044	9,95,921
Exports of currency notes ..	Nil.	Nil.

HE CAN'T CATCH UP

Without More Energy

NO parents want their son to take second place. Yet the family breakfast may just lack the energy food he needs.

Modern parents know that Kellogg's Corn Flakes give *quick* energy to their active boy. Children love the crisp, toasted flavour with milk and sugar. And they're easy to digest. 10 helpings, ready cooked, in the moisture-proof WAXTITE packet, always fresh.

Children like milk this way

Your child will welcome the extra milk that is so necessary for him, when it's given with Corn Flakes. Buy Kellogg's from your stores to-day.

First Choice of Modern Parents Everywhere!

Oldest Extant Manuscript Found

800-Year-old Nepali Version Of Mahabharata

POONA: JAN. 10.

The oldest extant manuscript of the Mahabharata, the Great Indian Epic, said to date back to eight hundred years, is the latest invaluable acquisition of the Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute. Poona, which has undertaken the stupendous enterprise of collating the various ancient versions of the Mahabharata and publishing a critical edition of the Great Epic.

It is a Nepali manuscript of the Adiparvan of the Mahabharata, which is said to be between seven and eight hundred years old, and, therefore, easily the oldest extant manuscript of the Mahabharata.

The manuscript, of which complete collations and specimen photographs were submitted to Dr. Sukhthankar, Editor-in-Chief of the critical edition of the Mahabharata under preparation under the aegis of the Bhandarkar Institute, was recently discovered and acquired by Manyavara Gurujiu Hemaraj Panditjiu, C.I., D.P.I., the well-known Savant of Nepal.

The material is in palm leaf and the writing, which is throughout uniform, is in old faded ink. It contains only the first parvam of the Mahabharata but is complete in itself, there being no folios missing. The average folio measures 21in. by 2-1/4in. and each folio contains uniformly seven lines of writing, except the last folio, which has only four and a half lines.

The manuscript is not dated, but the high antiquity claimed for it is authenticated, apart from the antique look, by its convincing internal evidence. The best proof is that it is almost entirely free from those modern accretions as also in great part from those other smaller insertions.

It is said to be free from most of the matter pronounced to be spurious on the evidence of the then available Mss. of different versions. A few examples of such spurious interpolations are the Brahma-Ganesh complex, the puranic story of Arunna being made to act as the charioteer of the sun, names of the hundred sons of Dhratarashtra, the story of the birth of Abhimanyu, the story of the birth of Karna, details of the marriage of Pandu and Madri, details of the Picnic (Jalakrida), description of the conquest and annexation of drupadas kingdom by the pandavas exacted by Acharya Drona as "Gurudakshinna," and the installation of Yudhistira as heir-apparent.

The Mahabharata is, next to the vedas, the most valuable product of the entire literature of ancient India,—rich in notable works. Venerable for its very antiquity, it is one of the most inspiring literary monuments of the world, and an inexhaustible mine for the investigation of the religion, mythology, legend, philosophy, law, customs and political and social institutions of ancient India.

"The greatest value of this Ms," writes Dr. V. S. Sukhtankar, Editor-in-Chief of the critical edition of the Mahabharata, in the latest issue of the annals of the Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, "lies in its corroboration of the constituted text of the critical edition. It attests and justifies, as an independent witness, the principles according to which the reconstruction of the epic text is achieved, thus placing the constituted text on still surer foundations."

The Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute Poona, has undertaken the gigantic task of collating all the important extant versions of the great epic—such as Kasmiri, Nepali, Maithili, Bengali, Nagari, Telugu, Tamil and Malayalam, and the publication of a critical edition of the epic.

Inaugurated by the late Sir R.G. Bhandarkar himself 19 years ago, the work is being carried out by an editorial board of eminent indologists with Dr. Sukhtankar as the Editor-in-Chief. The arduous labours are expected to last over a generation and estimated to cost six lakhs of rupees.

The project is being financed by donations and grants from Philanthropists, Governments and public institutions. The Chief of Aundh, one of the Vice-Chairmen of the institute, initiated the project in 1917 with a personal donation of one lakh of rupees, and he is taking keen interest in the publication of this monumental work.

The editorial board of the Mahabharata have already published three volumes, the Adiparvan, Virataparvan and the Udyogaparvan, while three more, namely, Sabhaparvan, Aranyakaparvan and the Bhismaparvan are under preparation the entire epic consists of eighteen parvans or volumes.

East Khandesh In Grip Of Famine

Peasants Organise, And Demand Remission Of Land Revenue For Current Year

(From A Correspondent)

CHALISGAON, Jan. 8.

Due to heavy rains in October last, East Khandesh is in the grip of a famine.

According to reports of the peasants and some Congress Committees, the crops are less than one-fourth, and the whole peasant population is agog.

Almost all over the district conferences after conferences are held in which participate thousands of peasants. Resolutions demanding remission of land revenue and rent for the current year; reduction in land revenue in the next budget and improvement in the draft tenancy bill. Sane Guruji, the idol of the masses here, is organising the movement for the above demands. Assisted by Mr. Lalji Pendse, he has launched a heavy campaign of peasant meetings and is organising a peasant march to reach Jalgaon on the 26th January to attend East Khandesh Famine Conference which will put forth the above demands. The propaganda is meeting with enthusiastic response from the villages.

Attempts are being made to persuade district Congress Committee officials to agree to holding the famine Conference under the auspices of the Congress and to participate actively in the Campaign. So far as could be gathered it seems the officials of the District Committee have accepted the suggestion and the Executive Meeting is called for the 13th instant to consider the proposal. Meanwhile a hurricane campaign is proceeding to organise a peasant march to the Collector's Katcheri at his Jalgaon headquarters and there to hold the Conference. 26th January is the Independence Day and the peasants will celebrate it, with a march and a Conference.

Congress M.L.A.'s are also visiting villages to collect correct information as regards the percentage of crops. In this connection Bhadgaon has launched a more systematic campaign.

Hundreds of forms signed by peasants and containing information regarding the year's out-turn on their holding, its proceeds and expenditure, are being filled and forwarded to the Collector.

It is understood that the Collector is impressed with the stream of these statements and is changing programme of tour.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' UNION ESTABLISHED IN POONA

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA Jan. 11.

A meeting of the workers of the Poona city Municipality was held on 10th. inst. in Poona under the chairmanship of Mr. R. R Bhole M.L.A. A Union was formed here with Mr. R. R. Bhole as the president of the Union.

Mr. Bhole is meeting the President of the Municipality shortly and would request him to redress the grievances of the workers of his Union

CHARGED WITH STABBING WOMAN

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Balaram Hari, aged 25, who is alleged to have stabbed a woman last night at Worli, was remanded into police custody at the Dadar Court to-day.

It was stated that the accused stabbed Anjelina Pereira near a water tap. She was admitted into the K. E. M. Hospital last night and was operated upon.

Cause of the affray is not known.

AMBEDKAR VISITS CHALISGAON

Could Not Accept Civic Address For Want Of Time

CHALISGAON: By Mail.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar paid a passing visit to Chalisgaon 'en route' to Makranpur, a village about 20 miles to the South of Chalisgaon and situated on the border of the Nizam's Dominions.

To avail themselves of this visit of his the Municipality of Chalisgaon had passed a resolution at their special general meeting to present him with an address of welcome.

However, as Dr. Ambedkar owing to his other important engagements and heavy programme in the Ahmednagar District, could not reach Chalisgaon in time as previously arranged and as he had to reach Makranpur immediately after to preside over the Conference of his people in the Nizam's territory, he was unable to accept the Municipal address. To the President, Dr. G. R. Chavan and other Councillors of the Municipality who had been to the Chalisgaon Railway Station to receive him he has promised that he would accept their address some other day which would be suitable to him and the Municipality. Dr. Ambedkar expressed his regret and hoped to be excused for his inability to accept the address from the Municipality this time.

MOVE TO IMPROVE HOUSING CONDIATIONS IN CITY

Draft Resolutions For Citizens' Meeting On Wednesday

Under the joint auspices of Social Workers' Society and Tenants' organisations a public meeting will be held on Wednesday the 18th January at 6-30 p.m. at Blavatsky Hall when resolutions will be moved on housing and sanitation in city.

Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A., will preside, and prominent citizens will address the meeting.

The following are the draft resolutions for the meeting:—

I. (a) This meeting is of opinion that the housing problem is of very vital importance to the health and welfare of the citizens and is also of opinion that the present housing conditions in the City are extremely unsatisfactory and therefore urges upon the Government of Bombay to take early steps towards the solution of the problem by improving the present conditions.

(I) by making the housing of the working classes a statutorily obligatory duty of the Municipal Corporation and placing upon the Corporation also the further obligation to spend a certain fixed proportion of its income for the proper performance of this duty.

(II) by giving to the Municipality substantial financial assistance to enable it to carry out efficiently its duty in this matter.

(b) This meeting urges upon the Bombay Municipal Corporation (I) to prepare and execute without delay a programme for improved housing facilities in the city.

2. This meeting emphatically deplores the insanitary condition existing in certain parts of the city of Bombay and strongly recommends to the Municipality and to the Government of Bombay the urgent need of improving those conditions, if necessary, by amending the Bombay Municipal Corporation Act and the rules made thereunder in order to give to the Corporation effective powers and by providing for the proper enforcement of the Act and the bye-laws.

LINLITHGOW AT CAPE COMORIN

TRIVANDRUM, Jan. 11.

H. E. the Viceroy this morning visited the Rural Demonstration Centre at Martandam, 23 miles from Trivandrum which is run by the Y.M.C.A. and inspected the work being done there for rural welfare. Dr. Spencer Hatch, Director in Rural Reconstruction to the Council of the Y.M.C.A. escorted His Excellency round the exhibits, a special feature of which was the contrast showing the development of various industries from crude stages to the present stage. H. E. the Viceroy showed great interest in the work of the centre. His Excellency then motored to Cape Comorin, where he joins Her Excellency, Lady Linlithgow.

Their Excellencies return in the afternoon to Trivandrum.—A. P.

Kisan Sabha Not Against Congress

Reply To Misleading Propaganda

Mr. M. D. Deshpande, the General Secretary, Vidarbha Kisan Sabha has issued the following rejoinder to the criticisms emanating from certain quarters that Kisan Sabha is carrying on anti-Congress and anti-Ministry propaganda:—

Since the kisans of Berar have begun to resist oppression the cry is being raised to dubb Kisan Sabha activities as anti-Congress and inspired by the motive of embarrassing the present Ministry. There is nothing contrary to our expectations. It has become a second nature with official Congressmen and those in power to regard activities of all others as anti-Congress and anti-Ministry.

Yet has not the Hon. Biyani the President of the Berar Congress Committee exhorted the kisans in his speech at Morsi not to pay revenue if their crops have really failed? He went to the extent of assuring the peasants his full sympathy and active co-operation in their struggle! We do not know if it was also a political stunt pending the elections of Provincial Congress Committee

It is to be remembered that when the President of Berar Provincial Congress Committee has already started speaking about direct action, Kisan Sabha workers were busy in collecting the detailed information of the effects of failure of crop on rural population. Our reports published from time to time in 'Hitavada' and 'Daily News' stand testimony to the above statement Any impartial observer can judge from these reports that the Kisan Sabha workers had no political consideration nor were their activities guided by anti-Congress motives. Only the other day I came across a press report stating "The Congress leaders have been alarmed at the fact that apart from the Socialist, Communist and Kisan Sabha leaders who are busy fomenting trouble a number of responsible Congressmen, and M.L.A.s have been, both secretly and openly advocating non-payment of land revenue." What political considerations must have actuated responsible Congressmen, M.L.A.s and even a veteran but responsivist leader like Mr. M. S. Aney is beyond our comprehension.

We can say that nothing but the force of circumstances and particularly that attitude of Provincial Government compel us to ask the peasants to resist all oppression. Call it direct action if you like! It is said times without number that 'the Ministry is fully aware of the situation in Berar' and 'ready to do everything in its Power.' They want some time. We accept their words in good faith. But is it not their duty then to stop all coercible measures and sale of land for the realisation of arrears pending their final decision? Is it not within their power?

Lest there may be any misunderstanding let me make it clear that Kisan Sabha which is an infant organisation in this province has not started off-hand agitation with certain vicious political consideration. However, it will fail in its duty if it does not ask the peasants to resist oppression. Let not the Congress Ministry in our province step in the shoes of other ministries and dubb Kisan Sabha as anti-Congress. Let them not have any bias against the Kisan Sabha activities. If only they judge its activities in the right perspective, they will, instead of finding faults with others, mend their own ways of administration.

Lectures On "First Aid" And "Home Nursing"

Under the auspices of the St. John Ambulance Association, classes in "First Aid" and "Home Nursing" will be organised by the Parsi Ambulance Centre of the Association from Sunday next, the 15th January 1939, from 2-30 p. m. on the premises of the Elphinstone High School, Dhobitalao.

The course consists of about sixteen lectures on each subject. The classes meet every Sunday, from 2-30 to 3-30 p. m. No fees are charged for these useful instructions. The classes are open to all English knowing gentlemen, collegians, students etc. Intending gentlemen are requested to attend the Elphinstone High School, on Sunday next the 15th instant at 2-30 p. m.

JERUSALEM, Jan. 11. Constables, P. Crossley and J. Crossley have been again arrested and are being detained in the British police camp at Mountscopus.

Kisan Movement In Bihar

DIRECTED AGAINST LANDLORDS, NOT CONGRESS GOVT., SAYS SAHAJANAND

Swami SAHAJANAND, President of the All-India Kisan Sabha, has issued a statement regarding the land struggle in Bihar, in the course of which he says:—

When I was touring in Maharashtra, I received a wire on 24th Dec. from Gaya about the arrest of Pt. Jadunandan Sharma, under Section 379, for cutting paddy in the fields of Reora, now a famous village of Gaya District.

When I was leaving the Province for my tours outside, I had issued a statement regarding the resolution of Waini Conference on Satyagraha on so-called 'bakasht' land. In the statement I tried to make it abundantly clear that the decision for Satyagraha was taken as a last resort, other ways having failed.

The Congress Ministry has been in office for the last 18 months, during which period three crops of the Kisans have been allowed to go waste and military police and the Special Magistrates have always come to the help of the Zamindars in their nefarious attempt to suppress the legitimate rights of the Kisans over their lands.

This state of affairs could not be tolerated by Kisan workers, much less by Kisans and hence at Waini, we had to take a definite decision regarding Satyagraha. We never thought for a moment that our decision would be constructed as an anti-Ministry move. We are fighting for the rights of the Kisans and as such we always expect help from Congress organisation and Congress Ministers. However, when I heard that Pt. Jadunandan Sharma was arrested along with his colleagues, I returned back to Bihar to line myself up with the poor Kisans of Reora.

The plight of Reora Kisans beggars description. They have been smarting under many grievances due to the tyrannical ways of their zemindar, who has been a powerful man in Bihar politics, so much so that his Kisans' last paddy and 'bhadai' crops were destroyed in their fields and they were in a famishing condition.

Their hunger drove them to the Kisan Sabha. They approached Pt. Jadunandan Sharma, who readily made their woes his own. Then followed a series of negotiations and Sharmaji with a view to arriving at a reasonable settlement put off the date of launching Satyagraha on many times. But when he found that the Zamindar was not willing to be fair and reasonable to Kisans, he launched Satyagraha in pursuance of the Waini resolution, duly emphasising the necessity of maintaining peaceful atmosphere.

After this Pt. Jadunandan Sharma was arrested in an aggressive manner at Chakand Station, far away from the village of Reora. He is now in jail with his 18 colleagues awaiting trial for committing theft.

That Pt. Jadunandan Sharma, who has been at the helm of Congress affairs in the Gaya District for the recent years and is universally regarded as a man of sterling virtues and high character, should ever have been treated like this, is rather shocking. Any way, he is still in jail and even interviews are refused to people other than relatives. I am told he is being tried in the jail itself without public notification to that effect.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Jan. 12.

GOVT. SECURITIES.	
3 1/2 per cent Paper	98/5
4 per cent 1960-70	111/4
5 per cent 1945-55	115/9
BANKS.	
Bank of Baroda	115/4
Bank of Hindusthan	31/4
Bank of India	148/12
Central Bank	32/5
Imperial Bank F.P.	1577/8
Imperial Bank P.P	384/6
Indian Overseas Bank	46/2
Reserve Bank	115
Union Bank	5/14
TEXTILES.	
Ahmd. New Textiles	437/8
Ambica	253/2
Arun	225
Arvind	1245
Asok	215
Bharatkhand	2425
Bombay Dyeing	882/8
Buckingham and Carnatics	187
Calico	623/2
Central India	236/14
Century	242/8
Colaba	145/10
Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills	440
Gokak	149/6
Hukumchand	168/2
Indore	55
Jubilee	218/2
Khatau Makanji	117/8
Kohinoor	265/10
Laxmi Cotton	515
Madhusudan	290
Marsden	100
Morarji	135
Mysore	88/12
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	220/10
Raipur	685
Rajnagar	205
Sajjan	97/8
Sassoon and Alliance	71
Sholapur	3225
Simplex	78/12
Swadeshi	219/6
Vishnu	1205
HYDRO ELECTRICS	
Andhra Valley Ord.	1387/8
Tata Hydro Ord.	150/10
Tata Power Ord.	1270
ELECTRICS.	
Ahmedabad Electrics	137/8
Ajmer Electrics	12/8
Amalgamated	12/6
Bombay Suburban	145/10
Bombay Tram.	120
Surat Electrics	173/12
MISCELLANEOUS	
Alcock Ashdown	329/6
Associated Cements	114/12
Belapur	184/6
Bombay Burma New	163/12
Bombay Burma Old	480
Bombay Steam	217/8
Bombay Telephone	79
Br. B. Petrol	3/9
Burma Corporation	6
Dalmia Cement	9/14
Indian Bleaching	123/12
Industrial Investment Tr.	43
Indian Radio Ord.	385/10
Indian Radio Defd.	390
Indian Copper	2/2
Indian Iron	28/14
Mysore Sugar	29/8
Port Canning	69/8
Premier Construction	64/8
Rohtas Industries	25/8
Scindia Steam	18/7
Shivrajpur	45/8
Tata Oil	44
Tata Steel Ordy.	308/12
Tata Steel Defd.	1462/8
JUTES.	
Birla Jute	16/2
Howrah	52/11
Hukumchand	6/4
Kamarhatty	481
Kankanarrah	374
Lawrence	368
Relance	60

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Receipts from 1st Sept. 1938 to 5th January 1939 (By rail and sea)		605,292
Receipts from 1st Sept. 1938 to 5th January 1939 (By road—estimated)		139,114
		744,406
Same time previous season (By rail and sea)		456,871
Exports from 1st Sept. 1938 to 5th January 1939		
	1938-39	1937-38
United Kingdom	12,571	5,602
Continent	62,155	68,479
China	32,277	24,332
Japan	384,125	56,830
Coast Ports	13,177	28,012
U. S. A	.....	.....
Total	504,305	184,255
Total exports by rail, 1st Sept 1938 to 5th January 1939		105,748
Estimated mill consumption in Bombay from 1st Sept 1938 to 5th January 1939		299,010
Same period last year		320,362
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters, dealers and mills in Bombay on 5th Jan 1939		740,705
Same time last year		589,328

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts of cotton from Up-country from 1st Sept 1938 to 29th December 1938	684,384
Same time previous season	479,492
Total cotton shipped from 1st Sept 1938 to 22nd December 1938	329,575
Same time last year	234,998

LONDON SEEDS.

London, Jan. 11.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton Jan. sellers	10/17/6
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton Jan. sellers	12/10/0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton Jan. sellers	12/17/6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton Jan-Feb. sellers	12/0/0
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton Jan-Feb. sellers	11/2/6

THINK AHEAD FOR THE YEARS TO COME.

Clean Your Teeth now but also Protect them against Future decay

Of course you want to clean your teeth every day so that they will be bright and sparkling for each day and Phillips' Tooth Paste does that too. But that is not enough. You also want to protect them now so that they will not decay in the future. The one best way to do that is to use Phillips' Milk of Magnesia Tooth Paste and here's the reason.

Tiny unseen food particles which lodge between the teeth and under gums create harmful acids in the mouth. Ordinary brushing will not destroy these acids. Milk of Magnesia will. Phillips' Milk of Magnesia Tooth Paste contains over 75% milk of magnesia. This milk of magnesia penetrates all of the crevices where these food particles collect. It attacks and destroys the mouth acids they create. It thoroughly protects your teeth.

Thus every time you use Phillips' Milk of Magnesia Tooth Paste you are not only cleansing your teeth for the present but protecting them for the future as well. Start using Phillips' to-day and save yourself discomfort in the future.

T.4.

YEARS OF STOMACH AGONY

Until she found the right remedy

The story of this woman at 67 will give new hope to thousands of stomach sufferers. "For years," writes Mrs. T. J. W., "I suffered untold agonies. I was afraid to eat and was constantly under the doctor. I was treated for Gastritis, Ulcers, Colic and Indigestion. One day I thought I would give Maclean Brand Stomach Powder a trial, and when I told my doctor I was taking it he said 'keep on with it!' I did, and I am thankful to say I am now completely cured and able to eat anything."

This sufferer's experience is by no means unusual. However acute your trouble, Maclean Brand Stomach Powder can't help doing you good. For this famous remedy eases and aids the tortured stomach in a perfectly natural way. It counteracts the excess acid that pitilessly burns and bites; it soothes the inflamed stomach lining; it expels noxious gases. The whole digestive tract is made clean and healthy again. No wonder Mrs. T. J. W.'s doctor advised her to keep on with Maclean Brand Stomach Powder! MACLEAN BRAND Stomach Powder is genuine only if the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" appears on bottle and carton with the red seal on the carton. In Powder or Tablets. Never sold loose. Cheap imitations may make your trouble worse. From all chemists and stores.

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GUARANTEED FOR EVER

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON FIVE POINTS UP

Profit-Taking In Gilt-Edgeds

OILS AND INDUSTRIALS FIRM

NEW YORK COTTON

BOMBAY, January 12.

Owing to steadier Liverpool cables and higher Bombay advices, New York Cotton showed better feeling. The undertone was steady.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Very quiet conditions prevailed all round. Oil and Home Industrials were steady to firm.

Gilt-edgeds were easier on profit-taking.

BULLION

London Silver was almost steady. Gold price was slightly lower.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1939

	New York, Jan 12
Previous closing	8.30
To-day's opening	8.31
Difference	+01
To-day's closing	8.35
Difference	+05

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1939

	Liverpool, Jan 12
Previous closing	4.80
To-day's opening	4.83
Difference	+03
To-day's closing	4.85
Difference	+05

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May 1939	Rs. 159
July August	Rs. 160

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Jan 12

The New York cotton displayed better sentiment encouraged by steadier Liverpool cables and higher Bombay advices but in the absence of any fresh incentive at home, the demand later slowed down. Although the undertone remained steady.

The trading in March began at 8.31 i.e. one point higher. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and scattered trade and foreign buying under which the price advanced to 8.33, after which the demand quietened down.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, Jan 12

Locally, Broach April/May was quoted at Rs. 158-4 in the opening, and with somewhat better advices from abroad the price advanced a little and closed at Rs. 159.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan 12

The following were the opening ranges:—

March (8.32/8.32) 8.31/8.31
May (8.07/8.06) 8.08/8.08
July (7.81/7.80) 7.81/7.81

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan 12

American January (4.82) 4.85
American March (4.80) 4.82
Egyptian January (7.02) 7.10
Egyptian March (6.90) 6.97

LONDON COMMODITIES

TEAS

London, Jan 12

Indian Pekoe (0-11) 0-10 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-5) 1-3
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0) 1-0 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-6 3/4) 1-6

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop January February (£20 1/16 sellers) £20 buyers

Dundee January (£29 1/2) £23 1/4
Lightning January (£22) £22 1/4

RUBBER

Spot (8 1/8 paid and value) 8 1/16 paid and value
Forward April June (8 1/4 paid and value) 8 3/16 paid and value

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay January February (£11 1/8 sellers) £11 1/8 sellers
Linseed La Plata January (£12 1/2 sellers) 12 9/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata January (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 7/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal February (£10 5/16 sellers) £10 5/16 sellers

METALS

Tin (£217 buyers £217 1/4 sellers. Steady) £216 1/4 buyers £216 1/2 sellers Barely steady.

Lead (£14 3/4 buyers £14 7/8 sellers. Steady) £14 1/2 buyers £14 9/16 sellers. Barely steady

Electrolytic Copper (£48 1/2 to 49 1/2) £47 3/4 to £48 3/4
Iron (102) 102

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Jan 12

General Motors (dol 48 1/8) dol 47 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 33) dol 32 3/4
U S Common New Stock (dol 65 7/8) dol 65 1/2
U S Steel Preference (dol 117) dol 117 1/8

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

	New York, Jan 12
Previous closing	4.66 7/8
To-day's opening	4.67 1/16
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.67

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

	London, Jan 12
Previous closing	4.67.12
To-day's opening	4.66.87
To-day's closing	4.67.09

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

	London, Jan 12
Previous closing	177.15
To-day's opening	177.15
To-day's closing	177.18

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Jan 12

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.66.87 and then improved to 4.67.09 with subsequent changes being small and irregular.

Franc opened at 177.15 and kept steady with hardly any important variation.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 15/16) 1-5 15/16
Paris on Bombay (13.231) 13.235
New York on Bombay (34.93) 34.99
Berlin on Bombay (86 7/8) 86 7/8
London on Milan (88.85) 88.77
London on Shanghai (0-8 1/2 nominal) 0-8 3/8 nominal
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-8-10) £7-8-9 1/2
Silver (20 5/16d) 20 5/16d.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (1 to 1 per cent) 1 to 1 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Jan 12

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay tonight:—

"India bought. Speculators bought and sold. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Jan 12

Spot	(20 5/16d) 20 3/8d.
Forward	(19 15/16d) 19 15/16d nil

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan 12

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-8-10) £7-8-9 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

SILVER

	Bombay, Jan 12
Silver ready	52 4 0
Silver Maha	52 1 6
Silver Fagan	52 3 0

GOLD

Gold ready	37 3 6
Gold Maha	37 4 3
Gold Fagan	37 5 3
Sovereign	23 13 6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

	Bombay, Jan 12
Wheat	4 11 6
Wheat May	3 11 0
Wheat September	3 10 6
Linseed May	5 5 0
Linseed September	5 7 3

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Jan 12

Liverpool wheat opened steady with March quoting at 56. The market was steady but the activity continued at a low ebb in the absence of any fresh developments.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Jan 12

Chicago wheat opened steady with May quoting at 0.69 1/8. The market displayed activity on scattered purchases but the demand was not aggressive in the absence of fresh incentive with the rate remaining unchanged from the opening.

3½% GOVT. LOAN

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Jan 12

3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted at Rs. 98/4/6 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Jan 12

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £89 3/4.

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Tuesday, January 3, £89 1/2
Wednesday, January 4, £89 1/2
Thursday, January 5, £89 1/2
Friday, January 6, £89 1/2
Monday, January 9, £89 1/2
Tuesday, January 10, £89 3/4
Wednesday, January 11, £90

INDIAN LOANS

London, Jan 12
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£97) £97
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£89 1/2) £90
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£111) £111
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£115) £115
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-53 (£106) £106 1/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£107 £107
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1945/59 (£101) £101 1/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945/58 (£102 3/4) £102 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent (£70 7/8) £70 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 7/8) £98 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 3/4) £102 3/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£108) £108
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£98 1/4) £98 1/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£107 3/8) £107 3/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan 12

London Stock Exchange was very quiet owing to lack of interest.

Giltedged securities came under some pressure. Three and half per cent was quoted at 90 i.e. unchanged from previous closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (16-4 1/2) 16-4 1/2
Motors and Spencer Ordinary (56-0) 56-0
Hydro Electric (dol 4 3/8) dol 4 3/8
Elec Music Industry (10-6) 10-6
Princhin Johnson (24-0) 24-0
Imperial Chemical (29-10 1/2) 29-10 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (60-1 1/2) 59-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£18) £18 3/4
Dunlop Rubber (23-6) 23-6
Unilever Ordinary (35-10 1/2) 35-10 1/2
Ford Motors (16-0) 16-0
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£39) £39 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary (95-0) 95-7 1/2
Carreas A (£8 1/2) £8 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (130-0) 130-0
P and O S N Company Deferred (21-7 1/2) 21-7 1/2
Distillers (88-0) 88-0
Bredford Dyes (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-9) 3-6
J and P Coates Ordinary (35-7 1/2) 35-7 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (27-3) 27-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-9) 2-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary (22-9) 22-6
Inter Nickels (dol 57 5/8) dol 57 3/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (43-1 1/2) 43-9

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (17-0) 17-0
Bonaro Tea (36-10 1/2) 36-3
Empire of India (23-9) 23-9

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (25-3) 24-9
Gula Kelampong (21-3) 21-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (27-7 1/2) 27-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (41-3) 41-3
Burma Corporation (8-9) 8-9
Rio Tintos (£14 3/8) £14 5/8
East Rand Proprietors (56-3) 55-7 1/2
Rand Mines (£8 1/4) £8 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£16 1/8) £16
Associated Portland Cement (66-10 1/2) 66-3
Trinidad Leaseholds (88-9) 88-9
Sub Nigel (£12) £11 7/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (29-4 1/2) 29-4 1/2
Union Corporation (£8) £8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (21-3) 21-3
Anglo Iranian (90-7 1/2) 91-3
Burma Oil (81-3) 81-3
Mexican Eagle (5-0) 5-0
Shell Trausport (81-3) 81-3
Royal Dutch (£35 7/8) £36 7/8

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£25) £25
London Midland and Ordinary (£12 1/4) £12 1/8
London North Eastern Def (£2 3/8) £2 3/8
Southern Def (£11 3/4) £11 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£119 1/2) £119 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£79 3/4) £73 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Selling Pressure Negligible

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Jan 12

On the Stock Exchange though selling pressure was negligible values in most sections drifted lower in the absence of demand. Considerable interest centred on £7,500,000 4 per cent debentures of Southern Railway wherein dealings started on small premium. Attocks were again outstanding among oils, following the publication of a cable concerning the Dhulian well.

Giltedged securities were subjected to small profit-taking. Among commodities cotton was firmer on light offering and improved on New York advices.

Wall Street opened firm.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotations

Liverpool, Jan 12

The Liverpool wheat market closed with March being quoted at 56 1/2d.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Steel Corporations In Good Demand

CALCUTTA, Jan 12

In Jutes easier feeling was noticed at the opening market to-day, particularly in its chief speculative issues. The market, however, steadied up towards the close. The volume of business was reported on a moderate scale. Slight enquiry was in evidence in Coals section to-day, among some of popular issues, but prices did not show much alteration. In teas, enquiry was confined on a limited basis.

Miscellaneous: Indian Iron and Steel exhibited somewhat quieter to dency today in sympathy with weaker American prices, while Steel Corporation (ordy) were in strong request on good buying support and prices were marked up substantially from their previous levels.

Government securities were quiet but steady.

The following are the closing quotations:—

Government securities: Three per cent new loan (1963/65) 98/2 small lot; three per cent loan (1941) 102/6 small odd lot; three and half per cent Government paper 98/5; four per cent loan (1960/70) 111/2 small lot; five per cent loan (1945/55) 115/7 small lot; three per cent U P loan (1961/66) 98/2 small lot; three per cent N W F P loan (1952) 98/9 ct.

Banks: Central 31/8; Reserve 114/8 c div.

Railways: Bankura Damoodar 91; Darjeeling Himalayan ordy 65 small lot; Hardwar Dehra 124.

Coals: Bengal 328; Burrakur pref 137; Dhemo Main 12/11; Nazira 8/10; New Beerbhoom 16/4; North Damuda 4/14; Ponch Valley 32/4; Raneegunge 31; Samla 1/5; Standard 25; Talcher 1/3; West Jamuria 32/10.

Jutes: Adamjee Pref 120 small lot; Albion ord 199; Albion Pref 134; Agarpara 16/13; small odd lot; Anglo India 328; Auckland 174/8; Birla 16/5; Barnagore 139/8; Belvedere 350; Chitavalsah 12; Cheviot 168 small lot; Clive 22/14; Dalhousie 313; Fort Gloster 470/8 small lot; Gondalpara 733; Gourepore 535; Howrah 52/14; Hukumchand 6/8; India 290 small lot; Kamarhatty 481; Lansdowne 150; National 21; New Central 278/8 small lot; New Central pref 142; Nuddea 40/8; small lot; Orient 171 ct; Presidency 3/9; Standard 261/8; Union 363

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 6; Consolidated Tin 6/3 ex div; Indian Copper 2/2; Tavoy Tin 1/8; Alkali and Chemical Pref 121; Indian Galvanizing 19/8; Indian Iron and Steel 28/15; Indian St Wagon pref 127 small lot; Steel Corpn ord 10/13; Pref 94; Balmer Lawrie 255/8; B I Corpn ord 3/2; pref 154/8 small odd lot; Calcutta Safe Deposit 7/4; Dunlop Rubber 2nd Pref 102/8 ct; Kalimpong Ropeway 10; Steuart and Co as. 3; Indo Burma Petroleum pref 126 ex div; Titaghur Paper B ordy 13/12; Midnapore Zemindary 75/8; small lot; India General Navgn Pref 145; Balrampore 9/10 small lot; Carew and Co 11/8; Champaran 12/12; Raza 12/12.

Teas: Banarhat pref 134; Baradighi 37/8; East India 7/14; Okayti pref 124; Sapoi 7/14; Sonai River 14/2 ct.

Debentures: Five and half per cent (1962) Calcutta Municipal 126; six per cent (1935/45) Humayan Property 108.

—A. P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Jan 12

To-day's closing quotations:

Sind Cotton January	15	0	9
March	15	3	3
Punjab January	12	14	6
March	13	1	6
Desi American January	18	2	3
Desi American January	18	2	9
Tone: Steady.			
Wheat January	24	2	9
March	24	6	9
July	26	4	6
Tone: Steady			
Gram January	30	15	0
July	28	2	6
Toria February	37	1	6
March	37	14	3
Cottonseed January	20	8	9
March	20	7	0
May	20	9	6

INTER-SCHOOL ATHLETIC SPORTS

The Jt. Hon. Secretary, Bombay North and Suburban Secondary Teachers' Association, writes:—

The Bombay North and Suburban Secondary Teachers' Association, has decided this year to hold athletic sports for schools in the area both for boys and girls. The events include individual items and also some team competitions of Indian Games and volley-ball.

The heats will be run on Saturday and Sunday, 14th and 15th instant, simultaneously at Dadar at the King George English School Ground and at Andheri on the M. A. High School ground.

The Association has secured some trophies for team games. The finals of the events will be run on Saturday, 21st instant at Dadar.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on 6th January 1939.

1. Demand Liabilities—		
(a) In India	125,75,29,000	
(b) In Burma	6,27,44,000	
2. Time Liabilities—		
(a) In India	103,15,62,000	
(b) In Burma	4,48,87,000	
3. Cash—		
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes.—		
(a) In India	4,96,03,000	
(b) In Burma	60,000	
(ii) Burma Notes—		
(a) In India	22,000	
(b) In Burma	20,04,000	
(iii) Rupee Coin—		
(a) In India	63,37,000	
(b) In Burma	60,000	
(iv) Subsidiary Coin—		
(a) In India	32,33,000	
(b) In Burma	76,000	
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	11,37,36,000	
5. Advances—		
(a) In India	113,19,29,000	
(b) In Burma	3,62,24,000	
6. Bills discounted—		
(a) In India	4,42,85,000	
(b) In Burma	28,37,000	

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 6th January, 1939.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
CAPITAL:—		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders— Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5,52,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		81,47,13,000
Loans against securities per contra		
Acceptances for Constituents		3,04,000
Sundries		86,87,000
	Rupees	93,52,04,000
ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—		
Government securities	42,02,53,000	
Other Authorised Investments	1,07,87,000	43,10,40,000
ADVANCES:—		
Loans	10,76,17,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	21,56,91,000	
Bills Discounted and Purchased	4,15,68,000	36,48,76,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		3,04,000
Dead Stock		1,91,88,000
Sundries		45,35,000
Bullion		—
CASH:—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	5,74,02,000	
Balances with other Banks	5,78,59,000	11,52,61,000
	Rupees	93,52,04,000

LONDON SPELTER

London, Jan. 11.

Spelter hard (Indian brand) F.O.B. 12 1/2 to 13 1/2

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Jan. 11.

T. T. London on:—

New York	4.67.12
Paris	177.15
Berlin	11.64 1/2
Madrid	100.00
Montreal	4.17 1/8
Amsterdam	8.59
Brussels	27.85
Milan	88.80
Berne	20.67 1/2

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Jan. 11.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Jan-Feb. sellers 21/1 1/2
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels Jan-Feb. sellers 23
Wheat South Australian parcels Jan. sellers 23/9

LONDON RUBBER

London, Jan. 11.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. unchanged

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Jan. 11.

Fair Rio Coffee No. 7 quality unchanged

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Jan. 11.

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent £72 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 £76 1/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later £90
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 111
Consols 2 1/2 per cent 71
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961 £99 1/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 £96 1/2
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 £108 3/8
Victory Bonds £107 5/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China £9 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg. £86 1/2
National Bank of India £32 3/4
P and O Banking Corporation £10

KARNATAK FREE NIGHT SCHOOL

The Hon. Secretary, K. F. N. School writes:—

The following are the office-bearers of the above school for the year 1939.

President: Mr. S. S. Shetty, C.A.I.I.B., F.R.E.S., (Lond.).

Headmaster: Mr. U. N. Kumar.

Assistant Headmaster: Mr. Y. G. Bangera.

Hon. Secretary: Mr. M. S. Shetty.

Hon. Treasurer: Mr. K. A. Rai.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Jan 12

J Finlay ss City of Kobe of 2743 reg tons Captain J Baker arrived from Dunkerk via Middlesbrough Hull, Port Said, Port Sudan, Karachi, Navlakhi and Bedi Bunder with general cargo.

P and O S N ss Nagpore of 3226 reg tons, Captain C S Parker arrived from Karachi with cotton and general cargo.

B I S N ss Vita of 1955 reg tons, Captain F Harrison arrived from Karachi via Port Okha and Cutch Mandvi with passengers and general cargo.

P and O S N ss Stratheden of 14127 reg tons, Captain R Harrison arrived from London via Gibraltar, Marseilles, Port Said, Suez and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

SAILED

B I S N ss Varsova of 1955 reg tons Captain W J Clark sailed for Basra via Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers and local cargo.

Burmah Shell Oil S and D ss Badarpur of 4949 reg tons, Captain G Booth sailed for Abadan with water ballast.

Anglo Iranian Oil ss Br Sergent of 3387 reg tons, Captain E H Fulcher sailed for Abadan with local cargo.

T Morrison ss Akbar of 2479 reg tons, Captain H Morini sailed for Jeddah via Karachi with pilgrims and local cargo.

P and O S N ss Stratheden of 14127 reg tons, Captain R Harrison sailed for Sydney via Colombo and Australian Ports with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loacing on 12-1-39.

S S Britannia (Anchor Line) for Karachi, Marmagoa, Kathiawar Ports, Europe and American Ports.

S S City of Kobe (K N) for Marmagoa, Mangalore, Calicut, Cochin, Port Said, Port Sudan, London, Antwerp and Liverpool.

S S Strathnaver (M M) for Aden, Port Sudan, Europe, Ports and American Ports via London.

S S Varela (M M) for Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports.

S S City of Agra (J F) for Port Said, Port Sudan, Liverpool, Glasgow and Manchester.

S S Hoegh Merchant (Volkart Bros) for Alleppey, Colombo, Java Ports and American Ports.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Jan 12

4 Jeypore 3209 Karachi 14-1 M M
7 Northmoor 2649 Liverpool 14-1 Anchor Line
10 Kenya 4646 Durban 18-1 M M
12 C/O Venice 5492 Karachi 17-1 K Nixon.
14 Goldenfels 4845 Antwerp 15-1 L Edwards
15 Rosario 3321 Hull 14-1 L Dreyfus

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Potter 3833 Calcutta 12-1 L Edwards
4 Varsova 1955 Busra 12-1 M M
6 Garbeta 3204 Cutch Kundla 13-1 M M
7 Eihuku Maru 4292 Karachi 14-1 O S K Kaisha.

PRINCE'S DOCK

D/E Haideri 912 Malabar Coast 13-1 H Hassum
F Akbar 2479 Jeddah 12-1 T Morrison
K Jalavijaya 2297 NF NF Scindia S N
N/O El Madina 1628 Jeddah 14-1 Scindia S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Rawalpindi 2-2-39 P and O S N
Strathallan 9-2-39 P and O S N
Durenda 18-1-39 P and O S N
Ranpura 19-1-39 P and O S N
Maloja 26-1-39 P and O

FROM HULL

City of Kobe 12-1-39 J Finlay

FROM LIVERPOOL

Britannia 13-1-39 Anchor Line
Macilwraith 16-1-39 J Finlay

FROM HAMBURG

Kybfels 25-1-39 L Edwards
Grootekerk 22-1-39 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Nagara 28-1-39 L Edwards
Tungsha 16-1-39 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Harrison 9-2-39 F F Campbell
Hoegh Merchant 13-1-39 Volkart Bros
Pres. Van Buren 26-1-39 F F Campbell
Hoegh Silverlight 14-1-39 Volkart Bros

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Verde 16-1-39 L Triestino
Volpi 12-1-39 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Conte Biancamano 6-2-39 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Carthage 3-2-39 P and O S N
Ryuun Maru 26-1-39 O S Kaisha
Victoria 1-2-39 L Triestino
Bangalore 15-1-39 P and O S N
Bri Monarch 20-1-39 N Y Kaisha
Hakodate Maru 28-1-39 N Y Kaisha
Glasgow Maru 18-1-39 O S Kaisha
Conte Rosso 16-1-39 L Triestino
Chitral 20-1-39 P and O S N

FROM BASRA

Bandra 12-1-39 M M
Monte Piana 13-1-39 L Triestino
Varela 14-1-39 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Queda 15-1-39 M M
Strathnaver 14-1-39 P and O S N

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 4-2-39 M M
Takliwa 21-1-39 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Golconda 16-1-39 M M

FROM BASSEIN

Gurna 15-1-39 M M

FROM KARACHI

Vita 19-1-39 M M

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Carthage 4-2-39 P and O S N
Mirzapore 12-1-39 M M
Strathnaver 14-1-39 P and O S N
Chitral 21-1-39 P and O S N
Narkunda 28-1-39 P and O S N

FOR HULL

Rosario 14-1-39 L Dreyfus

FOR LIVERPOOL

Britannia 27-1-39 Anchor Line
City of Venice 30-1-39 K Nixon

FOR HAMBURG

Trifels N F L Edwards
Goldenfels 15-1-39 L Edward

FOR NEW YORK

Pres. Van Buren 28-1-39 F F Campbell
Hoegh Merchant 16-1-39 Volkart Bros.
Pres Adams 14-1-39 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 16-1-39 L Triestino
Monte Piana 15-1-39 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 1-2-39 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Conte Verde 16-1-39 L Triestino
Glasgow Maru 26-1-39 O S Kaisha
Nagpore 14-1-39 P and O
Burdwan 31-1-39 P and O S N
Rawalpindi 2-2-39 P and O S N
Bri Monarch 3-2-39 N Y Kaisha
Conte Biancamano 6-2-39 L Triestino
Hakodate Maru 15-2-39 N Y Kaisha
Eihuku Maru 23-1-39 O S Kaisha

FOR SYDNEY

Maloja 26-1-39 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Bandra 18-1-39 M M
Varela 19-7-39 M M

FOR DURBAN

Takliwa 1-2-39 M M
Kenya 18-1-39 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Jehangir 16-1-39 T Morrison
El Madina 14-1-39 Scindia S N

FOR CALCUTTA

Potter 12-1-39 L Edwards

FOR KARACHI

Vita 14-1-39 M M
Eihuku Maru 14-1-39 O S Kaisha
North moor 14-1-39 Anchor Line
Lindenfels 16-1-39 L Edwards
Jeypore 14-1-39 P and O S N

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Ceylon 10-1-39
S S Volpi 11-1-39
S S Potter 11-1-39

EXPORTS

S S City of Agra for Liverpool: 225 tons manganese ore The Shivrajpur Syndicate; 1232 bags myrabollams P Mathradas; 154 bales raw cotton G Dossa; 360 bales wool raw C Lister; 25 bales wool raw H E Dossa; 650 bags gr nut oil cake The Cotton Agents.

For Glasgow: 24 bales d/s goat skins D Abraham; 3935 bags gr nut oil cake The Cotton Agents.

For Manchester: 616 bags myrabollams P Mathradas; 125 bales raw cotton B Mawji.

S S City of Kobe for Liverpool: 6930 bags gr nut cake K Devchand.

S S Goldenfels for Hamburg: 110 bs cotton waste T Laxmidas; 10 bales dry beef guts D Abraham; 165 bales raw cotton S R Tulshan; 402 bales raw cotton K Devchand; 165 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading.

For Antwerp: 80 bales hemp G M Vyas; 55 bales raw cotton N Nagshi.

For Oslo: 1250 bags gr nut oil cake K Prasad.

For Gothenburg: 35 bales ctn twist waste L O Vora.

For Copenhagen: 45 bales ctn twist waste M Chandulal.

For Izmir: 16 bags dry ginger R Girdharlal.

For Bremen: 32 bales raw cotton Ralli Bros; 500 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros. W

IMPORTS

S S Steel Ranger Agents M Mackenzie from New York: 123 cases medicines; 52 cases cotton fents; 155 bundles galvd steel ice cans; 166 cases auto parts; 70 drums lubg oil; 100 bundles glucose; 137 ctns radio sets; 76 cases paint; 79 cases enamel; 119 bales secondhand clothing; 50 ctns bathroom fixtures; 62 bundles galvd wire rods; 165 cases wheels; 60 loose auto easings; 59 cases motor truck chassis;

From New Orleans: 103 cases hardwood handles; 432 bags powdered corn starch; 160 drums lubg oil; 1946 bags eci mill starch; 55 ctns building boards; 1500 bundles steel hoops; 1843 bundles hickory squares; 379 bundles wood rosin; 243 drums wood turpentine.

From Port Arthur Texas: 1625 drums lubg oil; 412 cases lubg grease.

From Houstan Texas: 500 d/bags refined roll sulphur; 481 drums lubg oil.

From Alexandria: 950 bales cotton.

LANCASHIRE CALLS IT ONE-SIDED!

"Reasonably Fair" Basis For Indo-British Trade Relations Urged

LONDON, Jan 11.

Discussing the volume of purchases of Britain from India and India from England the annual report of the India section of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce states: "Such one-sided state of affairs cannot be contemplated without protest. Lancashire claims that the time is long overdue when the remedy should have been applied."

The report comments on the "long delay in establishing reasonably fair basis for future conduct of Indo-British trade relations."—Reuter.

BRITISH SOLDIERS INJURED

Alleged Attack By Villagers

CAWNPORE Jan. 12.

Two British soldiers, lance-corporals Hancox and Berry of the second battalion south Staffordshire regiment have been admitted to the British Military Hospital at Cawnpore for injuries.

It is stated the soldiers were attacked by villagers about seven miles from Cawnpore while they were out pigeon shooting. Neither of them are in a serious condition. An investigation into the matter is proceeding.—A. P

BARODA, Jan. 12. Mr. B. G Kher, Premier of Bombay, will inaugurate the second session of the Gujarat Library Conference on January 14. Mr. Anandshanker Dhruva will preside over the Conference.—United Press.

Bombay And Wall-Street Buying In Cotton

U. S. MILLS SUPPORT READY

Market Awaiting Washington News

Bombay, Jan. 12.

Commodities made a good showing on Wednesday, wheat rising despite the fact that general interest was very small pending clarification of Argentine selling policy and distant positions on the New York cotton market were very cheerful under Bombay and Wall Street buying and some replacements after the recent liquidation.

The market opened steady and advanced on moderate trade and foreign buying in sympathy with steadier Liverpool cables and better Alexandria advices but increased March liquidation held nearbys to small gains while distant months were firmer but the market thereafter became quiet and hesitant awaiting political developments in Washington and Europe. Spot cotton enquiry from domestic mills was better but sales were limited.

At the opening March was quoted 4 points up at 8.32 and declined to 8.28 which was the lowest level and later prices improved to 8.33 which was the highest level. Distant months were in better demand and the market closed at a rise of 2 to 11 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 2 points at 8.80c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 1 to 3 points. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 8.50c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool market opened at a decline of one point with March 4.77. The market responded to the improvements in Egyptian and local support with contracts scarce. Later on there was short covering and trade calling. The market closed at a rise of 2 points **Middling American spot cotton prices** advanced 3 points at 5.17d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Giza futures advanced 10 to 11 points and Uppers improved 9 to 10 points. The Alexandria market was firm and Sakels advanced 13 to 33 points and Ashmouni futures closed 23 to 29 points up.

Messrs. Langley and Co. have issued the following weekly report:—

"News from Washington has been, as we anticipated, confusing. It must continue so until the issue of the farm programme is finally decided.

The fact that the New York market reversed the downward trend established in Liverpool on Saturday clearly indicated the willingness of the trade to buy nears on recessions. Brighter textiles mean more price fixing. But, outside America, operators were disappointed at the nature of Washington reports. Bombay, long of distants, was especially sensitive to talk of a lower loan—and sold.

When the cotton futures market ceases to keep within the three dimensions of supply, demand and conditions in the textile industry and slips into the fourth dimension of international as well as American domestic politics, the task of forecasting the future becomes almost an impossibility. Immediate trends depend almost entirely on farm legislation in the U.S. Congress and the outcome of the British Premier's visit to Rome.

To these uncertainties has recently been added further evidence of the precariousness of world currencies. Bold action on the part of the British authorities startled speculators holding an overbought dollar position and caused a sharp upturn in sterling's favour. The large transfer of gold to the Equalisation Fund clearly strengthens the position but, in our opinion, it gives strength to a position which is inherently weak rather than consolidates stability in one which on its own merits already can be said to be stable. Two years ago we wrote that the dollar, then 4.90, was as difficult to keep down as a cork under water. That does not mean that the British authorities cannot control sterling. Their recent actions point to considerable determination in that direction. But the pull must remain in favour of the dollar, backed by the vast natural resources of the U.S.A. and possessing the additional advantage of distance from possible storm centres in Europe.

EASTERN CURRENCIES

Far Eastern currencies, equally important from the point of view of cotton, are even more precariously held They will continue to be held. But for how long?

Germany, according to Reuter, is verging on genuine inflation.

Italy? We hear very little about the Lira nowadays. It is controlled almost out of existence, leaving barter as the basis on which goods are, in effect, internationally exchanged.

But in spite of it all, cotton markets not only continue to exist but fluctuate within a remarkably narrow range.

Julys in the New York market closed yesterday 7.78 and October 7.30. Those two months have much to be said in their favour on the merits of price alone.

No matter what may be the farm plan finally accepted, it is certain that July and October will, by their discounts, attract demand for actual cotton created by the dearness of nears encouraging mills to take only immediate needs from the premium months, postponing the maximum amount possible for the cheaper distants. Additionally, distant months carry substantial sales on American accounts That should not be forgotten. Octobers might break 7 cents but they should be a purchase if they do.

LOCAL MARKET

In Bombay, Broach April-May, quoted 161 1/8 on the 3rd January, is expected to open this morning at 157 1/2. Firm on its own merits, Bombay could not, as we said last week, advance without support from America. That support was not forthcoming and disappointed local operators unloaded. Not only did American advices include talk of a lower loan but, it is reported, cotton growers after recent conferences with A.A.A. officials have drafted a series of recommendations to be submitted to Secretary Wallace, including changes in the A.A.A. plans with particular emphasis on the loan programme with a view to stimulate exports'. That is a point of vital interest to India and potentially bearish for Indian markets. It was significant that yesterday considerable selling of Broach July-August was attributed to an American House.

In the spot markets business is only moderate. Domestic mills faced with the difficult problem of manufacturing to the price obtainable in the cloth markets, are buyers for immediate requirements only. In cotton their only problem concerns doubts as to the adequacy of the supply of staple styles from the Indian crop.

Export business is quiet. There has been a little more inquiry but there is a marked absence of any sign of urgency being shown by foreign spinners to get supplies. Spinners in foreign markets, as in India, appears to be content to let some of the more obvious problems find solutions before making forward commitments.

Crop movement in the Oomra districts is increasing slightly but is still slow. Broach arrivals upcountry now total around 13,000 bales and main line arrivals should increase this figure in the near future.

The forward market may have difficulty in facing this heavier crop movement."

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. March Highest (2-49 p.m.)	8.33
N. Y. March Lowest (10-20 a.m.)	8.28
Liverpool March Highest	4.82
Liverpool March Lowest	4.77

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York.—Trade buying nears. Foreign buying May and beyond outright and against sales. March selling mostly liquidation.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegram from their foreign friend.

New York:—"Speculators transfering near months to new crop months. Mills fixing holding prices. Hedge selling July."

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool:—

Cotton:—Expect trading market pending clarification Washington developments Egyptian technically healthier look for some recovery.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Jan. 11.

March	8.30+02
May	8.06+06
July	81+03
October	7.40+10
December	7.44+11
Middling spot nominal	8.80+02

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Jan. 11.

December	
January	8.33—01
March	8.41+01
May	8.17+03
Middling spot	8.50

NEW YORK

New York, Jan. 11.

11 a.m. Ranges.

March	8.30/8.30
May	8.06/8.06
July	7.80/7.80
Noon Call.	
March	8.28
May	8.04
July	7.79

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Jan. 11.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports	5,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	2,000
Day's exports to the Continent	9,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	4,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan. 11.

January	4.82+02
February	4.81+02
March	4.80+02
April	4.77+02
May	4.75+02
June	4.69+03
July	4.64+03
August	4.58+03
September	4.52+03
October	4.46+02
November	4.47+02
December	4.49+02
January	4.50+02
Middling spot	5.17+03
10-12 a.m. quotations.	
March	4.77
May	4.73

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Jan. 11.

GIZA—	
Spot	7.37+12.
January	7.04+11.
March	6.91+10.
May	6.96+11.
Giza No. 2.—	
January	7.00+10.
March	7.03+10.
May	7.12+10.
July	7.17+10.
UPPERS—	
Spot	5.95+10.
January	5.84+10.
March	5.89+ 9.
May	5.95+ 9.
July	5.99+10.
October	5.86+10.
November	5.81+10.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 10th January	14,165
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1938	657,518
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	500.897
Increase	156,621

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Jan. 12.

Following a rise of 2 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 158 for Broach A.M. delivery and declined annas two to Rs. 157|14 on scattered selling but later on prices improved to Rs. 158|10 with better demand. The market was steady at this level with a restricted turn-over.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of one point and later on was quoted one point up. In the local market Broach A|M was quoted at Rs. 158¼ and finally closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F.G.M.G.—	
Broach A|M	Rs. 158-6
Broach J|A	Rs. 159-4
Fine M.G.—	
Oomra D|J	Rs. 146-8
Oomra March	Rs. 145-0
Oomra May	Rs. 145-8
F.G.M.G.—	
Bengal D|J	Rs. 120-8
Bengal March	Rs. 120-4
Bengal May	Rs. 121-4

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Jan. 12.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup Fine	F	G	Good
M. G.—					
Bengal U.P.	130	127	124	121	
Punjab	130	127	124	121	
Rajputana	132	129	126	123	
Oomra No. 3	156	153	150	147	...
C. P. No. 1	172	169	166	163	...
C. P. No. 2	163	160	157	154	...

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Jan 12

Bengal Superfine 130/31
Bengal Fine 125/26 March +4
Bengal F G 122/23
C P 1 162/66 March +16
C P 2 155/58 March +10
Arvi 157/58
Amraoti 150/51
Ellichpur 153/54
Berar 149/50 March +3
Malkapur 147/48
Khandesh 134/41
Jalna Sailu 141/44
Burwah Sanavad 149/50
Khandwa 148/50
Mathia F G 121/26
Broach Feb +4 1/2 March +3 1/2
Punjab 4 F 130/84 Feb +25
Punjab 289 F 213/15 Feb +57
Sindh N T 200/05

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, Jan 12.

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	This year Since 1st Sept	Last year
Khandesh	596	23,161	3,587
Central India	2,580	102,046	2,439
Barsi and Nagar	892	16,219	21,590
Hyderabad Gaorani	139	2,400	7,522
Berar	2,801	68,004	53,321
Central Provinces	350	20,090	11,054
Total Oomras	7,358	241,833	99,913
Dholera	845	72,746	10,820
N W Provinces		999	1,772
Rajputana	274	21,092	321
Sind Punjab	3,741	158,044	206,713
Broach		12,386	1,407
Coompta and Dharwar	245	13,466	8,451
Westerns Northerns	263	14,766	1,133
Co'anada		6	12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		2,540	811
American		512	43,011
Egyptian African and Sudan	2,180	134,090	142,627
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		7	970
Total	14,909	672,427	517,991
Arrived by road to 5th January 1939		139,114	

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 5th Jan

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Europe	5,406	74,725	75,081
Japan and China	4,510	416,402	81,162
Coast Ports		13,177	28,012
Up-country by Rail		105,748	131,090
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		8,180	6,984
Total		9,916 618,233	322,329

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1938-39	1937-38
Receipts to date 11-1-39	3093000	6074000
Receipts yesterday 11-1-39	5000	20000
Exports to date 11-1-39	2085000	3624000
Stock at Ports 6-1-39	2970000	3216000
Stock at Interior Towns 6-1-39	3397000	2617000
Stock at Liverpool 6-1-39	1111000	1108000
Visible Supply 6-1-39	7636000	7649000
Quantity in sight 6-1-39	7189000	10410000
Quantity out of sight 6-1-39	5188000	5642000

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—
March 103 May 115 July 120 Oct. 125 Dec. 127 at Cross Rate 4.66 7/8.

Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M 1939 157/8—Liverpool May 1939 Rs. 430 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach J/A 1939 158/12—Liverpool July 1939 Rs. 475 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1939 157/8—New York May Rs. 808 at Cross Rate 4.66 7/8.

Bombay—New York:—
Broach J/A. 1939 158/12—New York July Rs. 781 at Cross Rate 4.66 7/8.

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Jan. 12.

March	53.60
April	53.00

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Jan. 12.

Yesterday London Gold prices declined 2d. to £7-8-10. London Paris Exchange rate was one point down at 177.15 and Dollar Sterling Cross Rate was 4.66-7|8. London Silver prices were again unchanged. The market was quiet and featureless. There were sellers at fixed prices and buyers at 1|16 under fixed quotations. New York silver was 42-3|4 cents and Shanghai T.T. on London was quoted 0|8. The local market was quietly steady and quotations were as under:—

	Gold	Silver
Ready	37-3-3	52-3-6
Maha delivery	37-4-9	52-1-0
Maha Teji Mandi	0-4-0	0-0-6
Fagan delivery	37-5-9	52-5-0
Fagan Teji Mandi	0-6-6	1-2-0

LONDON SILVER

London, Jan. 11.

Spot	20 5/16
Forward	19 15/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan. 11.

Gold bars fine per oz	£7-8-10

LONDON METALS

London, Jan. 11.

Copper	£43 15 0
Lead	£14 17 6
Spelter	£13 16 3
Tin	£127 15 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Jan. 12.

London Market—
Standard copper cash (buyers) £43/12/6
Standard copper 3 months £43/17/6
Electrolytic copper £49/-0/0
Bombay Market:—
Yellow metal sheets Rs. 40/8
Copper sheets Rs. 49/0
Tone: Steady.

DELIVERY OF SHARES

Out of a total of 29128 shares for delivery in January settlement account through the Clearing House, the following are conspicuous:

Associated Cement	4455
Andhra	52
Alcock	160
Belapur	1715
Bombay Burma	423
Bombay Steamer	114
Bombay Telephone	605
Century	1501
Colaba	1133
Dyeing	481
Gokak	565
Indian Bleaching	85
Kohinoor	671
Mysore	
Finlay	160
New Great	635
Nagpur	449
Phoenix	
Premier Construction	510
Shivrajpur	2970
Swadeshi	249
Simplex	1145
Swan	185
Tata Steel Ord	5115
Tata Steel Def.	1461
Tata Hydro	875
Tata Power	394
Tram	2620

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Jan. 11.

February	£10-6-3.
March	£10-6-3.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Jan. 12.

Castorseeds May—	
Opening	28 11 0
Highest	28 11 6
Lowest	28 10 0
Closing	28 11 6
Groundnuts Feb—	
Opening	28 8 0
Highest	28 11 0
Lowest	28 6 6
Closing	28 10 6
Groundnuts May—	
Opening	29 8 6
Highest	29 12 6
Lowest	29 8 0
Closing	29 12 6
Cottonseed Jan.—	
Opening	21 12 0
Highest	21 12 6
Lowest	21 12 0
Closing	21 12 0
Cottonseeds May—	
Opening	21 12 0
Highest	21 15 6
Lowest	21 12 0
Closing	21 14 6

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Jan. 11.

March	55 7/8d.
May	55 3/4d.
March New	52 3/4d.
May New	53 5/8d.
July New	55d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Jan. 11.

May	dol 0.69
July	dol 0.69 3/8
September	dol 0.70 1/4

LONDON SUGAR

London, Jan. 11.

March	6s 2 3/4d.

New York Sugar

New York, Jan. 11.

March	1.89.
May	1.94.
July	1.97.
September	2.00.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Jan. 12.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-7-0.
Shipment Jan.-March Rs. 5-14-0
Shipment April-June Rs. 5-1-0
Shipment July-Sept. Rs. 6-4-0.
Kesar Rs. 15-4-0.
Saraya Rs. 15-2-0.
Java Spot F. 6.65.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Jan. 12.

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 98/6
2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 99/2
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 101/4
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 102/10
3 per cent 1963/65 98
3 1/2 per cent 1947/59 105/1
4 per cent 1940/43 Bonds 108/4
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 111/4
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 118/8
5 per cent U P Bonds 98
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan 101/8
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan 104/14

TAX FREES

5 per cent 1943/55 Loan 115/11
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 111/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 124

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent 1974 B P T 110/4
4 per cent 1974 M Deb 109/4
4 per cent 1974 M Deb 118
5 per cent 1954 M Deb 180
Unchanged. Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Jan. 12.

B C RATES—
T T D D 1/5 27/32
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 29/32
Bank's buying T T 1/5 31/32 Ready
Bank's buying D D 1/5 31/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/32 to March 1/6 April/June
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 288 1/4
Bank's buying T T 285
Bank's buying D D 284 1/4
PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,304
Bank's buying T T 1,329
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 78 5/8
Bank's buying T T 1,327
Bank's buying 60 days 77
AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 63 1/4
JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 63 1/8
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 85
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 48 1/4
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 157
BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 86
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.67.00 11th inst.
Japan/London 1/2 1/64 12th inst.
Hongkong/London 1/3 12th inst.
Shanghai/London 0/8 25/64 12th inst.
Java/London 8.57 12th inst.
London/Paris 177.15 11th inst.
London/Belgium 27.65 11th inst.
London/Switzerland 20.67 1/2 11th inst
London/Berlin 11.64 1/2 11th inst.
London/Stockholm 19.41 3/4 11th inst.
London/New York 4.67.12 11th inst.
London/Amsterdam 8.59 1/4 11th inst.
London/Italy 88.80 11th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £7-9-0 10th inst.
Gold £7-8-10 11th inst.
Silver London Ready 20 5/16 10th inst.
Silver London Ready 20 5/16 11th inst.
Silver London Forward 19 15/16 10th inst.
Silver London Forward 19 15/16 11th inst.
Silver New York Ready 43 10th inst.
Silver New York Ready 43 11th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 10th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 11th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 3/4 per cent 10th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 3/4 per cent 11th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—
Call 1 1/2 per cent.
3 months 2 per cent.
6 months 1 3/4 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Jan. 11.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	76 1/4
3 1/2 per cent	90
3 1/2 per cent 1954/99	101 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	106
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	115
5 per cent 1942/47	107
3 per cent 1949/52	97
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	71
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	98 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loans 1960/90	108 3/8
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	43/1 1/2

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Jan. 11.

Broach A/M. 1939 op 157 1/2; highest 158; lowest 156 7/8; closing 158.
Broach J/A. op 158 3/8; highest 159; lowest 157 7/8; closing 158 7/8.
Oomra D/J. op 145 1/2; highest 146; lowest 145 1/2; closing 146
Oomra March op 144; highest 144 1/2; lowest 144; closing 144 1/2.
Oomra May op 144 1/2; highest 145; lowest 144 1/2; closing 145
Bengal D/J. op 120 1/4; highest 120 3/4; lowest 120 1/4; closing 120 3/4
Bengal March op 120; highest 120 1/4; lowest 120; closing 120 1/4.
Bengal May op 120 1/2; highest 121; lowest 120 1/2; closing 121
Teji/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (21-1-39) Rs. 2 3/8.
Teji/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (24-3-39) Rs. 7 3/4
Teji/Mandi for Broach J/Aug. 1939 (24-6-39) Rs. 13

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Jan. 11.

SAKEL—	
January	11.73+13.
March	12.32+33.
May	12.61+31.
ASHMOUNI—	
February	10.19+25.
April	10.29+28.
June	10.36+29.
October	10.09+23.
GIZA—	
January	11.93+35.
March	12.35+32.
May	12.55+34.
July	12.64+30.
November	12.66+40.

Another Small Rise In Steel Shares

ACTIVE PROFESSIONAL COVERING

Bombay Dyeing Shares Firm

BOMBAY: JAN. 12.

The local Share Bazar ruled firm to-day on active Professional covering and scarcity of sellers. It was pointed out that the market was thoroughly liquidated and was entitled to a natural recovery. The improvement was a surprise to Bears as American advices were easy.

Yesterday the Wall-Street Market declined on increased selling influenced by political uncertainties and awaited President Roosevelt's Defence message. U. S. Steel shares declined dollars 2 and Anaconda Mining shares were marked down dol. 3|4.

Professional Operators who were depressing the market were inclined to cover short sales, as the market was becoming oversold. It is difficult to say how far the improvement will be carried.

It may be noted that Cotton Mill shares are receiving more attention and there were rumours that Bombay Dyeing shares will be given a handsome bonus this year. There was active covering and prices hardened.

Associated Cement shares are also now in improved demand as a result of extensive short interest and restoration of confidence.

The undertone of the market was good, but it is risky to follow the improvement as Bulls have no nerves to push up prices. At the same time most of the bullish factors are discounted and it will be advisable to unload purchases on strong markets.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 1,440 and advanced to Rs. 1,475 and later steadied at Rs. 1,466-4. Bombay Dyeing shares also hardened to Rs. 885.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, Jan. 12.

100	Ahmd. Advance	419 6
200	BOMBAY DYEING	885 0
100	CENTURY	243 8
100	CENTRAL INDIA	237 0
100	COLABA	146 0
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	75 0
250	Dawn	320 0
1	£. D. Sassoon	0 5 9
100	Finlay	115 0
100	GOKAK	150 0
1,000	Hindustan	1,705 0
100	Indore	55 0
100	Khatau	117 8
100	KOHINOOR	266 0
150	Laxmi	515 0
250	Madras United	35 0
100	Morarji	135 0
250	Model	52 4
50	MYSORE	89 0
200	NEW GREAT	221 0
100	Oosmanshahi	40 0
100	PHOENIX	223 0
25	Sassoon Silk	71 0
1,000	Sholapur	3225 0
50	SIMPLEX	78 12
100	SWADESHI	219 8
100	Swan	107 0
500	Vishnu	1205 0
1,000	Western	860 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	115 4
25-50	Central	32 10
500	Imperial	1577 8
125-500	Imp. Conty.	384 6
50-100	India	148 12
100	Reserve Bank	115 0
5	Unions	5 14

CEMENTS

100	Associated XD	115 0

INSURANCE

100	Empire	685 0
15-100	Jupiter	13 0
20	Mercantile	52 8
15-100	New India	37 4
200	Oriental	4300 0
10-50	Vulcan	7 4

ELECTRIC.

100	Ah Old	132 12
1,000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1390 0
10	Ajmer	11 14
10	Amalgmd.	12 0
50	Bombay Tram	120 4
100	Bombay Suburban	145 4
10	Broach	9 12
100	Karach.	190 0
100	Poona	170 10
100	Surat	177 8
100	TATA HYDRO	151 0
100	TATA POWERS	1,272 8

RAILWAYS

100	Ahmedabad Prantij	955 0
100	C. Province	99 8
100	Dn Baramati	103 12
100	Gujarat	99 8
100	Mandra Bhon	102 0
100	Pachora Jamner	95 0
100	Sara Serajganj	104 0
500	Tapti Valley	755 0

MINING.

9	Burma Corp.	6 0 0
8sh.	Indian Copper	2 2 0
10	Indian Iron and Steel	28 14
10	Shivrajpur	45 12
70	TATA STEEL DEFDS.	1466 4
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	309 8

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	328 0
10	Air Services	9 0
60	BELAPUR SUGAR	184 8
200-250	Bombay Safe Dep.	840 0
150	BOMBAY STEAM	218 0
125	B. BURMA	482 0
50	Bombay Centy.	163 12
8sh.	B. Petrol	3-9-9
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	79 0
100	I. BLEACHING	124 0
50	Invest Trust	42 4
100	I. Radio Defd	390 0
100	I. Radio Ord.	380 0
100	Port Canning	69 8
40	Premier Con.	64 12
15	Scindia	18 11
25	Tata Oil Mill (nil)	44 4

PREFERENCE

5 1|2	Amalgmad (T. F.)	106 0
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1,495 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	283 12
5	p.c Bombay Tram (T.F.)	73 0
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	555 0
6¼	p.c. Prem. Const 1st.	108 0
6-1|4	p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	97 0
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	148 2
7½	p.c Tata Power	2603 12
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	208 8
7½	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	159 12
7	p.c Vishnu	717 8

DEBENTURES.

3-3/4	p.c. Andhra Valley	102 8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Jan. 12.

Bombay Dyeing (880) 875 876 875 885 883 885
Century (242/8) 241 242 243 244 243/8
Central India (236) 235 234 236 237
Kohinoor (264) 263 264 265 266
New Great (217) 216 223 222 221
Simplex (78/8) 77/8 78/8 78/12
Swadeshi (218) 216 217 219 219/8
Associated Cement (115/12) 114/8 114/12 114 115 114/12
Andhra (1390) 1390
Tram Ord. (120) 120
Tata Hydro (150) 150
Tata Power (1272/8) 1265 1271 1265 1270 1272
T. Steel Dfd. (1460) 1442 1440 1445 1440 1447 1455 1465 1475 1465 1466
T. Steel Ord. (308/8) 305 306 305 307 310 309 308/8 309/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (159/12) 160 159/12
Bellapur (185) 185 184 185 184/8
B. Steam (218) 219 218
B. Burma (478) 476 477 476 482

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Jan. 11.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Dol.
Amr. Water Works Com.	13
Electric Bond Common	11
United Corpn.	3
American Tel and Tel.	150 1/4
Western Union Telg.	22 1/2
New York Central Rly.	19 1/2
Texas Corp.	44 3/4
Union Carbide	85 1/2
National Distillers	27
Guaranty Trust	253
United States Steel	64 7/8
Bethlehem Steel	74
Crucible Steel	44
Crucible Steel 7 p.c. Pfd.	93
Ludlum Steel	25
Republic Steel	23
Anaconda Copper Mining	32 3/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	53 1/4
General Motors	47
General Electric	40 1/2
American Radiator	16
Barnesdall Oil	18
Consolidated Oil	9
Socony Oil	12 7/8
Chase Bank	31 1/4
National City Bank	24 1/4
National Dairy	13
Ligette Meyers B.	102

Turnover 1 million shares. Expect decline unless some new buying incentive appears. U. S. Steel Corp. shipped tons 694204 finished steel in December.

BOMBAY YARN EXCHANGE LTD.

Bombay, Jan. 12.

Yarn No. 6 1/2s—			
February	97	0	0
April	97	0	0
June	98	0	0
Yarn No. 10 1/2s—			
February	108	0	0
April	109	0	0
June	110	0	0
Yarn No. 20 1/2s—			
February	145	0	0
April	145	0	0
June	146	0	0
Yarn No. 40s—			
February	221	0	0
April	222	0	0
June	223	0	0

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Jan. 12.

Wheat	3,165 cwts.
Linseed	2,051 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	499 cwts.
Gingellyseed	3,913 cwts.
Groundnuts	46,690 cwts.
Castorseed	624 cwts.
Rice	38,423 cwts.
Myrabollams	4,235 cwts.
Cottonseed	21,517 cwts.
Mowraseed	18 cwts.
Gram	3,379 cwts.
Joowar	334 cwts.
Barley	91 cwts.
Bajree	1,744 cwts.
Indian Sugar	8,157 cwts.

LINSEED OIL

London, Jan. 11.

Linseed oil London per cwt. naked Jan. sellers	22/9
Linseed oil London per cwt naked Feb-Apr. sellers	22/9

6	p.c. Andhra Valley	108 4
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	52 8
7	p.c. Sholapur	80 8
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	107 12

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List.)

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SMALL SILVER BARS
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as to FINENESS and WEIGHT
Available from
DEVKARAN NANJEE
BANKING CO., LTD.
AND LEADING BANKS AND JEWELLERS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1939

Serious Accident To Dehra Dun Express

Seven Killed And 49 Injured In Derailment: Bogies Burnt To Cinders

DHANBAD, Jan. 12.

Seven persons are reported to have been killed and 49 injured, when the nine-up Dehra Dun Express (E. I. R.) was derailed at 3-25 this morning about 60 miles from Dhanbad. Six bogies are reported to have been derailed.

The injuries of three persons are understood to be serious. The injured persons are being brought to Dhanbad by the Down Bombay Mail.

It is understood that mostly higher class passengers were involved in the accident.

Relief operations have been started by local Railway officials. Arrangements are being made to clear the permanent way.—A. P.

Official Statement On Accident

Casualties in the Dehra Dun express derailment ascertained so far are seven killed and 49 injured, according to a communique issued to the Associated Press by the chief operating Superintendent, E. I. Railway, Calcutta.

The communique states: "Nine up Dehra Dun Express was derailed at mile 210 between Chichaki and Hazaribagh on the Grand Chord at about 3-10 a. m. to-day, January 12. The engine was not derailed but the tender was derailed. The bogie III next to the tender was not derailed, the next four bogies, I. E., one III, one Inter and two upper classes were derailed, capsized and badly burnt. The next bogie II was derailed and capsized and the following III class was derailed, with the remaining III on the rails."

2 DEAD BODIES IDENTIFIED

Upto 11-30 hrs. this morning seven bodies recovered. Injured total 49 of which 15 severely injured and balance simple injuries;. Out of the injured, 16 are being conveyed to Howrah by four Down Bombay Mail of date, the remainder receiving medical attention. Of the dead, two identified so far, namely, Dukhoo of Chetra travelling from Howrah to Kodarma and the other Farabkit of Brahinpur, Police station, Gamhir travelling from Howrah to Azamgarh.

The Additional Deputy Commissioner and the Superintendent of Police, Dhanbad, and the Divisional Superintendent, East Indian Railway, Asansol, with other local Railway officials left for site of the accident at 5-55 hrs. Special train conveying the senior Government Inspector, General Manager and other officials left Howrah for the site of the accident at 9-55 hrs.

Single line working on the affected portion has been introduced. Definite information as to the cause of the accident has not been yet received."—

BOGIES GUTTED

Some of the injured passengers are being brought to Calcutta by the Bombay Mail, which is expected to arrive at about 2 p.m. three hours behind the scheduled time.

All Up and Down trains on the grand chord are running late due to the line being obstructed by the derailment.

The train consisted of nine bogies. The central five, which included two upper class bogies overturned, caught fire and were gutted, while two bogies at each end remained on the track undamaged.

European Among Injured

Of those injured in Dehra Dun Express derailment fourteen including a European named Mr. Herbert have been removed to Dhanbad railway hospital.

Mr. Herbert is still unconscious. Fifteen others are being brought to Calcutta by the Bombay Mail, while some have already been taken to Asansol hospital.

According to some of the injured persons the accident occurred while they were all asleep. They awoke on hearing a loud crash and were thrown up their seats. It being very dark they could not ascertain the cause of the accident.

LATER.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 12.

The Howrah-Dehradun express which has been derailed near Dhanbad left Calcutta at 8/48 p.m. yesterday.

It was derailed between Chichaki and Hazaribagh stations, about 210 miles from Calcutta.

The cause of the accident is not yet known.

RLY. MANAGER RUSHES TO SCENE.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 12.

Mr. J. A. Bell, General Manager of the East Indian Railway, with senior railway officials left Calcutta at 9/35 a.m. in a special train for the scene of the train accident. —A. P.

Lady Lumley visited Pandita Ramabai Hostel at Gamdevi on Wednesday evening with her mother and daughter. Picture shows Her Excellency with the members of the Committee.

CATCHING INCOME TAX DODGER

Govt. Of India's New Scheme

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11.

A new scheme in order to catch "the incometax dodger" has been sanctioned by the Government of India in the shape of a special investigation branch which closely follows the model of the one existing in England.

According to the Scheme, cases of unusually difficult nature or large cases in which underassessment from one cause or other is suspected will be referred for scrutiny to this branch which will have staff specially selected for this kind of work.

Its main object is to detect fraudulent manipulation of accounts and thereby save revenue for Government.

A beginning has already been made in Bombay by the appointment of a special officer with the rank of an Incometax Commissioner with special staff. The officer selected is Mr. J. B. Bird, formerly Private Secretary to Sir James Grigg. If the Bombay experiment proves successful the scheme is likely be extended to other important centres of incometax collection.

It may be added that the Incometax Bill provides for the appointment of Commissioners of incometax not more than three without reference to area and to the exclusion of the commissioner appointed for any area in respect of any cases assigned him by the Central Board Revenue.

SIND PREMIER VISITS STRANDED HAJIS

KARACHI, Jan. 12.

As a sequel to the demonstration of the stranded Hajis round about the Sind Secretariat on Tuesday afternoon, when the Assembly was in session, the Hon. Khan Bahadur Allabux, Premier, paid a visit to the Haj Camp this morning.

Khan Bahadur met the Assistant Manager of the Moghul Lines and impressed on him the necessity of reducing the fares for their steamers. He told the Assistant Manager that the Hajis had come to Karachi on the assurance that the Moghul Lines would charge them Rs. 50 or Rs. 60. But on their arrival in Karachi, they were being asked to pay Rs. 140 and Rs. 145.

The Premier therefore asked him to reduce the fare for the next steamer "Alavi"

The Assistant Manager of the Moghul Lines replied that his company had suffered great losses in the sailings of their previous steamers. Hence they would not reduce the fares under any circumstances.

The Premier then told him that the Scindia Company had charged Rs. 115 only and the Moghul Line, therefore, should also charge this rate. Whereupon, he replied that the expenses of the Moghul Lines were higher than those of the Scindias.

It appears that there are about 4,300 Hajis in the Camp, of whom about 2,000 who are without tickets want the Company to lower down the rates. Others are demanding the refund of the money charged in excess of the rates advertised.

At present, the authorities of the Moghul Lines are selling their tickets at Rs. 145.—United Press.

POLICE TAKES AWAY M.L.A.'s REVOLVER

Story Of Proposed Conversion And Its Sequel

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, January 12.

An interesting story about a Bengal Muslim Member of the Central Assembly has come to light.

It appears two days ago he telephoned to the local police that Messrs Bannerjee, Advocate, Suryakumar Som, Member, Central Assembly (Congress Nationalist), and others were forcing him to be converted to Hinduism and to join Congress. The local police officer of gazetted rank reached the spot to make inquiries. The residence of Messrs Bannerjee and Som were also visited by the police. The police officer found the telephone complaint frivolous but suspected the Muslim member not to be in a normal frame of mind. Accordingly the police deprived the particular member of a loaded revolver, which he was carrying. Later the Muslim member visited the City Kotwali to get his revolver back, but it appears the police told him to apply to the Deputy Commissioner, since the police could not return a dangerous weapon on their own responsibility.

ECHO OF LAHORE CONSPIRACY CASE

LAHORE, January 12.

Jahangirilal, who was sentenced to life imprisonment in 1933 by the Special Tribunal in the Second Lahore Conspiracy Case was released this evening from the Central Jail, according to the special clemency shown by the Punjab Government.

It might be recalled that Gandhiji put the weight of his support for the release of Jahangirilal, along with the other politicals, who had abjured their faith in non-violence. Similarly Nandlal who was sentenced in the Amritsar Shooting Case was released from the Rawalpindi Jail to-day.—United Press.

Godhra Honours Bombay Ministers

DOZEN ADDRESSES PRESENTED

Kher Assures Facilities For Rural Reconstruction

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

GODHRA, January 11.

TWO IMPORTANT PROVISIONS TO BE MADE BY THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT FOR THE NEXT YEAR WITH A VIEW TO FACILITATE RURAL RECONSTRUCTION BY ENSURING BETTER WATER SUPPLY, MORE DISPENSARIES AND BETTER ROADS IN THE RURAL TRACTS AS ALSO BY GIVING FILLIP TO PRIMARY EDUCATION WERE ANNOUNCED FOR THE FIRST TIME BY MR. KHER WHILE REPLYING TO A NEARLY DOZEN ADDRESSES GIVEN TO-DAY BY ASSOCIATIONS AND LOCAL BODIES IN GODHRA AND THE SUBURBAN VILLAGES.

With a view to study the conditions of villagers in Broach and Panchmahals, Kaira and Surat Districts Messrs. Kher and Morarji Desai commenced an extensive tour of Gujarat this morning from Godhra. In Panchmahals District, they will visit a number of villages to study the conditions of Bhil aboriginals. Tour during the next two days will be particularly helpful in guiding the Ministry as to how aboriginals who are addicted to drink, given to large scale illicit distillation could be reclaimed.

Ministers travelling by the Delhi Express were greeted at way-side stations by villagers who, despite chilly weather trudged long distances at night carrying humble offerings of garlands, milk and tea. Some had to sit at stations for hours before having long awaited darshan of Ministers whom they described as "Mahatma Gandhi's men".

At Godhra, the Ministers were given a hearty welcome by the citizens who decorated the town with arches and tricolour flags. Three hundred peasants from the neighbouring villages eagerly awaited Ministers' arrival.

On alighting, the Ministers drove to the District Local Board Office where they were presented with addresses by the Godhra Municipality, Panchmahal District School Board, Godhra Youth League and Panchmahal District Local Board.

SARDAR'S ADVICE TO JAMNAGARIS

BARDOLI, Jan. 11

Mr. Virchand Panachand, President of the Jamnagar Prajamandal interviewed today Sardar Patel and sought his advice as to the methods they should follow in carrying on their movement in Jamnagar.

It is understood that Sardar Patel advised them to remain peaceful and proceed in a constitutional way for securing their civil liberties and not to precipitate any untoward situation for getting Responsible Government immediately.

The Prajamandal, it is understood, will convene a parishad towards the last week of February, when they will draw up a manifesto of their demands and place it before the State authorities.—United Press.

Rly. Workers' Address To Premier Kher

DOHAD, Jan. 11

A resolution deciding to present an address of welcome to the Hon. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, when he arrives here in the the course of his Gujerat tour was passed at a meeting of the Railway workers of Freelandganj held yesterday under the Presidentship of Mr. Harilal Shah.

COMPROMISE MOVE IN SYLHET

SYLHET, Jan. 11

Following the promulgation of orders by the Government of Assam in regard to music before mosques, the Deuty Commissioner of Sylhet convened a meeting of leading Hindus and Muslims to fix the time and routes of the immersion procession of the image of Kali, at Sylhet.

The Superintendent of Police read out the Government Communique and appealed to members of both communities to carry out the orders.

MUSLIMS' GRIEVANCE.

On behalf of the Muslims present it was submitted that the time found suitable for Bengal might not be convenient to Muslims of Sylhet. The Hindus said that they would ask for license for the procession after consulting the Puja Committee and assured the authorities that they would carry out the orders as desired.

The meeting dissolved without being able to arrive at any mutual agreement.

In view of the objection to procession with music the ceremony which to have been performed on October 25 last was postponed till a settlement was reached.—A. P.

The King has been pleased to approve the appointment of Col. (temporary Brigadier) H. E. W. B. Kingsley, D. S. O., Indian Army, Commandant, Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun, as an Aide-de-Camp to His Majesty.—United Press.

Edgar Wallace' Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *THE HAND OF POWER*

SO--- A PEDDLER BROUGHT THAT EXPLODING EGG...
YES, HINSPECTOR ....'E WAS A TALL BLOKE WIV A BIG MUSTACHE... AN' A SQUEAKY VOICE...
DID YOU KNOW HIM, BOGGS ?
THERE WAS SOMETHIN' FAMILIAR ABOUT 'IM ...! MUSTA SEEN 'IM BEFORE, BUT I CAN'T RECOLLECT WHERE!
AH, HERE'S A GOOD SET O' FINGER-PRINTS. NOW LET'S SEE---- WELL, I'LL BE AN OCEAN-GOING STEAM-ROLLER IF .....
WADE! IT CAN'T BE! IT DOESN'T MAKE SENSE! .... BUT LOOK AT THIS!
10-12
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Edited by R. K. PRABHU, (Acting Editor) and Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.